

CANDIDATE
NAME

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MATHEMATICS

9709/42

Paper 4 Mechanics 1 (M1)

October/November 2017

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity is needed, use 10 m s^{-2} .

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

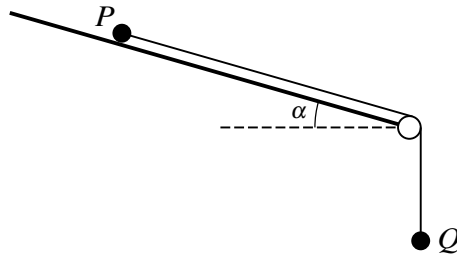
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.

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Two particles P and Q , each of mass m kg, are attached to the ends of a light inextensible string. The string passes over a fixed smooth pulley which is attached to the edge of a rough plane. The plane is inclined at an angle α to the horizontal, where $\tan \alpha = \frac{7}{24}$. Particle P rests on the plane and particle Q hangs vertically, as shown in the diagram. The string between P and the pulley is parallel to a line of greatest slope of the plane. The system is in limiting equilibrium.

- (i) Show that the coefficient of friction between P and the plane is $\frac{4}{3}$. [5]

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7 A particle starts from rest and moves in a straight line. The velocity of the particle at time t s after the start is v m s⁻¹, where

$$v = -0.01t^3 + 0.22t^2 - 0.4t.$$

(i) Find the two positive values of t for which the particle is instantaneously at rest. [2]

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(ii) Find the time at which the acceleration of the particle is greatest. [3]

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