UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/35

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Question		on	Expected Answers			Additiona	guidance		
1	(a)	(i)	Decide which other Table 1.1.	r concentrations	of ascorbic a	cid to make and complete Table 1.2,	including t	he concentrations from	[3]
8		[1]	0.1% and 0.08%	AND any two other co	oncentrations	AND all in ascending or descending order;			
MMO decisions		[1]	for two other conce correct volumes to			AND correct %;			
MMO		[1]	any three consecutive concentrations with two even intervals the same e.g. 0.08, 0.06, 0.04 or serial dilution by half;						
		(ii)	Prepare the space	below to show t	he concentrat	ion of ascorbic acid and record your	results inc	luding samples X and Y.	[6]
			Reject • if units for % in the body of table						
ng 3		[1]	table with all cells of	drawn	AND heading percentage co	(top or left) onc(entration);			
PDO recording			Reject if units for volume /drops in body of table if any additional headings for method e.g. volume of ascorbic acid						
		[1]	(heading) volume/vol cm³;						
		[1]	volumes recorded t	to 2 decimal plac	es;				
tion		[1]	volume or drops de	ecrease from high	est concentrat	ion to next highest;	-		
O collection	າ	[1]	Reject if records le result for Y (water/0						
MMO		[1]	replicate recorded;						

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	(iii)	Plot a graph of the results.		[4]
	0	x-axis	Reject v	
	[1]	percentage conc(entration)	AND y-axis vol(ume) cm ³ ;	Must have units
	S	Reject if awkward scale		
	[1]	scale as 0.02% to 2 cm	AND sensible volume to 2 cm and uses more than half grid;	
PDO layout 4	Р	Reject plotting if scale awkward if only blobs/dots/blobs in circles if extra plot for X value	intersection of cross must be clear to show plot.	
	[1]	correct plotting using crosses/dots in circle only;		
	L [1]	straight line through points; error carried forward if scale or plotting incorrect	quality – no thicker than on grid, not feathery for the complete line. joining plots – • ruled lines plot to plot • line of best fit two plots plus even plots (+1) either side or even plots either side • curve through all plots	line of best fit must end either at the horizontal line or the vertical line for each of the end plots i.e. highest and lowest concentration Reject if any extrapolation
1		Use your graph to estimate the ascorbic ascorbic ascorbic acid concentration.	acid concentration of sample X. Show clearly on your	graph how you obtained the [3]
MMO collection	[1]	shows clearly on graph result for X e.g. as		
ACE interpretation	[1]	concentration	AND answer to no more than 4 decimal places or three significant figures if 4 decimal places last figure must be 5 (or 0);	
inte	[1]	%;		

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	(v) lo	lentify <i>two</i> significant sources of erro	r when finding the concentration of ascorbic a	acid in sample X. [2]
		cause of error	error	
	[1]	(dependent variables) drops stick to sides too many drops	idea of volume/number of drops/not counted/not included/too high/not accurate too many at once/end-point missed	
on max 2	[1]	volume for Y colour change or same colour	too small judging determining seeing when;;	
ACE interpretation max	[1]	(standardised variables) drop size/different pressure on syringe/syringe sticking/	not same/vary/different;	
ACE	[1]	mixing		
	[1]	iodine evaporating/exposed to light		
	[1]	(independent variable) (ascorbic acid) evaporates or mixes with air	changes concentration/reacts;	
	[1]	concentrations	more/wider/narrower/different needed;	max 2

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	(vi)	Suggest how you would make three improvements to this investigation.	[3]
	[1]	more/wider/narrower/different/examples range of concentrations (ascorbic acid) use graduated pipette or smaller/more divisions/calibration syringe/burette;	
max 3	[1]	device/described for making drops/burette/titrate;	
ACE improvements n	[1]	(to identify the end-point) use colorimeter or have a standard colour to compare to or use white tile/paper;	
	[1]	put drops in nearer to mixture or use a smaller test-tube/container or use a wider/larger test-tube/beaker/AW;	
	[1]	replicate/repeat/take more readings (each concentration);	max 3
		[Total: 21]	

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Ques	stion	Expected Answers			Additional guidance
2 (a) (i)	Draw a large plan diagram of the secto internal tissues of the vascular bundle	_	1 to include the outline of tw	o vascular bundles. No details of the [5]
		Reject • if drawn over the print of question			
PDO layout 1		Reject	AND	AND	
	[1]	clear, sharp, unbroken lines	no shading	and uses most of the space pro	ovided;
MMO collection 2	[1]	no cells drawn AND only two vascular bundles drawn in outline only;			ne only;
MI	[1]	rounded/pointed end;			
2	[1]	longest vascular bundle is less than half	width at widest poir	nt of section;	
O decisions		Reject if any label is biologically incorrect e.g. cell wall or regions belonging to other organs or animals. additional label(s) within drawn area			or animals.
MMO	[1]	correct label C (can be within drawn area	ı) to tissue below u	pper or lower epidermis;	

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Ques	tion	Expected Answers			Additional guidance	
	(ii)	Using high-power, draw a large pla	n diagram to sho	w one large vascular bundle in d	etail. Label the phloem.	[5]
	[1]	Reject • if drawn over the print of questions and the print of the pr	tion			
PDO layout 1		Reject	AND	AND		
		clear, sharp, unbroken lines	no shading	uses most of space provided;		
PDO recording 1	[1]	(details of) two regions separated from each other and from each cap;				
MMO collection 1	[1]	no cells	cells two caps withdrawn;			
ns 2	[1]	proportion of longest length of one cap is equal to o	he longest length between the cap	5;		
MMO decisions	[1]	Reject	Reject • if any label is biologically incorrect e.g. regions belonging to other organs or animals.			
2		correct label with label line to phloem				

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Ques	stion	Expected Answers A		Additional guidance
(•	culate the ratio of the thickness of the . 2.2.	layer labelled B compared to the total thicknes	ss of the layer labelled A as shown in [3]
MMO collection 1		Reject if no units metres.		
	[1]	two measurements of A one between 17 to 19 mm and one between 12 to 14 mm or one combined measurement between 28 and 33 mm	AND one measurement between 38 to 40 mm;	
PDO display 2	[1]	shows larger figure to smaller figure;		Reject if converts to other units (than mm or cm) or standard form
dis	[1]	needs working) answer rounded to correct ratio e.g. 39 : 29;		Reject if put units

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Question Expected Answers			Additional guidance		
(c) Prepare the space below so that it is suitable for you to record the observable differences between the specimens on slide and in Fig. 2.2.					ces between the specimens on slide L1
MMO decision 1	[1]	only observable differences;			
ACE interpretation max 2	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	 Ignore tick and cross without a k ref.to non-observable fea 3 D shapes 	•		
		feature vascular bundles number arrangement relative sizes	L1 lots/more chain different sizes or large and small	Fig. 2.2 few/one/two centre same sizes;	
		caps shape cap	semicircles /AW yes/present	not semicircles or one end only; no/none/absent;	
		stomata numbers position sunken leaf shape surface Reject regular	none/not visible or few(er) top/bottom/one side no/none/absent tapered/pointed/elongated irregular/rough	yes/more; all round/sides; yes/present; semicircle/rounded; smooth;	
	[1]	extra ring/inner layer/allow endodermis	no/none/absent	yes/present;	max 2

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Question		Expected Answers A		Additional guidance	
(d) Des	scribe how the observable features	from a plant growing in a dry habitat. [3]		
e e	[1]	sunken stomata or rolled/rounded	to reduce the <u>diffusion</u> of water/decreases diffusion gradient;		
sion MAX	[1]	thick cuticle or thickened epidermis	to prevent or reduce <u>evaporation</u> of water;		
conclusi	[1]	no spongy mesophyll layer or no air spaces	to prevent evaporation from cell walls;		
ACE	[1]	rounder shape or rolled or fewer stomata smaller surface area to volume ratio	to increase humidity/decreases diffusion gradient;		
	[1]	(in context of any of above) reduces <u>transpiration</u> (rate);		max 3	
			[Total: 19	0]	