UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9713 APPLIED ICT

9713/03

Paper 3 (Written B), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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1 (a) Any three points from:

files are compressed MP3 file is 1/10th the size of a normal "song" file developments in CODECs

removes high frequency information

however: higher the bit rate, larger the file, less can be stored but music quality is better more compression results in lower quality sound

[3]

(b) Any four from:

possible to download files from the Internet

much more material on the Internet

torrent type of usage more prevalent

MP3/4 players/flash memory cards are more available/have larger capacities/cheaper hard disk storage

video on demand being promoted by service providers

Blue ray technology with more information/higher quality

MP3/I-Pod docking stations have replaced CD players

combined mobile phone/MP3/movie players

[4]

(c) (i) Any four points from (max 3 advantages and 3 disadvantages):

advantages

more programmes available not as affected by atmospheric conditions high definition sound/picture better format for compression better quality recordings possible more sophisticated programme guide

disadvantages

can break up (pixelate) if signal is interrupted time lag requires special electronic decoders hardware can be more expensive

[4]

(ii) Any two points from:

use of satellite dishes rather than an aerial

high speed cable to UBR/service

LNB to reduce received frequencies

need for digital receiver/decoders connected to TV

[2]

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2 (a) One mark for each problem (max of 3) and one mark for each solution (max of 3):

problems

computer fraud

money taken from **Daniel's** accounts

stolen customer ids

fraudulent orders placed by hackers

viruses/trojan inserted into web site

hacking into systems

deleting/amending and distributing personal data

"spyware" on computer system

tracking sites logging customer interests

solution

locked rooms/physical security
firewalls configured to prevent unauthorised access
digital certification for transactions
encryption of customer data transferred
anti-virus software kept up to date
user ids and passwords
anti-pop up software
anti-spyware software
monitoring web traffic

[6]

(b) Any three points from:

authentication techniques

use of emails and attachments
use of web forms on his website to answer queries
on line chatting/instant messaging/webcams for a webcast/forum
use of VoIP technology
mail merge email newsletter
Daniel maintains a blog/twitter site

[3]

(c) Use of any four of the following:

use of scanners to import images of his products
use of digital cameras to take photographs of his products
web authoring packages to create his web site
DTP/word processors to create text
photo image editing of images for the web site
use thumbnails to link to full sized image/fit a number of images on one page
use of library of designs
use of clip art to save time
photo galleries to save time

[4]

(d) One mark for device and one mark for reason:

dot matrix printer
this uses physical pressure/impact
impact printer goes through several pages

[2]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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3 (a) Any two points from:

can work anywhere in the building more convenient mode of working safer – no trailing wires can use away from home – e.g. airports less expensive way to set up a LAN

[2]

(b) Any four points from:

an increase in RSI risk due to long hours on computer vision and posture problems/back ache due to incorrect use of system electrocution risk with mains leads concerns with long term exposure to wifi fire risks due to laptop overheating trip hazards due to any cables/bag

[4]

4 (a) Any four (3 maximum for each) points from:

Company:

reduces (booking) expenses:
 no need to print out tickets
 no need for postage
 do not so many offices/staff to issue tickets
eliminates loss of important documents

can't be lost, stolen or mislaid

Customer:

simplifies and speeds up check-in at airports easier to buy tickets and arrange seat simpler for passengers – all that is required is a form of id

[4]

(b) Any two points from:

security features when ticket issued e.g. customer must provide passport number need proof of ID (e.g. passport) need to provide customer details when using e-ticket e.g. customer last name

[2]

(c) Any four points from:

unemployment for clerical workers
new employment in technical work
shorter working times/more flexible working for staff
less time spent queuing at check-in/buying tickets
no need to wait for tickets to arrive
less time spent in the process of checking in
e-tickets have encouraged more travellers benefiting certain societies/countries
increases digital divide as customers need Internet access

[4]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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5 (a) Any three points from:

safer than flying the real thing
can try out manoeuvres without risk
can try out various scenarios to see how the pilot reacts
pilot can be automatically assessed
less expensive to run once set up
a scenario can be repeated as often as required

[3]

(b) Any six points from:

pilot makes changes to controls sensors give feedback to system information from sensors is compared to stored data computer sends signals to motors to change position etc. use of ADC and DAC interfaces system sounds warning sounds/buzzers system updates displays for pilot automatically records data during training

[6]

6 Any *five* points from:

system asks questions
user responds with answers
future questions are dependent on answers received
searches the knowledge base to find a match with input
using the inference engine to match...
according to rules base
most likely outcome is given ...
... with % accuracy/probability

[5]

7 Any seven points from (each point needs expansion and reference to scenario, rather than generic responses, to gain the mark)

analysis

research similar systems, establish I/O, look at existing system, observation/questionnaires/interviews of users/managers

design

hardware and software specification for this situation, I/O layouts, establish suitable validation rules, create suitable file structures

developing

create data structures, amend structures and program modules in light of testing testing

test each module with normal/live data, test each module with abnormal and extreme data, test system with all modules connected

implementation

parallel runs, direct changeover, phased implementation, pilot run

documentation

technical documentation (test plans and runs, purpose, listings, flowcharts, etc.) and user documentation (guide to software and hardware that makes up the system)

evaluation

evaluate system with regards to efficiency, evaluate system with regards to ease of use, compare to user requirements etc. [7]

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8 (a) Any four points from:

send out questionnaires/surveys to target groups carry out personal interviewing carry out telephone surveys web sites – ask views and collect information on line store all the information on a database and later analyse the information produce a report showing results of surveys

[4]

(b) Any four from:

previous results of research stored ...
... can cross match results and save time and money
results from tests on certain drugs stored
avoids need to repeat expensive tests
can predict likely outcome of doing certain tests on drugs
computer can automatically control and monitor mixing of ingredients
computer model can be used to predict effects of new drug
storage of analytical results/can check analysis against criteria
do statistical analysis of results

[4]

9 Any seven points described from:

webcams to **capture** images
microphones and loudspeakers to hear others
large computer screens to **see** captured images
high speed internet connections/routers for data transmission
high speed processor to produce good quality images/smoother motion
compression software to reduce data transmitted
communications software to establish link between sites/protocol
sometimes sound/picture quality not good due to delay in signals
requirement for high bandwidth to avoid video breakup
time difference can be a problem
link to server using password and ID
software to cover security issues (hacking, etc.)

[7]