MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/21

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2014	0610	21

			Answer	Marks	Guidance for Examiners
1	B (V. C (O. D (M.	.) ermine ;) vulpes ; .) cuniculus ; .) vison ; .) leucurus ;		max [4]	5 correct = 4 3 or 4 correct = 3 2 correct = 2 1 correct = 1
				[Total: 4]	
2 (a) (i)	<u>buffalo</u>	;		[1]	
(ii)	<u>300</u> ;			[1]	
(iii)	<u>elepha</u>	<u>nt</u> ;		[1]	
(iv)	4;			[2]	
(b)			s/weight/size of a mammal the eart rate (or vice versa)/ORA ;	[1]	
(c)	label	component name	function of component		function must match component, but if component is incorrectly named, and the
	F	red (blood) cell ;	transports oxygen/O ₂ ;		function given for it is a correct one, allow 1 mark
	G	white (blood) cell ;	antibody formation/phagocytosis/kills bacteria or pathogens/AW;		
	Н	plasma ;	transport of blood cells/soluble nutrients/hormones/urea/carbon dioxide/plasma proteins/heat;	[6]	

			Page 3	Mark Schen	ne	Syl	labus	Paper]
				IGCSE – May/Jun	ne 2014	0	610	21]
	(d)	label line t	to aorta ;						
		label line t	to hepatic portal v	ein ;		[2]			
	(e)		cle contraction/m	uscle activity (in exercise) ;				ed at least once	reased") must be in the account – if
			piration (occurs);					. –	
		more oxyg cells) ;	gen/oxygenated k	lood/glucose/sugar needed (k	oy muscle				
		more carb	oon dioxide/heat p	produced ;					
		(and so) n faster;	nore blood pumpe	d round body/blood pumped ro	ound body	max [3]			
						[Total: 17]			
3	(a)	tick ; cross/bla tick ; cross/bla tick ; cross/bla	nk			[3]			
	(b)	condom/s	sheath/femidom;			[1]			
		virus/HIV	contained in sper	m/semen/body fluids ;					
			er bag catches sp ith partner/AW ;	erm/semen/fluids) virus canno	ot get into	[2]			

			Page 4	Mark Scheme		Syllabus 0610		Paper	
				IGCSE – May/June 201	4			21	
	(c) (i)		urse/AW around o period/ORA ;	ovulation time/fertile time/day 12 –					
		detected t mucus/da	inal	[2]					
	(ii)		or moral reasons/la lack of medical ad	ack of money/lack of availability of o vice/AVP ;	ther	[1]			
						[Total: 9]			
4	(a)	$\mathbf{B} = photo$	ration / excretion / d osynthesis ; ng / nutrition / eating	ecay/decomposition/rotting/AW;					
		D = respi	ration/excretion de	ecay/decomposition/rotting/AW;		[4]			
	(b) (i)	glucose/f	at/protein/amino	acid/starch/AVP ;		[1]			
	(ii)	glucose/f	at/protein/amino	acid/glycogen/AVP ;		[1]			

		Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syl	labus	Paper	
			IGCSE – May/June 2014	0	610	21	
(c)	(body) rotte	ed/decayed/dec	omposed/action of decomposers/AW ;				
	bacteria/fu	ingi/saprophytes	/saprotrophs/microbes;				
			n energy from/use body as iration (words or symbols) ;				
	as result of product/ex		on dioxide released) as waste				
	OR						
	digested/a (carnivore)	cells carry out re of respiration (ca	espiration/respiration equation ; rbon dioxide) released as				
	OR						
	(the) nutrie plants resp	oire using (this) nι	NW ; m soil by plants/AW ; utrients/respiration equation ; rbon dioxide released) as waste/excreted ;	max [3]			
(d)		; ssil) fuels/nameo icles/AW/genera	d example ; ating electricity/factories/	[2]			
				[Total: 11]			

	F	Page 6	Mark Scheme		labus	Paper	
			IGCSE – May/June 2014	0	610	21	
5 (a)	cuticle		waterproofs the leaf ;		5 correc 3 or 4 co 2 correc	orrect = 3	
	stoma		allows gaseous exchange with surroundings ;		1 correc	t = 1	
	palisade cell		produces glucose ;				
	phloem tissue		transports sucrose out of the leaf ;				
	spongy mesop	hyll	allows diffusion of gases within the leaf ;	[4]			
(b)	transport of mine		R – nitro	ogen			
	support/AW ;			[2]			
(c)	starch/sucrose	;		[1]			
(d)	evaporation of w	vater ;					
	from the surface	from the surfaces of mesophyll (leaf) cells ;					
	(followed by) los						
	out of stomata/	stoma ;		[2]			
				[Total: 9]			

		Page 7	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper]
			IGCSE – May/June 2014		0610	21	
6 (a)	<u>P;</u> <u>M</u> ; L;			[3]			
(b)	AVP (e.g pancreas secretion productio	: /production of/AV	amin K produced by intestinal flora) ; V enzymes/amylase/protease/lipase ; tions to neutralise stomach acid ; glucagon ;	max max			
	productio	f food ; / chemical digestic	on/mechanical digestion/AW ; ease/digestion of proteins ; rochloric acid) ;	max	[1]		
(c) (i) line label	led X ending on th	e liver/"X" on liver ;	[1]			
(ii) emulsifica ones/AW		n/break up large fat globules to smalle	r [1]			
(iii		s surface area (of f lipase (can digest		[2]			

		Page 8Mark SchemeIGCSE – May/June 2014			Syl	labus	Paper]	
				4	0610 2		21		
	(d)	diffusion/	description of ;						
		active trar	nsport/description	of ;					
		digested f	ood/named examp	ble passes into blood/capillary/villi ;			R – refer	ence to cilia	
		surface ar	ea increased by vi	li/AW ;		max [3]			
						[Total: 13]			
7	(a)	direction o	of energy transfer/	low/movement (through the food we	eb);	[1]			
	(b)	<u>grass</u> ;							
		bird/snak	e/lizard;						
		<u>2</u> ;							
		<u>4</u> ;				[4]			
	(c)	hawk ;							
		snake ;				max [1]			
						[Total: 6]			

		Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syl	labus	Paper]	
			IGCSE – May/June 2014	0610		21		
8 (a) (i) (ii)) are haploid/n/c er of chromosome	ontain 1 set of chromosomes/contain half s/ORA ;	[1] [1]	and mit containir	osis (e.g. mei	oss between meiosis otosis or any word omes	
(b)	male = X female =	Y (or vice versa) X X ;		[2]		R – if both answers identical use judgement if letters appear indeterminate		
(c) (i)	(two or m	ore) alternative/di	fferent forms of a gene/AW ;	[1]	I – (diffe	rent) type/copy	/sort/kind	
(ii)	Bb × Bb ; B and b ×				allow ecf if a mistake is made, but each line must correspond to the previous one at each stage			
	BB + Bb	+ Bb + bb (any o	rder so long as correct re "lines") ;					
	black + b	lack + black + wł	ite (or different order to match genotypes ;					
	3 black : ²	1 white ;		[5]				
(d)	Bb ;			[1]	accept bB			
				[Total: 11]				
				[Paper Total 80]				