

### **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ACCOUNTING
Paper 2
May/June 2016
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 120
Published

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### 1 (a) Reduce the number of entries in the main cash book

Removes the small cash payments from the main cash book Reduces the number of entries in the ledger Allows the chief cashier to delegate some of the work Provides training for junior staff members

### Accept other suitable reasons Any 2 reasons (1) each

[2]

### (b) (i)

Carol Petty Cash Book

			200K					
Total received	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage & stationery	General expenses	Ledger accounts		
\$	2016		\$	\$	\$	\$		
23	April 1	Balanceb/d						
77		Bank <b>(1)</b>						
	4	Tea and coffee(1)	11		11			
	16	Stationery(1)	25	25				
	19	Taxi fare(1)	8		8			
	23	T Nhete(1)	38			38		
	30	Balancec/d	82	25	19	38		
			18					
100	2016		100					
	May1	Balanceb/d <b>(1)OF</b>						
40		(1, 2)						
18								
					ı			

### (1) Dates

(1) OF Totalling analysis columns

(1) OF Totalling total columns

[9]

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(ii)

### Carol Cash Book

				<u> Dook</u>				
Details	Discount allowed	Cash	Bank	Date	Details	Discount received	Cash	Bank
		¢	<b>c</b>	2016			¢	\$
	φ		Ψ			Ψ	φ	
		210		Api1				1437
B Mamba <b>(1)</b>	23		897		Petty cash(1)			77
Sales(1)		2970		9		9		441
			3080	29			3080	
, ,				30	Balancec/d		100	2022
	23	3180	3977	_		9	3180	3977
Balancesb/d		100 <b>(1)</b>	2022 (1) <b>OF</b>					
	Balanceb/d B Mamba(1) Sales(1) Cashc(1)OF	Balanceb/d B Mamba(1) Sales(1) Cashc(1)OF	Balanceb/d B Mamba(1) Sales(1) Cashc(1)OF  allowed \$ 210 23 2970  23 3180	Balanceb/d B Mamba(1) Sales(1) Cashc(1)OF  allowed \$ \$ \$ 210  23  897  2970  3080  23  3180  3977	Salanceb/d   Salanceb/d   Salanceb/d   Salanceb/d   Salanceb/d   Salanceb/d   Salanceb/d   Salancesb/d   Salance	Balanceb/d   \$ \$ \$ 2016   Balanceb/d   Petty cash(1)   Sales(1)   Cashc(1)OF   23   3180   3977   Balancesh/d   23   3180   3977   Balancesh/d   100 (1)   2022   Balancesh/d   2022   Balancesh/d   2016   Apl1   Balanceb/d   Petty cash(1)   K Mzolo(1)   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Apl1   Balanceb/d   Petty cash(1)   K Mzolo(1)   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancesh/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d   Balanceb/d   Balancec/d   Balancec/d	Balanceb/d   S   S   S   2016   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	Balanceb/d   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S

<sup>+ (1)</sup>OF totalling discount columns

+ (1) dates

[10]

[Total: 21]

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### 2 (a)

	\$	
Receipts from credit customers	61230	(1)
Cash discount allowed	1570	(1)
Returns from credit customers	2070	(1)
Bad debts	260	(1)
Amount owing by customers 29 February 2016	<u>16 190</u>	(1)
Credit sales	<u>81320</u>	(1) OF

### Alternative presentation

### Total trade receivables account

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
2016 Feb 29	*Sales(1)OF	81 320 <u>81 320</u>	2016 Feb 29	Bank Discount alld Returns Bad debts Balance c/d	61230 (1) 1570 (1) 2070 (1) 260 (1) 16190 (1) 81320
2016 Mar1	Balance b/d	16 190			

\*Balancing figure [6]

(b)

	\$		\$	
Credit purchases			70 150	(1)
Less Returns to credit suppliers	1110	(1)		
Cash discount received	1860	(1)		
Amount owing to credit suppliers				
29 February 2016	<u>7040</u>	(1)	<u>10010</u>	
Amount paid to credit suppliers			<u>60 140</u>	(1)OF

### Alternative presentation

Total trade payables account

		10.1 1.0.0.0	odyabico i		
Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
2016			2016		
Feb 29	Returns(1)	1110	Feb 29	Purchases(1)	70 150
	Discount recd (1)	1860			
	*Bank <b>(1)OF</b>	60 140			
	Balance c/d(1)	7 0 4 0			
		<u>70 150</u>			<u>70 150</u>
			2016		
			Mar1	Balance b/d	7 040

<sup>\*</sup>Balancing figure

[5]

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(c)							
` ,				eela			
			Bank	account			
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	2015			2016			
	Mar1	Capital(1)	45 000	Feb 29	Non-current assets		
	2016	Loan(1)	10 000		(1)	20 500	
	2016 Feb 29	Trade receivables	61 230		Trade payables (1)OF	60 140	
	1 60 23	(1)	01230		*Expenses(1)OF	18620	
		(')			Balance c/d(1)	16970	
			116230			116230	
	2016						
	Mar1	Balance b/d	16970				
-	*Balancin	g figure					<u> </u>
							I
						[7	Γotal: 1
	<b>.</b>					_	
(a)	Share los						
	Share res	sponsibilities					
		cision-making					
		l finance may be avai	lable				
		I skills and experience		ahla			

## Any 1 advantage (1)

[1]

(b) Share profits

Decisions must be recognised by all partners

Decisions may take longer to implement

One partner's actions can bind the other partners

Disagreements can occur

All partners are responsible for the debts of the business

### Any 1 disadvantage (1)

[1]

### (c) Greater security than capital

[1]

Repaid before capital in a winding-up Extra funds may be required for a limited period only

## Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (1)

(d) To be able to meet debts when they fall due

To be able to take advantage of cash discounts

To be able to take advantage of business opportunities as they arise

To ensure that there is no difficulty if obtaining supplies/services on credit

# Or other suitable explanation Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

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### (e) Alternative presentation of current accounts

#### **Current accounts**

2015		Abid \$	Faiz \$	2015		Abid \$	Faiz \$
Apl 1	Balance	110		Apl 1	Balance		800
Дрі і	b/d	110		Дргі	b/d <b>(1)</b>		000
2016	27 4			2016	5,5(1)		
Mar 31	Drawings	6 0 0 0	7 0 0 0	Mar 31	Interest		
	(1)				on		
	Interest				Capital(1)	2400	1650
	on						
	drawings	120	140		Salary <b>(1)</b>		5 000
	(1)		4.770		D 61	0.000	4.400
	Balance		1770		Profit	2920	1460
	c/d				share <b>(1)</b> Balance	910	
					c/d	310	
		6230	8910		5, 4	6230	8910
		-			•		

<sup>+ (1)</sup> OF for each balance if shown in statement of financial position making a total of (8) for the current accounts [13]

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### Abid and Faiz Statement of Financial Position at 31 March 2016

	Accets	\$	\$		\$	
	Assets Non-current assets Fixtures and equipment (book				104 000	
	value) Motor vehicles (book value)				28 520 132 520	(1)
	Current assets Trade receivables Bank				19320 16080 35400	(1)
	Total assets				<u>167 920</u>	· /
	Capital and liabilities	Abid	Faiz		Total	
	Capital accounts	<u>80 000</u>	<u>55 000</u>	(1) both	135 000	
	Current accounts Opening balance Interest on capital Salary Profit share  Drawings Interest on drawings  Closing balance	(110) 2400 2920 5210 6000 120 6120 (910) (1) OF	800 1650 5000 1460 8910 7000 140 7140 1770	(1) both (1) both (1) (1) both (1) (1) both (1) OF	860 135860	
	Non-current liabilities Loan – Abid				20 000	(1)
	Current liabilities Trade payables Other payables				11 900 160 12 060	} }(1)
	Total liabilities				<u>167 920</u>	[13]
(f)	$\frac{13170}{(167920-12060)} \times \frac{100}{1} $ (1) w	hole formula OF=	8.45% <b>(1)</b>	OF		[2]

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### (g) Shows the profit earned for each \$100 used in the business (1)

The higher the percentage the more efficiently the capital is being employed (1)

# Or other acceptable answer Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

[Total: 22]

### 4 (a)

### Yasmin

Manufacturing Account for the year ended 30 April 2016

Cost of materials used Purchases of raw materials 28600 (1) Carriage on raw materials <u>1500</u> (1) 30 100 Less Closing inventory of raw materials 3 150 (1) 26950 <u>32300</u> Direct wages (1) 59250 (1) Prime cost Factory overheads Indirect factory wages 11860 **(1)** 3 3 4 0 General factory expenses (1)4 500 Rates ( $\frac{3}{4} \times 6000$ ) (1) 7000 (1) Depreciation – Machinery (35 000 × 20%) Tools (1000 - 830)<u>170</u> (1) 26870 86 120 (1) OF Less Closing work in progress 2920 (1) Cost of production 83 200 (1) OF

[13]

(b) (i)

Cost of production Purchases of finished goods			83 200 <u>15 700</u> 98 900	` '
Less Closing inventory of finished goods Cost of sales	6800	(1)	92 100	(1) OF

[4]

 (ii)
 Revenue
 113 640

 Cost of sales
 92 100
 OF

 Gross profit
 21 540
 (1) OF

[1]

(c) (i) 
$$\frac{21540}{113640}$$
 OF  $\times \frac{100}{1}$  (1) OF whole formula = 18.95% (1) OF

[2]

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(ii) Increase selling price

Increase mark-up

Reduce trade discount allowed to customers

Reduce cost of manufacturing

Purchase cheaper raw materials

Buy in bulk to obtain trade discount

Reduce factory wages

Reduce factory overheads

### Or other suitable methods Any 2 ways (1) each

[2]

[Total: 22]

(a) Work can be shared amongst several people
 Easier for reference as same types of account are kept together

Easier to introduce checking procedures Reduce the possibility of fraud

Or other suitable advantage Any 1 advantage (1)

[1]

- (b) (i) Purchases ledger (1)
  - (ii) Nominal (general) ledger (1)
  - (iii) Nominal (general) ledger (1)

[3]

(c) Paul

Rent and rates account

- ·	D ( "	•	- ·	5 . "	Φ.
Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
2015			2015		
Jan1	Balance b/d		Dec 31	Income statement	
	Rates900			Rates3870 (1)	
	Rent <u>3200</u>	4 100		Rent <u>9600</u> (1)	13470
Apl1	Bank (rates)(1)	3960		Balance c/d	
May1	Bank (rent)(1)	4800		(rates)	990
Dec 31	Balance c/d			,	
	(rent)	<u>1600</u>			
		<u>14 460</u>			14460
2016			2016		
Jan1	Balance b/d		Jan1	Balance b/d	
	(rates) <b>(1)OF</b>	990		(rent) <b>(1)OF</b>	
				, ,	1600

+ (1) dates [7]

(d) This is an application of the principle of prudence Over-valuing the inventory causes the profit for the year to be overstated Over-valuing the inventory causes the current assets to be overstated

### Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

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(e)

,				
		overstated	understated	no effect
	Profit for the year ended 31 December 2014	✓ (1)		
	Profit for the year ended 31 December 2015		√ (1)	
	Cost of sales for the year ended 31 December 2015	√ (1)		
	Current assets at 31 December 2014	√ (1)		
	Current assets at 31 December 2015			√ (1)

[5]

[Total: 18]

6 (a) (i) 
$$\frac{3500}{(59600+15800)} \times \frac{100}{1}$$
 (1) whole formula = 4.64% (1) [2]

(ii) Increase in expenses/not controlling expenses as well Decrease in other income
Change in type of expense
Decrease in gross profit percentage

### Any 2 reasons (1) each

[2]

(b) David

	Journal		
	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Office expenses Cash Correction of error of omission	114	114	(1) (1) (1)
Suspense Sales Correction of error of transposition	900	900	(1) (1) (1)

[6]

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(c)

David Statement of corrected profit for the year ended 31 January 2016

Profit for the year before corrections

\$ 3500

Error 1 Error 2 Error 3 Error 4 Error 5	Increase in profit \$ 900	(2)	Decrease in profit \$ 114 600 1628 24	(2) (2) (2)		
Correc	900 cted profit for the	e year	2366		1466 2034	(1)OF

For each error – (1) for position and (1) for figure

[9]

[Total: 19]