UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/12

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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	Pa	ge 2			Teachers'		Syllabus	Paper
			IGCS	SE – Octob	er/Novemb	er 2011	0452	12
1	Key	,						
-								
	(a)	С						[1]
	(b)	D						[1]
	(c)	В						[1]
	(-)							[-1
	(4)	n						[4]
	(d)	Ь						[1]
		_						
	(e)	В						[1]
	(f)	Α						[1]
	(g)	В						[1]
	(h)	Α						[1]
	(i)	В						[1]
	()							
	(j)	C						[1]
	(J)	J						ניו
								[Total 10]
2	(a)				bles (debto	ors), other re	ceivable (prepayn	nent), bank, cash.
		(Any two	, 1 mark eac	:h).				[2]
	(b)		capital (equ					F41
		(or any v	ariation of th	e correct e	quation)			[1]
	(c)							
					Capital	Revenue		

	Capital	Revenue
Repairs to workshop windows		√ (1)
Installation of alarm system	√ (1)	
Storage shelves for tools	√ (1)	

[3]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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(d) (i) Sale	es (debtors, receivables) [ledger]		[1]
(ii) Nom	ninal (general) [ledger]		[1]
singl ente ente ente	r of addition in trial balance or ledger account, le entry, ring item on wrong side ring transaction twice on same side of ledger, ring different credit and debit amounts.		
(Any	one description, or an actual example of one of th	ese)	[1]
(ii) Origi	inal entry		[1]
(f) Percenta	age of net profit to revenue = (125 000 – 85 000 – = 25 000 (1) / 125 000 = 20.00 % (1)OF		[3]
(g) Balance	per bank statement = balance per cash book + un = 2 400 (1) + 860 (1) = 3 260 (1) (Actual figure only		[3]
(h) Share ca	apital = ordinary shares 120 000 × 0.25 = 30 000 + preference shares 10 000 × 1.00 = 10 000 = 40 000	` ,	[4]
			[Total: 20]

Page 4	Page 4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
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3	(a)							Moloch Cash book					
		Date	Details	Discount Allowed	Cash	Bank		Date	Details	Discount Received	Cash		Bank
				\$	\$	\$				\$	\$		\$
		October			•	·		October		·	•		·
		1	Balance b/d		650	3 200	(1)	5	Purchases		2 880	(1)	
							` ,		(not Andrews)			•	
		3	Justin	10 (1)		390	(1)	7	Wages		630	(1)	
		6	Munira			150	(1)		-			•	
		7	[Cash] sales		3 650 (1)								
								7	Balance c/d		<u>790</u>		<u>3 740</u>
			Totals	10	<u>4 300</u>	<u>3 740</u>			Totals		<u>4 300</u>		<u>3 740</u>

Notes: Total reversal – no marks

Award 1 mark for both correct opening balances Narrative and correct amount for mark

No marks for balances carried down or totals

+ 1 mark for correct dates (but disregard any date where no mark allocated to that entry)

[8]

Pa	ge 5	Mark Scho	eme: Teachers	s' version		Syllabus		Paper	
		IGCSE – C	october/Noven	nber 2011		0452		11	
(b)			Revenue (sa	ales) accoun October	nt				
				4 7		ules (not sales) ot cash book	800 3 650		
			Purchase	s account					
	October 5	Cash [book] (<i>not</i> Andrews)	2 880 (1)OF						
			Discount rece	eived accou	nt				
			Discount read						
			Discount allo	wed accour	nt				
	October 7	Total [for week] allow cash book not Justin	10 (1)OF						
			Hercules	account					
	October 4	Sales	800 (1)						
			luetin :	account					
			JUSTIII 6	October					
				3 3	Bank Disco			(1)OF} (1)OF}	
			Munino						
			iviuriira	account October					
				6	Bank acce _l	ot cash book	150	(1)OF	[9]
	Correct n + 1 mark	ow own figures from arrative and figure for correct dates for any reversal			ve beer	n made in calc	ulatinç	g discoui	nts
(c)	Total sale	es \$4 450 (2)							[2]
(d)		on for doubtful de of bad debts.	ebts is [an est	imate of] th	e amo	unt which a b	ousine	ss may	lose [2]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper				
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(e) Trade receivables \$8 200 @ 5% = \$410 (2)							
(e) Trade re	(f) By comparing (1) the amount of actual bad debts (1) with the provision made. (1)						

[Total: 26]

Henrietta (a) Trial Balance at 30 September 2011 \$ 124 100 (1) Revenue 14 500 (1) Inventory 77 000 (1) **Purchases** 2 800 (1) Bank (overdraft) Cash 1 100 (1) 19 000 (1) Equipment Administrative expenses 26 500 (1) Capital (equity) 25 000 (1) **Drawings** 15 600 (1) Suspense <u>1 800</u> (1)OF 153 700 153 700

> OF mark for suspense account if trial balance balances [10] Must be in trial balance format – no marks for e.g. balance sheet layout

(b)

	Dr	Cr
Suspense	2 200 (1)	
Revenue (sales)		2 200 (1)

Drawings	400 (1)	
Suspense		400 (1)

Wages	650 (1)	
Cash [book]		650 (1)

Narrative, correct amount and on correct side for mark

[6]

(c)		Henr	ietta			
		Suspense	e account			
			Difference on t/b (accept Balance)		(1)OF from 4(a)	
Sa	ales	<u>2 200</u> (1)	Drawings	400	(1)OF from 4(b)	
		2 200	-	<u>2 200</u>		[3]

[Total 19]

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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- (a) A non-current asset is an asset held for the long term for use by a business (1) and is not for resale.(1) (Accept comments about allowing a business to earn revenue)
 (Do not accept just fixed asset)
 - (b) Depreciation

(i) Year 1
$$(3600 - 450)(1)/3(1) = 1050(1)OF$$

(ii) Year 2 1 050 (1)OF from (i)

(iii) Year 3 1 050 (1)OF from (i)

Only award component marks (max 2) in (i) if candidate gives NBV as their answer

Queresh
Income statement for the year ended 30 September 2011

Revenue (sales) 72 500 (1)
Less returns 800 (1)
71 700

Cost of sales

Inventory at 1 October 2010 6 000 (1)
Raw materials (purchases) 48 800 (1)
54 800

Inventory at 30 September 2011 <u>7 600</u> (1)

Gross profit 24 500 (1)OF Other operating income (6 500 (1) – 1 300 (1)) 5 200

(accept rent receivable, award 1 mark for 7 800

with or without workings) 29 700

Expenses

Distribution expenses 2 580 (1)
Administrative expenses (8 225 (1) + 375 (1)) 8 600

(award 1 mark for 7 850 with or without workings)

Other operating expenses 1 600 (1)
Depreciation (accept OF from year 1 only) 1 050 (1)OF
Finance costs 1 380 (1)

Profit for the year 15 210 14 490 (1)OF

(Do **not** award marks for rent receivable if shown as an expense, but you **may** award an OF mark for the profit for the year if arithmetically correct even if rent is included as an expense.)
[15]

- (d) Depreciation should be included as a charge to the income statement so that the cost of the non-current asset is spread over the life of the asset or he is following the matching principle (1) and the profit is not overstated (accept accurate or realistic) or he is following the prudence principle (1).
- (e) Increase revenue, increase prices, reduce cost of sales, reduce (control) expenses. (any one)

[Total 26]

[2]

[5]

Page 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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6 (a)

Vasco's garage	Xavier's garage	
Workings: 124 000 - 114 700 = 9 300 (1) 9 300 / 124 000 (1) =	Workings: 80 000 - 60 000 = 20 000 (1) 20 000 / 80 000 (1) =	
Answer: 7.5 % (1)OF	Answer: 25.0 % (1)OF	

[6]

(b)

Vasco's garage	Xavier's garage	
Workings: 9 300 – 5 600 = 3 700 (1)OF 3 700 / 20 000 (1) =	Workings: 20 000 - 12 000 = 8 000 (1)OF 8 000 / 60 000 (1) =	
Answer: 18.5 % (1)OF	Answer: 13.3 % (1)OF	

[6]

Answer must be expressed as a percentage with or without % sign – answers expressed as decimals e.g. 0.2 (0.185) are not acceptable.

(c)

	Increase	Decrease	No effect
Percentage of gross profit to sales		✓ (2)	
Return on capital employed	✓ (2)		

[4]

(d) Yes (1)

Reasons

- 1 Selling car parts and opening a workshop would increase Vasco's profits (1)
- The percentage of gross profit to sales would increase as the profitability of selling parts is higher than selling fuel (1) [3]

(Not possible to award marks for comments about return on capital as not known)

[Total 19]