## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/52

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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## Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

- ; separates marking points
- I separates alternatives within a marking point

or reverse argument

any valid point

- R reject
- **ignore** mark as if this material was not present
- A accept (a less than ideal answer which should be marked correct)
  - AW alternative wording (accept other ways of expressing the same idea)

words underlined (or grammatical variants of them) must be present

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded the second mark may be given even if the first mark is wrong

credit a correct statement that follows a previous wrong response

the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

- <u>underline</u>
- max
- mark independently
- ecf
- ()
- ora
- AVP

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Que	estion	Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	appropriate number of rows and columns ;		
		headings correct (time and temperature );		
		both units correct (s and °C) ;		
		3 different temperatures recorded ;		
		time recorded for each temperature ;		
		results as expected (hottest first) ;	[6]	
	(b) (i)	to make the results more reliable/ to find anomalies/AW ;	[1]	<b>ignore</b> to reduce/ avoid errors/ accuracy <b>A</b> to find average/ mean
	(ii)	(rate of respiration ) increases as the temperature increases;	[1]	

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(c) (i)	(all the temperatures timed together, so) it is difficult to watch them at same time/AW ;		
	difficult to judge colour or end point (to know when to stop timing) ;	max [1]	
(ii)	put the test-tubes in one at a time / measure separately / stagger the time AW ;		answer needs to be consistent with (c)(i)
	use white card or colorimeter AW to see colour change more clearly;		
	repeats ;	max [1]	
(iii)	yeast foaming out of the test-tube/ volume loss/ difficult to measure volume accurately / yeast activity is variable ;	[1]	

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(d) (i)	$(54 \div 30) = \underline{1.8};$	[1]	
(ii)	axes labelled and scaled evenly x axis – pH and y axis – rate of $CO_2$ production / cm <sup>3</sup> per min ; size ; all points plotted accurately to ±½ small square ;		
	line drawn ;	[4]	
(iii)	<i>description:</i> as the pH increases the volume/ rate increases <b>ora</b> ;		
	credit use of calculated data ; <i>explanation:</i> reference to <b>enzymes</b> linked to pH ;	[3]	<ul> <li>A any rate / volume doubles between pH4 and pH5/ or rate / volume trebles between pH5 and pH6.</li> <li>A increased pH increases enzyme activity;</li> </ul>
		[Total: 19]	

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2	(a)	(i)	drawing of outer edge uses single clear unbroken lines ; drawing occupies at least half of the space provided ;		
			detail ;	[3]	e.g. four or more distinct compartments/ sections
		(ii)	length <b>XY</b> on photomicrograph is 58 (mm) ;		
			line drawn on drawing and measurement recorded ±1 mm ;		
			correct units recorded for at least one measurement ;		
			formula: length of <b>XY</b> on drawing length of <b>XY</b> on photomicrograph ;		
			correct magnification ;	[5]	

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	any two diffe	erences:			
	feature	pollen grain <b>R</b>	pollen grain <b>S</b>		
	shape	round / spherical / AW	lobed / triangular / oval / elongated / bean shaped / AW ;		
	surface	spikey/hooked/ rough/pointed	smooth / wrinkled ;		
	Number of visible parts / areas / AW	entire/one part	more than one visible part / AW ;	[2]	
(ii)	spikes/hook	s AW (on the outsi	de surface) ;	[1]	

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(c) (i)	idea of a graticule ruler ;	e/ ruler in the eyepiece/ microscopic	[1]				
(ii)	faster / more than after 6 / 8 minutes pollen tube <b>R</b> ;	to 8 minutes pollen tube <b>R</b> grows pollen tube <b>S</b> ; s pollen tube <b>S</b> grows faster/ more than es/ at end pollen tube S is longer than		A comparati	ve statemei	nts	
	use of calculated	figures to compare <b>S</b> and <b>R</b> ;		ignore figure	·	-	
			max [3]	after 20 minu		.σμπι longe	er than pollen tube R

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(d) (i)	plant / different pl different levels of locations / randor numbers from tak counting seeds – inside container / open / discard fru from each fruit ;	water / collect fruits before they split its that have already split / cut seeds chart, click counter, repeating / count	max [3]	need to give t counted sepa		hat indivi	dual fruits are
(ii)	<u>23;</u>		[1]				
(iii)	<u>24;</u>		[1]				
(iv)	ovules) / pollen not reachin less ovules (fertil develop/less fer	ental factors e.g. not enough water/ cold	[1]	ignore mutation / genes / genetic makeup			
			[Total: 21]				