

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/11 October/November 2017

Paper 1 Written Paper MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is a registered trademark.

Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	119	1
1(a)(ii)	-120	1
1(a)(iii)		1
1(a)(iv)	Lowest value: -128 Highest value: +127	1
1(b)(i)	0110 0101 0011	1
1(b)(ii)	The second block of four binary digits represents a digit larger than 9 // 14	1
1(b)(iii)	A string of digits on any electronic device displaying numeric values	1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	A web page contains a client-side script	4
	Each instruction in the source code consists of an op code and an operand	
	The source code is required at run- time Compiler	
	When the source code is translated, copies of the executable program can be distributed without the need for the source code	
2(b)(i)	 One mark from: The program code can be translated to run on any processor / platform Source code is translated into machine independent intermediate code not machine dependent code 	1

Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)(ii)	Two marks from:	Max 2
	 Java uses a two-step translation process Java code is partially interpreted – partially compiled Code is translated first into intermediate code / "bytecode" using the Java compiler The bytecode is finally interpreted by the Java Virtual Machine 	

Question	Answer		
3(a)	 Two marks from: Physical measures Access rights Encryption Firewall Use authentication methods such as usernames and passwords Anti-malware program 	Max 2	
3(b)(i)	7 X 6 = 42 8 X 5 = 40 6 X 4 = 24 5 X 3 = 15 3 X 2 = 6 1 X 1 = 1 1 X 1 = 1 1 X 1 = 1 1 11 $128/11$ 1 mark for 2 steps Accept 128 MOD 11 = 7 1 mark for subtraction Answer: 786531 4 (1 mark for answer)	4	
3(b)(ii)	One mark for name of check One mark for description Max two checks Uniqueness check Each PatientID must be unique Length check Each PatientID is exactly 7 characters Format check / Type check All 7 characters must be <u>digits</u> Presence check PatientID must be entered	Max 4	

Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question			Answer		Marks
4(a)	A – System clock B – Control unit C – Main memory E – Control bus F – Data bus				5
4(b)	ACC	CountDown	OUTPUT]	5
		15			
	67		С		
	15				
	14	14		(1)	
	51		3	(1) + (1)	
	14			(1)	
	13	13]]	
	32			(1)	
	88		x		
4(c)	 Three marks from: The assembler scans the assembly language instructions in sequence When it meets a symbolic address checks to see if already in symbol table If not, it adds it to the symbol table in the symbolic address column If it is already in symbol table check if absolute address known If the absolute address is known, it is entered in the appropriate cell If the absolute address is not known mark / leave as unknown 			Max 3	
4(d)(i)	The op code / mne	monic / instructi	on table		1
4(d)(ii)	A – 1110 017	10 0110 10 (1			3
	B – E6 68 (1)			

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	 Three marks from: Diaphragm / cone (Voice) coil of wire Spider / Suspension (Permanent) Magnet Basket Dust cap Outer frame 	3
5(a)(ii)	 Four marks from: Takes an electrical signal and translates it into physical vibrations to create sound waves An electric current in the coil creates an electro-magnetic field Changes in the audio signal causes the direction of the electric current to change The direction of the current determines the polarity of the electro-magnet // changing the direction of the current changes the direction of the polarity of the electro-magnet The electro-magnet is repelled by or attracted to the permanent magnet Causing the coil to vibrate The movement of the coil causes the cone / diaphragm to vibrate That vibration is transmitted to the air in front of the cone / diaphragm as sound waves The amount of movement will determine the frequency and amplitude of the sound wave produced 	Max 4
5(b)(i)	 One mark from: External hard disk drive // SSD External CD / DVD drive Pen drive Blu-ray drive 	1
5(b)(ii)	 Two marks from: Additional secondary file storage // storing files Backup of files Archiving of files Transfer files to second computer 	Max 2

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Two marks from:	Max 2
	 A system of moral principles That guide behaviour / decision making Based on philosophical / religious views By example, e.g. respectful and considerate behaviour 	
6(b)	One mark for identifying the issue One mark for correct principle One mark for possible action Max 2 issues (2 × 3 marks)	Max 6
	1 Uncomfortable with one of his colleagues Client and Employer // Management / Colleagues // Judgement // Self For example: Team building exercises // arranged meeting	
	2 Unfamiliar with programming language Self // Client and Employer //Product // Profession // Colleagues For example: Undergo training	
	3 Visit to unfamiliar workplace Client and employer // Management // Judgement // Profession // Colleagues For example: He should speak to his manager to discuss situation	

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)(i)	$\left. \frac{\text{PatientID}}{\text{DoctorID}} \right\} $ (1)	2
	AppointmentDate, AppointmentTime (1)	
7(a)(ii)	PATIENT DOCTOR APPOINTMENT	2
	One PATIENT attends many APPOINTMENTS One DOCTOR takes many APPOINTMENTS	
	Special case for 1 mark only (only if no one to many relationships shown) Many PATIENTS are seen by many DOCTORS	

Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)	<pre>Two marks from: Either: • Add an attribute (for example Attended) • To the appointment table // APPOINTMENT Or: • Add an attribute (for example AppointmentsMissed) • To the patient table // PATIENT</pre>	2
7(c)(i)	Available to work at both SITE-A and SITE-B	1
7(c)(ii)	APPOINTMENT(Site, AppointmentDate, AppointmentTime, DoctorID, PatientID)	1
7(d)(i)	One mark per line UPDATE DOCTOR SET DoctorID = '017' WHERE DoctorID = '117';	3
7(d)(ii)	 Mark per bullet, max 2 Referential integrity should be maintained // Referential integrity could be violated. Data becomes inconsistent There may be records in the APPOINTMENT table showing doctor ID 117 The APPOINTMENT table might not be automatically updated Records in the APPOINTMENT table will become orphaned 	Max 2
7(e)	One mark per line SELECT AppointmentDate, AppointmentTime FROM APPOINTMENT WHERE PatientID = '556';	3