CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Que	stion	Expected Answer	rs		Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	segmented body / jointed, limbs / leg exoskeleton / oute	s;		3	
	(b)	5 / 6 RIGHT = 4 4 RIGHT = 3 3 RIGHT = 2	Abaliella dicranotarsalis	E		
		1 / 2 RIGHT =1 0 RIGHT = 0	go to 2			
			go to 3			
			go to 4			
			Tegenaria domestica	Α		
			Odielus spinosus	G		
			Chelifer tuberculatus	D		
			go to 5			
			Poecilotheria regalis	F		
			go to 6			
			Tyroglyphus longior	С		
			Ixodes hexagonus	В	4	
					[Total: 7]	

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2 (a)	(has been through) <u>capillaries</u> (in organs/named organ(s)); (has been through) an organ / named organ		
	(beforehand);		
	lost oxygen to, (named respiring) tissues / (named)		
	organs / cells / AW;	2	
(b)	oesophagus;		
` ` `	stomach;		
	gall bladder;		
	duodenum;		Accept small intestine as alternative to duodenum and ileum
	ileum;		
	pancreas;		
	colon / large intestine / rectum;	4	
_			
(c)	glucose, amino acids; (named) vitamin(s) / (named) mineral(s);		
	in solution / soluble / in the plasma; transported from, small intestine / duodenum / ileum site of absorption;		
	to liver;	max 3	
(d)	to max 4 (when a) high glucose concentration, glucose converted to glycogen; low glucose concentration, glycogen converted to glucose; ref to correct role of, insulin / glucagon;		
	makes plasma proteins; excess amino acids, deaminated / described;		
	to max 3		
	alcohol, broken down / respired / metabolised;		
	named toxin, broken down; R toxin unqualified	max 5	

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		·		
(e)		phagocytes to max 3		
	1 2 3 4	ingest / engulf , bacteria / pathogens / viruses ; R 'eat' digest / destroy (bacteria / pathogens / viruses) ; using enzymes ; any further detail ;		
		lymphocytes to max 3		
	5 6 7	make / produce / secrete / release, antibodies; idea of specificity / lymphocytes respond to particular pathogen or antigen; effect of antibodies described;		
	8	AVP;	max 4	AVP for either cell type, could be additional point about antibodies
	•		[Total: 18]	

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Quest	tion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
3	(a)	lowered / flattened / AW; increases / AW; decreases / AW; higher / greater / more; into / inside; alveoli;	6		
	(b)	(A / goblet cell) secretes / produces, mucus; sticky; collects / traps, particles (in the air); cilia, move / beat / waft; mucus moves / removes, away from alveoli / out of		ignore hairs	
		trachea / towards larynx / towards mouth / AW;	max 4	direction needed	
			[Total: 10]		

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Ques	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
4	(a)	CO ₂	+ H ₂ O;		marks for:	
		→ C ₆ H ₁	₁₂ O ₆ + O ₂ ;		correct formulae for carbon dioxide and water correct formulae for glucose and oxygen balancing the equation	
		6O ₂ ,	6CO ₂ , 6H ₂ O ;	3	ignore word equation	
	(h)	4.98		1		
L	(b)	4.30	,	<u> </u>		
	(c)	(i)	constant light intensity / ora; idea that light intensity is not the factor that is varied / not the independent variable / only carbon dioxide is varied / it is a control(led) variable;	2	<pre>accept: if changed, would change rate of photosynthesis itself / AW R simply 'makes results invalid'</pre>	
		(ii)	gas / oxygen / air, collects at top of syringe / from plant or photosynthesis; creates pressure to force water down the tube;	2	R CO ₂ A push	
	(d)	per o	centration of (sodium) hydrogen carbonate / mol dm³ + rate of photosynthesis (1000 / t); t plotted correctly; of best fit;	3	A ecf from (b)	

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(e)	rate of photosynthesis increases as concentration of carbon dioxide increases (up to 0.07 mol per dm³); data quote; carbon dioxide (concentration) is limiting factor;		
	after 0.07 mol per dm ³ :- rate of photosynthesis remains (near) constant; data quote; carbon dioxide (concentration) is not the limiting factor; light intensity / temperature, is limiting factor;	max 5	A increases very little
		[Total: 16]	

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Question		Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance		
5	(a)	cart	on	dioxide CO ₂ ;			
				ds / cattle / land fill / rotting rubbish / oil on / coal mines / gas fracking sites / AW;	2		
	(b)	trap radi nea AW	/ a ate r su ;	d) greenhouse gases; bsorb, heat / (infra red / IR) radiation; d back towards the Earth's surface / heat kept arface / prevents heat escaping (to space) /		R UV radiation	
				here / AW ;	max 3		
	(c)		2 3 4 5 6 7	increases until 1975; decreases from 1980; to levels in 1930s / less than 1940; idea that slow rate of increase to 1940; faster rate of increase from 1945; decrease between 1940–1945; comparative data quotes;	max 4	Accept reaches a peak in 1975-1980 year and emission must be given for each point, units mentioned once	
		(ii)	2 3 4	lowers pH of, soil / water; kills / damages, leaves / plants / trees; salts / minerals / ions, lost from soils; toxic to / kills, fish / animals in waters / lakes / rivers; damages, limestone buildings / bronze statues;	max 3	A acidifies lakes A marble, gravestones, etc.	

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use low sulfur fuels / ORA; reduce use of coal; flue gas desulfurisation / 'use scrubbers' / chimney electrostatic precipitators / neutralise waste gases with lime; catalytic converters; (named) international treaty for reducing emissions; AVP; e.g. any method to reduce demand for energy car sharing / more public transport / cycle paths / AW	(iii)	use, alternative / renewable / green / AW , sources of energy ; A example(s)	
flue gas desulfurisation / 'use scrubbers' / chimney electrostatic precipitators / neutralise waste gases with lime; catalytic converters; (named) international treaty for reducing emissions; AVP; e.g. any method to reduce demand for energy car sharing / more public transport / cycle paths / AW		use low sulfur fuels / ORA;	
chimney electrostatic precipitators / neutralise waste gases with lime; catalytic converters; (named) international treaty for reducing emissions; AVP; e.g. any method to reduce demand for energy car sharing / more public transport / cycle paths / AW		reduce use of coal;	
(named) international treaty for reducing emissions; AVP; e.g. any method to reduce demand for energy car sharing / more public transport / cycle paths / AW		chimney electrostatic precipitators / neutralise	
emissions; AVP; e.g. any method to reduce demand for energy car sharing / more public transport / cycle paths / AW		catalytic converters ;	
energy		` · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1			 car sharing / more public transport / cycle paths / AW
max 3 Total: 15]			

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
6	(a)	self-pollination, occurs within same flower / between flowers of same plant; cross-pollination, occurs between flowers on different			
		plants ;	2		
	(b)	wastage of pollen; wastage of energy; explanation; depends on presence of pollinator; need a pollinating / other, plant (nearby); long time for next generation to develop; seeds scattered to places where they cannot grow; variation leads to plants that are not adapted to place where parents grow / seeds end up;	max 4	A idea of pollen does not reach a stigma	
<u>'</u>	(-)				
	(C)	round RR wrinkled rr ;	1		

Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d)		cross	phenotype of seeds in the seed pods			ratio of round to	
		6,655	round see		wrinkled seeds	wrinkled seeds	
	1	pure bred for round seeds x pure bred for wrinkled seeds	✓		*	1:0	
	2	offspring of cross 1 self pollinated	✓		✓	3:1 ;	
	3	offspring of cross 1 x pure bred for round seeds	√		×	1:0 ;	
	4	offspring of cross 1 x pure bred for wrinkled seeds	✓		✓	1:1 ;	
				3			
		by (a) gene alone ; hber / two, (pheno)types ;		max 1	A (just) two type	s / round & wrinkled	
	no internie	diates ;		IIIUX I			
(f)	2 where m 3 better (na 4 less com				light / water / mir	nerals / CO ₂ / space	
		nce of) disease; allows breeding with wider varie	ty of		e a higger gene	pool / more alleles /	Δ\//
	plants;	anows brocking with wider valle	ty Oi		Jo.g. biggor gene	poor / more aneles /	/ \ V V
	7 AVP;			max 3	e.g. Some surviv	ve a localized disaste	r / AW
				[Total: 14]]		