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International General Certificate of Secondary Education CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

FIRST LANGUAGE ENGLISH

0500/1

PAPER 1 Reading and Directed Writing

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER SESSION 2002

2 hours

Additional materials: Answer paper

TIME 2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer paper/answer booklet.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

If you use more than one sheet of paper, fasten the sheets together.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question.

Dictionaries are **not** permitted.

Part 1

Read the story below carefully; then answer the questions which follow.

A Moment of Madness

It was Arvind's birthday. In the afternoon there would be a cake and a party, but it would be like other birthdays, and Arvind was eleven. So in the morning, he collected his friends, Jimmy and Paudeni, and they set off to the forest that lay on the hillside in a huge half-moon behind the village.

When they reached the first few trees they stopped, listening to the sounds of the birds and searching for the rare striped butterflies that Arvind's uncle had told them about. They cried out to test the echo and then became savages, rushing carelessly into the forest and battering the undergrowth with sticks.

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Eventually they reached a clearing. Jimmy said he was hungry and they started to devour the birthday food they had brought. Arvind pulled out a packet from his bag. "Look," he said, "I've brought some chicken. We'll make a fire and cook it." He pulled out some matches. "Get some sticks, Jimmy. Make a big pile. Everything's dry; it'll burn like crazy."

10

Paudeni looked worried. "My Mum says never ever start a fire in a forest, specially this year because it hasn't rained and because of the winds. She says you don't know what fire can do until you've experienced it. She says people who know always dig a big circle round a fire because it can't burn through the soil. She says —"

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"Rubbish, there's no danger," interrupted Arvind, with the authority of a boy on his eleventh birthday. "I know what I'm doing." Jimmy returned carrying a great armful of sticks and made a castle out of them. Arvind struck a match and the fire was alive.

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His satisfaction was short-lived. The dry wood exploded into a sheet of threatening flame and, from nowhere, a breeze began to blow. The children watched, horrified, as the fire spread like scuttling mice into the surrounding undergrowth. They never realised that everything was tinder dry. They had never seen how quickly a fire could start to devour all the twigs and the dead leaves that had lain undisturbed on the forest floor.

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"Quick! Stop it!" screamed Paudeni, but how could they? The fire spread in too many directions at once. If they managed to stop one of its tentacles, two more would have spread beyond their reach. The boys rushed back and forth, stamping pointlessly on the flames and then, after a short while, just looked on in a sort of awful fascination.

"Look!" shouted Jimmy. The fire had reached the trees at the sides of the clearing and was shooting upwards, devouring ancient, dead ivy and dry bark. In no time the sounds of the forest were drowned by frightening explosions. Birds and animals rushed for safety as their homes and feeding areas were engulfed in flame. The speed and magnitude of such destruction were beyond the boys' imagination.

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They ran for their lives, trying to find a way out of the terrible, burning forest.

It was the only story in the newspaper the next day. There were interviews with the villagers, recounting their fears as the fire had threatened their homes before the wind miraculously changed. The forest lay in ruins, a minor ecological disaster, threatening the village with floods and landslides when the rains eventually returned. And poor Arvind lay in a hospital bed, his face scarred for life by the sudden sheet of flame that had risen up without warning to challenge his last steps to safety.

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Who was to blame? The newspaper blamed the schools for not teaching the children a fire code or giving them stories about the dangers of fires. The schools privately blamed the parents for not hiding matches and for not keeping control of their children. Parents blamed the newspaper and television for not continuing to publicise the state of the forests in conditions of drought and wind.

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The story of Arvind's birthday is a sad reminder that fire is a dangerous force to be reckoned with and that its effects are potentially terrible. Fire is everyone's responsibility, but how do we ensure that everyone understands, and what exactly are responsibilities of school, parents and the media?

For Questions 1-6 write down the letter ${\bf A}$, ${\bf B}$, ${\bf C}$ or ${\bf D}$ on your answer paper to indicate the most appropriate answer in each case.

1	The	The forest			
	Α	had a semi-circular shape.			
	В	had only a few trees.			
	С	was on both sides of the village.			
	D	was on the top of the hill.	[1]		
2	When testing the echo the boys				
	Α	behaved like noisy savages.			
	В	listened to the sounds of the birds.			
	С	rushed noisily into the forest.			
	D	shouted out and then listened.	[1]		
3	Which of these things that Arvind said turned out to be true?				
	Α	I know what I'm doing.			
	В	It'll burn like crazy.			
	С	Rubbish, there's no danger.			
	D	We'll make a fire and cook it.	[1]		
4	Whe	en Paudeni said, "Quick, stop it!" the boys immediately			
	Α	discussed how to put the fire out.			
	В	ran away out of the forest.			
	С	tried to kill the flames by treading on them.			
	D	watched the flames shooting up the tree.	[1]		
5	Paudeni in this story seems to be				
	A	brave.			
	В	argumentative.			
	С	helpful.			
	D	nervous.	[1]		

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6	The villagers' homes were				
	A	damaged by the fire.			
	В	never in danger.			
	С	saved by a miracle.			
	D	washed away by floods.	[1]		
For 7	For questions 7–10 you must answer as far as possible in your own words. 7 Why did the flames travel up the trees at the sides of the clearing so quickly? [2]				
8	Exp	xplain			
	(a)	'the fire spread like scuttling mice' (line 19)			
	and				
	(b)	the fire had 'tentacles' (line 24).	[4]		
9		Give two words of your own, each of which describes Arvind's behaviour. Explain why you have chosen each word. [4]			
10		are the teacher in Arvind's village. You speak to all the children after the fire. What four pould you make about the dangers of forest fires?	ints [4]		

Part 2

Read this story and then answer Questions 11 and 12.

A Visit to Stockholm

I went to the tourist office to have a room found for me. I had to fill out a form with about 700 questions on it, but it was worth it because the hotel, the Castle on Riddargatan, about a mile from the station, was a charming little find, friendly, clean, and reasonably priced – in so far as that statement can be made about anything in Sweden.

I headed first for Gamla Stan, the old town, on the far side of the Strombron bridge. It had an oddly Central European feel to it: narrow, hilly streets lined by severe, heavy buildings the colour of faded terracotta, sometimes with chunks of plaster missing, as if they had been struck a glancing blow by tank fire, and often with pieces knocked off the corners where trucks had carelessly backed into them. It had a kind of knocked-about charm, but was surprisingly lacking in any air of prosperity. Most of the windows were dirty, the brass name plates and door knockers were generally unpolished, and almost every building was in serious need of a good coat of paint. Maybe it was just the rain, which was falling steadily again, that brought its grey gloom to the city. Did it never stop raining in Sweden?

I walked with shoulders hunched and eyes cast down, avoiding the water that rushed down the steep, cobbled lanes, glancing in the windows of antique shops, wishing I had a hat or an umbrella. I retreated into a dark coffee shop, where I sat shivering, drinking a \$3 cup of coffee with both hands, and realised I had a cold coming on.

I returned to the hotel, had a lavishly steamy bath and a change of clothes and felt marginally better. At about five the sky brightened. I immediately pulled on my damp sneakers and went out to explore the streets between Norrmalmstorg, a nearby square, and Kungstradgarden, a small rectangular park that ran down to the waterfront. Everything was much better now. It was a Saturday evening and the streets were full of people meeting friends and repairing in high spirits to the little restaurants and bistros scattered around the neighbourhood.

Starving as ever, I selected what looked to be the cheeriest and most popular of all, a cavernous bistro overlooking Norrmalmstorg called Matpalatset. It was friendly and crowded and wonderfully warm and snug, but the food was possibly the worst I have ever had outside a hospital cafeteria – a grey salad with watery cucumber and mushrooms that tasted of old newspaper, and a lasagne that was not so much cooked as scorched. I was quietly agog. Nowhere else in Europe could a place serve food this bad and stay in business, and yet people were queuing at the door.

Afterwards I went for a long walk and felt more charitably disposed to Stockholm now that the rain had stopped. It really is an exceptionally beautiful city, more watery even than Venice, and with more parkland per person than any other city in Europe. It is built on fourteen islands and within a few miles of the city there are 25,000 more, almost all of them dotted with cottages into which the city drains its population every weekend. I walked far out onto the broad and leafy avenues and narrower side streets, all of them lined with six-storey apartment buildings, stern and stolid and yet oddly homey, and at least three-quarters of the windows were darkened. It must be a burglar's paradise between Friday evening and Sunday afternoon.

0500/1/O/N/02 **[Turn over**

11 (a) Write a summary of all the things that the writer found unpleasant or disappointing about Stockholm.

Write about 80 words. Use your own words as far as possible.

and (b) Write a summary of all the things that he enjoyed.

Write about 80 words. Use your own words as far as possible.

[20]

12 Write an information sheet encouraging tourists to visit Stockholm.

Write a paragraph on each of the following:

- An introduction to Stockholm
- Where to stay and what to do
- Sightseeing
- What to bring with you

Base your answer on the information in the passage, but do not copy whole sentences from it. Use your own words as far as possible.

Write about $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ sides, allowing for the size of your handwriting.

[20]

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