## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

# 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/23

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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			IGC	CSE – May/June 20	11	0452	23
1	(a)			Paul Ahmadi	account		
		2011 April 1 11 May 1	Balance b/d Sales Balance b/d	\$ 240 368 (1) <u>608</u> 232 (1) O/F	2011 April 7 Bank Disco 18 Sales 30 Balan	returns 136	(1) (1) (1)
		<b>,</b> .					[-]
				Irene Moyo	account		
		2011 April 1 2	Balance b/d Interest	\$ 110 <u>4</u> <b>(1)</b> <u>114</u>	2011 April 24 Ban 30 Bad		(1) (1) [3]
		Alternat	tive presentatio	n			
				Paul Ahmadi	account		
		2010 April 1 7 11 18	Balance Bank Discount Sales Sales returns	Debit \$ 240 368 <b>(1)</b>	Credit \$ 234 (1) 6 (1) 136 (1)	Balance \$ 240 D 6 D - 368 D 232 (2) C/I (1) O/	r r F
				Irene Moyo	account		
		2010 April 1 2 24 30	Balance Interest Bank Bad debts	Debit \$ 110 4 <b>(1)</b>	Credit \$ 80 (1) 34 (1)	Balance \$ 110 D 114 D 34 D –	r r

(b) A debit note may be issued by a customer to request a reduction in an invoice (1)
A credit note may be issued by a supplier to reduce an invoice for returns/overcharge etc (1) [2]

(c) (i) purchases journal (1)

(ii) sales returns journal (1)

[2]

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(d) A statement of account is not a transaction (1)

It is a summary of the account of the customer in the books of the supplier **Or** 

It is a reminder to the customer of the amount due (1)

[2]

(e)

	Item	Source c	of information	Entry in sales ledger control account		
(ii)	bad debts written off	journal	(1)	credit	(1)	
(iii)	cash discount allowed	cash book	(1)	credit	(1)	
(iv)	contra item transferred to purchases ledger	journal	(1)	credit	(1)	
				•		

[6]

### [Total: 21]

2

#### Sabena Khan Income Statement for the year ended 31 January 2011

Revenue Less Cost of sales	\$	\$	\$ 58 200 <b>(1)</b>
Opening inventory Purchases	51 400 <b>(1)</b>	7 500 <b>(1)</b>	
Less purchases returns	<u>2 300</u> (1)	<u>49 100</u> 56 600	
Less Closing inventory		<u>10 040</u> (2) C/F (1) O/F	<u>46 560</u>
Gross profit		(1) 011	11 640 <b>(2)</b>
Bad debts recovered			150 <b>(1)</b>
Provision for doubtful debts (116 – 98)			<u>    18</u> (2) 11 808
Bad debts		50 <b>(1)</b>	
Carriage outwards Administration expenses		700 <b>(1)</b> 7 960 <b>(1)</b>	
Discount allowed		182 <b>(1)</b>	
Depreciation – Equipment (4500 – 3800) Fixtures and fitt	ings	700 <b>(1)</b>	
10% × 5400	ings	<u> </u>	<u>10 132</u>
Profit for the year			<u>    1  676</u> <b>(1) O/F</b>

#### Horizontal format acceptable

[Total: 18]

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#### 3 (a) Business entity

#### (b) \_\_\_\_\_

	Journal	Debit \$	Credit \$	
1	W Lister Current (or Drawings) Purchases Goods taken for own use by W Lister	420	420	(1) (1) (1)
2	Office stationery T Lister Current Office stationery paid for by T Lister	32	32	(1) (1) (1)
3	Motor vehicles W Lister Capital Motor vehicle introduced by W Lister	15 200	15 200	(1) (1) (1)
4	T Lister Current T Lister Capital Transfer from current to capital account	5 000	5 000	(1) (1) (1)

- (c) Lower of cost and net realisable value
- (d) To avoid overstating the profit To avoid overstating the assets To apply the principle of prudence
  - Any two comments (1 each)
- (e) \$560 (1) × <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> (1) = \$420 (1) Decrease (1)

Or	\$
Original profit share <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> × \$18 500	13 875 <b>(1)</b>
New profit share <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> × \$17 940	<u>13 455</u> (1)
Reduction (1) in profit share	<u>420</u> (1)

#### Other methods of calculation acceptable

[4]

[12]

[1]

[2]

[1]

[Total: 20]

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4	(a)	Consiste	ency									[1]
	(b)		that profits are not that the non-curre			overstate	ed <b>(1)</b>					[2]
	(c)	Accruals	( <b>Or</b> matching)									[1]
	(d)		(	Office eq	uipment	account						
				\$					\$			
		2010 April 1 B Oct 1 B	alance b/d ank	7 500 3 500	• •	2010 Dec 31 2011	Dispos	sals	4 000	(1)		
				11 000	( )	Mar 31	Baland		<u>7 000</u> 11 000			
		2011	alanaa b/d						11000			[6]
		Арпіть	alance b/d	7 000	(1) O/F							[5]
			Provision fo	r deprec	iation of	office equ	uipment	t account				
				\$						\$		
		2010 Dec 31 2011	Disposals	1 600	(2)	2010 April 1 2011	Balano	ce b/d		4 500	(1)	
		Mar 31	Balance c/d	3 950	(1)	Mar 31	20% ×	e statemer (7500 – 4 e statemer	000)	700	(1)	
				5 550				3500 × 6/		<u>350</u> 5 550	(1)	
						2011 April 1	Baland	ce b/d		3 950	(1) O/F	[7]
			Of	ffice equi	pment di	isposal a	ccount					
				\$					\$			
		2010 Dec 31	Office equipment	4 000	(1)	2010 Dec 31	Prov f	or Dep		00 <b>(1)</b>		
		20001			)/F	200 01		·		Ô/F		
						2011		ompany		0 (1)		
						Mar 31	Incom	e statemei	nt 40	0 (1) O/F		
				<u>4 000</u>					<u>4 00</u>	0		[4]

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Alternative	e presentation			

2010 April 1 Oct 1 Dec 31	Bank	Debit \$ 7 500 (1) 3 500 (1)	Credit \$ 4 000	(1)	Balance \$ 7 500 Dr 11 000 Dr 7 000 Dr (2) C/F (1) O/F	[5]				
Depreciation of office equipment account										
		Debit	Credit		Balance					
2010 April 1 Dec 31 2011 Mar 31	Balance Disposals	\$ 1 600 <b>(2)</b>	\$ 4 500	(1)	\$ 4 500 Cr 2 900 Cr					
	Income statement 20% × (7500 – 4000) 20% × 3500 v 6/12		700 350		3 950 Cr (2) C/F (1) O/F	[7]				
	Office eq	uipment disposa	al accou	nt						
2010 Dec 31 2011	Office equipment Prov for Dep AH Company	Debit \$ 4 000 <b>(1)O/F</b>	Credit \$ 1 600 2 000	(1)O/F (1)	Balance \$ 4 000 Dr 2 400 Dr 400 Dr					
-										

400 (1)O/F

[Total: 20]

[4]

Mar 31 Income statement

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5	(a)	S	Osama Mo Statement of Affairs		1	
	Non-cur	rrent Assets	\$ Cost	\$ Depreciation to date	\$ Book value	
	Equipmo Motor ve	ehicle	17 000 <b>(1)</b> <u>10 000</u> <u>27 000</u>	4 250 <b>(1)</b> <u>2 500</u> <b>(1)</b> <u>6 750</u>	12 750 <b>(1)</b> <u>7 500</u> <b>(1)</b> 20 250	
	Current Trade re Petty ca	eceivables		5 700 <b>(1)</b> <u>100</u> <b>(1)</b> 5 800		
	Trade p Other pa	ayables	1 750 <b>(1)</b> 550 <b>(1)</b>			
		ent assets	<u>1 400</u> (1)	<u>3 700</u>	<u>2 100</u> (1)O/F 22 350	
		rm Liabilities om Hi-Finance			<u>    1 250</u> <b>(1)</b> 21 100	
	Finance Capital Balance	-			<u>21 100</u> (2) C/F (1) O/F	

Horizontal presentation acceptable

[14]

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<b>(b)</b> Cal	lculati	on of profit or los	s for the y	ear ende	ed 31 Mai	rch 201	1			
	Capital at 31 March 2011 Drawings				\$		\$ 21 100 <u>8 000</u> 29 100			
	Less Capital at 1 April 2010 Capital introduced Profit for the year		)10		22 000 (1) <u>5 000</u> (1) <u>27 000</u> <u>2 100</u> (2) C		<u>)</u>			
Alte	ernat	ive presentatior	า							
			C	apital a	ccount					
201 Ma	r 31	Drawings Balance c/d	\$ 8 000 21 100		2010 April 1 2011 Mar 31			\$ 22 000 5 000	(1)	
			<u>29 100</u>		2011 April 1	Balan	for year ce b/d	2 100 <u>29 100</u> 21 100	Ô/F	
Thr	ree co	olumn running b	palance ac	count a	acceptab	le			[	[6]
									[Total: 2	0]
• •		ige of gross profi ofit = 585 000 –		390 000	- 32 100	) = 195	500 <b>(1)</b>			

Gross profit = 585 000 - (31 600 + 390 000 - 32 100) = 195 500 (1 Gross profit percentage =  $\frac{195500}{585000}$  (1) ×  $\frac{100}{1}$  = 33.42% (1)

Percentage of net profit to sales Net profit = 195 500 (O/F) – (51 300 + 45 200) = 99 000 (1) O/F Net profit percentage =  $\frac{99000}{585000}$  (1) OF  $\times \frac{100}{1}$  = 16.92% (1) O/F

Rate of inventory turnover Cost of goods sold =  $31\ 600 + 390\ 000 - 32\ 100 = 389\ 500$ Average stock =  $\frac{31600 + 32100}{2} = 31\ 850$ Rate of turnover =  $\frac{389500\ (1)}{31850\ (1)} = 12.23$  times (1)

[9]

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#### (b) (i) Salma Ali is -

Not buying goods as cheaply Not taking advantage of bulk buying Not passing increased costs on to customers Buying more expensive goods Selling goods at a lower margin Allowing customers a higher rate of trade discount

#### Or other suitable point Any one reason (2)

 (ii) Salma Ali has – Lower expenses
Better control of expenses
Different types of expenses (fixed/variable)
Higher amount of other income

#### Or other suitable point Any one reason (2)

(iii) Salma Ali has – Higher stock levels Lower sales activity

#### Or other suitable point Any one reason (2)

[6]

 (c) Should compare with a business of approximately the same size Should compare with a business of the same type (sole trader) Should compare with business selling same type of goods Should compare with a business with approximately the same amount of capital The accounts may be for one year only which will not show trends and may not be a typical year The financial year may end at a different point in the trading cycle The businesses may operate different accounting policies There may be differences which affect profitability and the items on a balance sheet The financial statements do not show non-monetary items

It is not always possible to obtain all the information about a business in order to make a true comparison

#### Or other suitable points Any three points (2) each

[6]

[Total: 21]