



## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

AGRICULTURE 0600/01

Paper 1 Multiple Choice October/November 2009

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

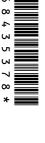
Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

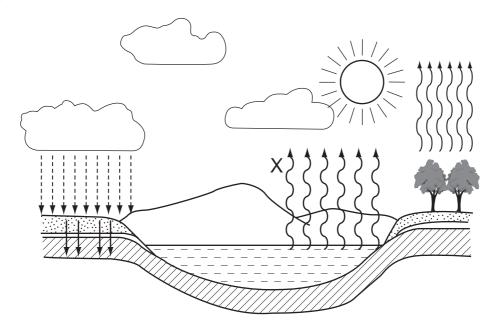
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet.



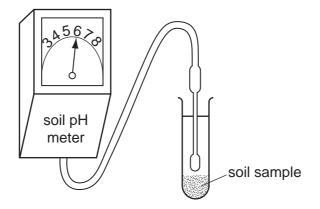
- 1 Which animals provide **both** food and clothing materials?
  - A chickens
  - **B** donkeys
  - C pigs
  - **D** sheep
- 2 The diagram shows the water cycle.



Which process is represented by the arrows at X?

- **A** condensation
- **B** evaporation
- **C** respiration
- **D** transpiration
- 3 Which process can cause chemical weathering of rocks?
  - A fast flowing rivers
  - **B** freezing of water in crevices
  - **C** rain on limestone
  - **D** wind blown sand

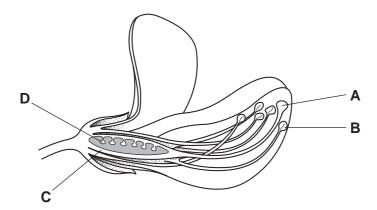
- 4 What is a characteristic of a soil containing a high proportion of sand particles?
  - A difficult to cultivate
  - B easily leached
  - C easily waterlogged
  - **D** slow to warm up
- 5 The diagram shows the result of a soil test being carried out on a sample from a garden plot.



Lime is spread on the garden plot and a further sample taken for testing.

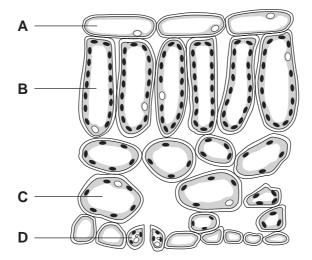
Which reading will the meter be expected to show?

- **A** 3
- **B** 5
- **C** 6
- **D** 8
- 6 Which inorganic fertiliser provides the soil with nitrogen?
  - A ammonium sulfate
  - B muriate of potash
  - C potassium sulfate
  - **D** superphosphate
- 7 Which part of the bean flower produces male gametes?

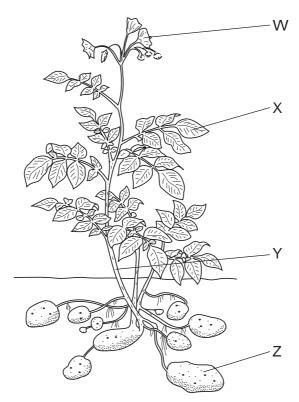


8 The diagram shows a section through a leaf.

Which cell does **not** contain chlorophyll?



9 The diagram shows an Irish potato plant.

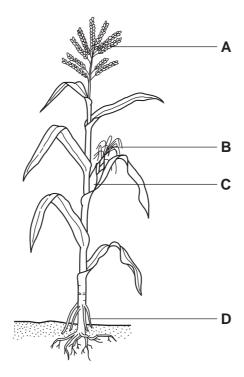


Where do these processes occur in this plant?

	photosynthesis	translocation	sexual reproduction
Α	W	Z	Υ
В	X	Υ	W
С	Υ	X	Z
D	Z	W	Х

10 The diagram shows a maize plant.

Where are the styles?



11 The diagram shows a bee in a flower.



What does the bee transfer from flower to flower?

- A anthers
- **B** nectar
- C ovules
- **D** pollen

						ь			
12	In the cultivation of a cereal crop, at which stage should organic manure be applied?			plied?					
	Α	as seedling	js emerg	je					
	В	before sow	ing						
	С	just before	flowering	g					
	D	when plant	s are 10	–20 cm tall					
13	Stu	ımping, cleaı	ring and	ploughing a	are all sta	ges in			
	Α	fencing.							
	В	harvesting.							
	С	irrigation.							
	D	land reclan	nation.						
14	Wh	at is the mo	st suitab	le cultivatio	n depth f	or cereal se	ed bed p	reparation?	
	A	3 cm	В	7 cm	С	15 cm	D	35 cm	
15	Wh	ich conditior	ns are be	est for the s	pread of	fungal spore	es?		
	Α	damp and	cold						
	B damp and warm								
	С	C dry and cold							
	D	dry and wa	rm						
16	6 The diagram shows part of a label from a can of insecticide.								
					R	ates of Use	•		

fruit crops 1.0 litre in 500 litres of water ground crops 3.0 litres in 400 litres of water per hectare

What is the correct dilution rate for 0.5 hectares of potatoes?

A 1.0 litre in 500 litres of water

B 1.0 litre in 200 litres of water

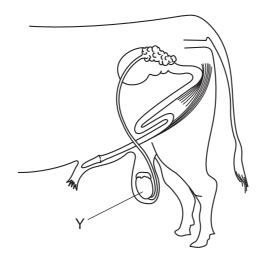
C 1.5 litres in 500 litres of water

**D** 1.5 litres in 200 litres of water

17 A crop shows poor growth and powdery leaves.

What is the likely cause?

- A a bacterial disease
- B a deficiency disease
- C a fungal disease
- **D** a viral disease
- **18** The diagram shows the reproductive system of a male ruminant.

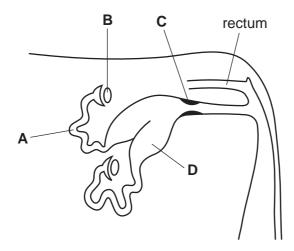


What is produced by Y?

- A ova
- **B** semen
- C sperm
- **D** urine
- 19 In which chamber of a ruminant digestive system is gastric juice produced?
  - A abomasum
  - **B** omasum
  - C reticulum
  - **D** rumen

**20** The diagram shows the reproductive system of a female mammal.

Where does fertilisation take place?



- 21 What is the order in which food passes through the digestive system of a non-ruminant?
  - **A** duodenum  $\rightarrow$  oesophagus  $\rightarrow$  ileum  $\rightarrow$  stomach
  - $\textbf{B} \quad \text{ileum} \rightarrow \text{stomach} \rightarrow \text{oesophagus} \rightarrow \text{duodenum}$
  - $\mathbf{C}$  oesophagus  $\rightarrow$  stomach  $\rightarrow$  duodenum  $\rightarrow$  ileum
  - $\textbf{D} \quad \text{stomach} \rightarrow \text{duodenum} \rightarrow \text{oesophagus} \rightarrow \text{ileum}$
- 22 One bird in a flock of chickens appears to be sick.

What should the farmer do first?

- A change the litter in the chicken house
- B clean the feeders and drinkers
- C isolate the sick bird
- **D** notify the authorities
- 23 In farm livestock, what encourages the spread of disease but does not cause disease?
  - A bacteria
  - **B** iron deficiency
  - C overcrowding
  - **D** viruses

24 A dairy cow is given a production ration of 1 kg of feed per 5 litres of milk produced.

How much production ration will the cow yielding 15 litres of milk be given?

- A 3kg
- **B** 5 kg
- **C** 12 kg
- **D** 15 kg

25 Which animal is a non-ruminant and has a digestive system adapted for bulky foods such as grass?

- A donkey
- **B** goat
- C pig
- **D** sheep

26 The table shows four poultry diets.

Which one is suitable for laying hens?

	maize %	groundnut cake %	calcium supplement %
Α	52	40	8
В	54	44	2
С	60	38	2
D	64	35	1

27 When homozygous tall pea plants were cross-pollinated with dwarf plants, all of the plants of the next generation were tall.

A heterozygous tall plant is cross-pollinated with a dwarf plant.

What is the expected ratio of the next generation?

	tall	dwarf
Α	1	3
В	1	1
С	3	1
D	4	0

28 In cattle the allele (B) that gives a black coat is dominant over the allele (b) that gives a red coat.

Several matings of a black bull with red cows gave this result.

black bull × red cows

offspring black calves red calves

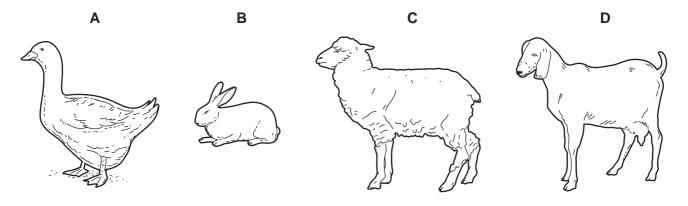
ratio 1 : 1

What was the genetic make up of the black bull and the black calves?

	black bull	black calves	
Α	BB	BB	
В	BB	Bb	
С	Bb	ВВ	
D	Bb	Bb	

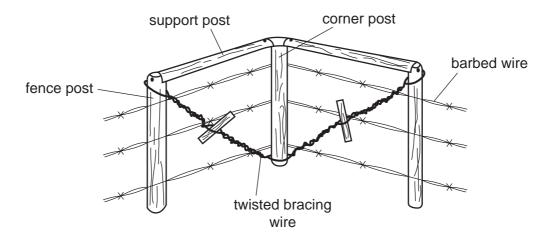
- 29 What describes extensive grazing?
  - A Cattle are kept in paddocks.
  - **B** Cattle are moved each day with electric fencing.
  - C Cattle graze freely over a large area.
  - **D** Cattle have green food given to them.
- **30** The diagrams show four farm animals.

Which animal feeds by browsing?



- **31** What is the main reason for treating wooden fence posts with creosote?
  - **A** to avoid shrinkage in dry weather
  - B to improve appearance
  - C to prevent rotting
  - **D** to reduce damage by livestock

**32** The diagram shows a corner of a fence.



What does the twisted bracing wire help to support?

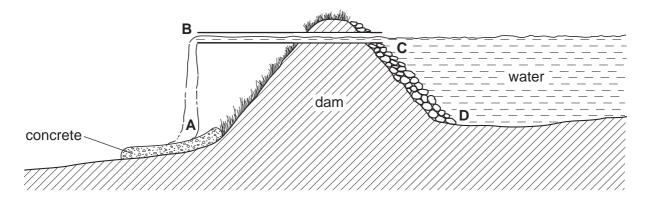
- A the barbed wire
- B the corner post
- C the fence post
- **D** the support post
- 33 Which floor can be most easily kept clean?
  - A concrete
  - **B** earth
  - C stones
  - **D** wood
- **34** Thatch is used as a roofing material.

Which advantage and disadvantage are correct?

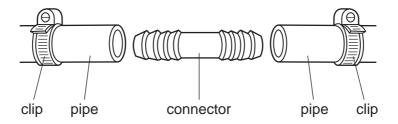
	advantage	disadvantage
Α	burns easily	not readily available
В	good insulator	home for pests
С	long lasting	blown by the wind
D	reflects heat	eaten by cattle

**35** The diagram shows a farm dam.

Where is the water pressure greatest?



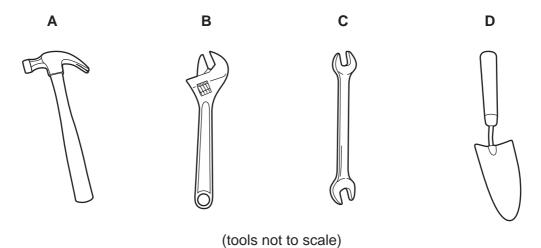
36 The diagram shows how two soft plastic water pipes can be joined.



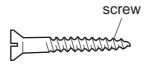
What could be done to make the task easier?

- A Heat the connector piece in a flame.
- **B** Place the pipe ends in hot water.
- C Soak the connector piece in petrol.
- **D** Split the pipe ends with a knife.
- 37 The diagram shows four hand tools that are often used on farms.

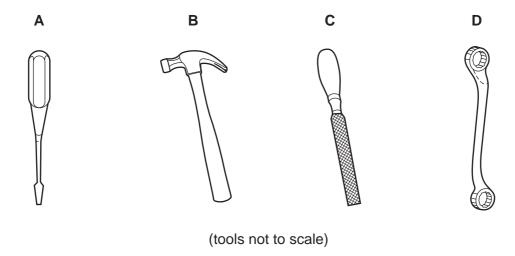
Which tool needs regular oiling to prevent rusting?



**38** The diagram shows a screw used in making wooden equipment such as nest boxes and hutches for small animals.

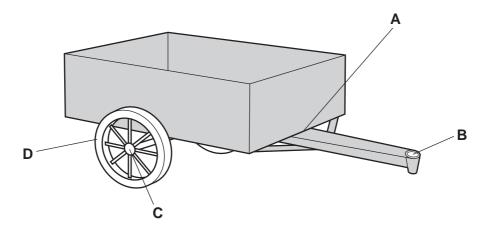


Which tool is used to fix the screw?

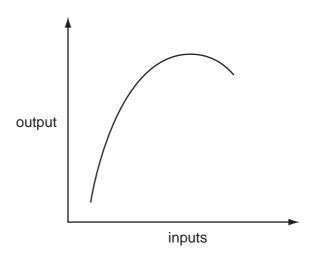


39 The diagram shows a metal trailer.

At which point should oil be applied for lubrication?



**40** The graph shows a principle of agricultural economics.



Which economic principle is shown?

- A depreciation of value
- **B** diminishing returns
- **C** risk and uncertainty
- **D** supply and demand

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