UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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1 (a) To notify the customer of the amount outstanding at the end of the month. To provide the customer with a summary of the month's transactions.

> Any 1 reason (1) [1]

(b) Fiona Fraser [1]

(c)

Journal	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Interest payable Fiona Fraser	2	2	(1) (1)
Interest charged by creditor on overdue account			(1)

[3]

(d)

	Accou	nt debited	Account credited
(i)	Purchases	(1)	Fiona Fraser (1)
(ii)	Fiona Fraser	(1)	Purchases returns (1)

[4]

- (e) (i) Cash book (1)
 - (ii) Sales journal (1)
 - (iii) Sales returns journal (1)

[3]

(f) Goods returned Allowance for damaged/faulty goods Correction of overcharge

Any one reason (1)

[1]

- (g) (i) \$225.40 (1)
 - (ii) The amount was paid within the period of credit allowed (1)

[2]

[Total: 15]

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2 (a) Paul Muyambo Statement of Affairs 31 January 2011

Horizontal format acceptable

Non aurrent Assats	\$	\$	\$
Non-current Assets Machinery at book value Less Depreciation for the year Motor vehicle at valuation Less Depreciation for the year		32 500 <u>8 125</u> (1) 10 300 <u>1 200</u>	24 375 (1) 9 100 (1) 33 475
Current Assets Inventory Trade receivables Less Provision for doubtful debts Other receivables	11 320 	12 648 (1) 11 037 (1) 261 (1) 23 946	
Current Liabilities Trade payables Other payables Bank overdraft Net current assets	9 485 (1) 315 (1) <u>11 146</u> (1)	<u>20 946</u>	3 000 (1) O/F 36 475
Financed by Capital Balance			36 475 (2) C/F (1) O/F

[13]

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(b) Calculation of profit or loss for the year ended 31 January 2011

	\$	\$
Capital at 31 January 2011		36 475 (1) O/F
Drawings cash	5 575 (1)	
Drawings goods	<u>1 700 (1)</u>	<u>7 275</u>
		43 750
Less Capital 1 February 2010	42 500 (1)	
Capital introduced	<u>3 000</u> (1)	<u>45 500</u>
Loss for the year		1 750 (2) O/F

Alternative presentation

Capital account

	\$		\$
2011		2010	
Jan 31 Drawings cash	5 575 (1)	Feb 1 Balance b/d	42 500 (1)
Drawings goods	1 700 (1)	2011	
Loss for year	1 750 (2)	Jan 31 Bank/cash	3 000 (1)
	O/F		
Balance c/d	36 475 (1)		
	O/F		
	<u>45 500</u>		<u>45 500</u>
		2011	
		Feb 1 Balance b/d	36 475

Three column running balance presentation acceptable

[7]

[Total: 20]

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3 (a) Drawings and interest on drawings exceeded the interest on capital and share of profit. [2]

accounts
ć

		Omar \$	Fatima \$		Omar \$	Fatima \$
2010				2010		
Apl 1 Balance b/d 2011	(1)	215		Apl 1 Balance b/d (1) 2011		1 945
Mar 31 Drawings	(1)	2 900	9 600	Mar 31 Interest on		
Interest on				capital (1)	2 400	1 600
Drawings	(1)	87	288	Salary (1)		12 000
Share of loss	(1)	1 230	820	Balance c/d (1)	2 032	
Balance c/d	(1)		4 837			
		4 432	15 545		4 432	15 545
2011			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2011		
Apl 1 Balance	(1)	2 032		Apl 1 Balance b/d (1)		4 837
•	O/F			O/F		

Alternatively accept two separate "T" accounts

Alternative presentation

Omar Aziz Current account

2010		Debit \$	Credit \$	Balance \$
April 1 2011	Balance	215 (1)		215 Dr
Mar 31	Interest on capital		2 400	2 185 Cr
	Drawings	2 900		715 Dr
	Interest on drawings	87		802 Dr
	Share of loss	1 230		2 032 Dr
				(2) C/F (1) O/F

Fatima Aziz current account

2010 April 1 2011	Balance	Debit \$	Credit \$ 1 945 (1)	Balance \$ 1 945 Cr
Mar 31	Interest on capital Salary		1 600 12 000 (1)	3 545 Cr 15 545 Cr
	Drawings	9 600		5 945 Cr
	Interest on drawings	288		5 657 Cr
	Share of loss	820		4 837 Cr
				(2) C/F (1) O/F

Need correct entries for interest on capital, interest on drawings, drawings and share of loss to earn the (1) for these items [11]

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(c)

Aziz Stores Extract from Balance Sheet at 31 March 2011

	Omar Aziz \$	Fatima Aziz \$	Total \$	
Capital accounts Current accounts	60 000 (1) <u>(2 032)</u> (1) O/F 57 968	40 000 (1) <u>4 837</u> (1) O/F 44 837	100 000 <u>2 805</u> 102 805 (1) O/F	[5]

(d) Easier to see the profit retained by each partner Easier to calculate the interest on capital

Or other suitable point Any one point (2)

[2]

(e) The members of a limited liability company have limited liability and their personal assets are not at risk is the business fails. [2]

[Total: 22]

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- 4 (a) (i) Income and expenditure account (1)
 - (ii) Surplus (or excess of income over expenditure) (1)
 - (iii) Accumulated fund (1)

[3]

(b) Muara Swimming Club
Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 28 February 2011

		\$				\$		
2010				2011				
Mar 1	Balance b/d	3 450	(1)	Feb 28	Equipment	1 200	(1)	
2011					Rent 2011	1 690	(1)	
Feb 28	Subscriptions 2010	270}			Competition			
	2011	5 400}	(1)		expenses	645	(1)	
	2012	180}			General			
	Equipment proceeds	890	(1)		expenses	732	(1)	
	Competition receipts	780	(1)		Insurance	496	(1)	
	Loan - Swim-for-all	<u>1 000</u>	(1)		Balance c/d	<u>7 207</u>	(1)	
		<u>11 970</u>				<u>11 970</u>		
2011								
Mar 1	Balance b/d	7 207	(1) O/F					[12]

(c) Subscriptions account

		\$			\$	
2010			2011			
Mar 1	Balance b/d	270 (1)	Feb 28	Bank	270 (1)	
2011				Bank	5400 (1)	
Feb 28	Income and			Bank	180 (1)	
	expenditure (1)	5400 (1)				
	Balance c/d	<u>180</u> (1)				
		<u>5850</u>			<u>5850</u>	
			2011			
			Mar 1	Balance b/d	180 (1)	[8]

Alternative presentation

Subscriptions account

		Debit	Credit	Balance
2010		\$	\$	\$
Mar 1 2011	Balance	270 (1)		270 Dr
Feb 28	Bank		270 (1)	0
	Bank		5400 (1)	5400 Cr
	Bank Income and		180 (1)	5580 Cr
	expenditure (1)	5400 (1)		180 Cr (2) [8]

[Total: 23]

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5 (a) (i) Balance 1 November 2009

Explanation – This is the amount of rent owing by the tenant for the financial year ended 31 October 2009 (2)

Double entry – Credit rent receivable account for the year ended 31 October 2009 (1) [3]

(ii) Bank 2 November 2009

Explanation – This is the total amount of rent received from the tenant by cheque, including \$100 for the previous year (2)

Double entry – Debit bank column in cash book (1)

[3]

(iii) Income statement 31 October 2010

Explanation – This is the rent receivable relating to the current financial year transferred to the income statement (2)

Double entry - Credit income statement (1)

[3]

- (b) The balance represents the amount of rent prepaid by the tenant for the following financial year. [2]
- (c) (i) Capital expenditure is money spent on acquiring, improving and installing fixed assets. (1) Revenue expenditure is money spent on running a business on a day-to-day basis. (1) [2]
 - (ii) Capital receipts are amounts received which do not form part of the day-to-day trading activities. (1)

Revenue receipts are amounts received in the day-to-day trading activities from revenue and other items of income. (1) [2]

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(d) Leo Yang Statement of corrected profit for the six months ended 30 April 2011

Profit	\$	\$ 7 900
Add Purchase of new equipment	16 800 (1)	
Rent received	<u>1 200</u> (1)	<u>18 000</u>
		25 900
Less Sale of old equipment	9 200 (1)	
Loan from Sports-aid	10 000 (1)	
Purchase of stationery	110 (1)	
Loan interest paid	<u>200</u> (1)	<u>19 510</u>
Corrected net profit		6 390 (1)

Alternative presentation

Leo Yang Income Statement for the six months ended 30 April 2011

Fees Add Rent received	\$	\$ 14 000 <u>1 200</u> (1)
		15 200 (1)
Less General expenses	8 500	
Stationery	110 (1)	
Loan interest	<u>200</u> (1)	<u>8 810</u>
Profit for the six months		6 390 (1)

- + (1) for omission of sale of equipment
- + (1) for omission of purchase of equipment

+ (1) for omission of loan [7]

[Total: 22]

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53	300 365	(1) = 45.52 = 46 days (1)		

(b) Unsatisfied if O/F in (a) is over 30 days (1) They are not receiving the amount due within the period of credit allowed (2)

Or

Satisfied if O/F in (a) is 30 days or below (1)

They are receiving the amount due within the period of credit allowed (2)

[3]

(c) $\frac{4100}{52800} \times \frac{365}{1}$ (1) = 28.34 = 29 days (1) [2]

(d) Disadvantage if O/F in (c) is over 24 days (1) She is receiving the amount due 5 (O/F) days later than in the previous year (2)

Or

Advantage if O/F in (c) is 24 days or below (1)

She is receiving the amount due x (O/F) days earlier than in the previous year (2)

[3]

(e) Offer cash discount for prompt payment

Charge interest on overdue accounts

Improve credit control

Refuse further supplies on credit until outstanding balance paid Invoice discounting and debt factoring

Or other relevant points Any two points (1) each

[2]

(f) (4100 + 3800) : (5300 + 2900) (1) = 0.96 : 1 (1)

[2]

(g) Unsatisfied if O/F in (f) is less than 2:1 (1)

She is unable to meet her immediate liabilities from her immediate assets (1)

Or

Satisfied if O/F in (f) is 2:1 or over (1)

She is able to meet her immediate liabilities from her immediate assets (1)

[2]

(h) Introduce additional capital

Reduce drawings

Obtain long term loan

Sell surplus non-current assets

Any two points (1) each

[2]

[Total: 18]