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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/12

Paper 12, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Pag	e 2							Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – May/June 2010					0680	12	
1	(a)	` ,	mag lava crate ash	ma cham er	E) = C 3					[2]
	(•		B E							[2]
	(b)		brea phys caug flood cons	three from thing relatical if living that by lave als / mud stage dequent contact	ated pr ng at t a flow slides collaps	op (burie , incinera due to ic e of buile	ed / hit e ated; ce / snow dings in o	melt;	ning);		[3]
	(·	earth	two from nquakes: ano: – or reve	no w sudd wide: more	en / quic spread / often ve	ck / happ ora; ery remo	ens all at or te / ora;	nce / ora;		[2]
	(i	ii)	bette	er stronge	er build	dings / a	ny asped	ct of improve	ed after ca	are / evacuatio	on of prone areas; [1]
2	(a)		agric indu	cultural strial	C, E, G, A, D, E	В	\				[3]
	(-	BOX	2 alga	e die /	give org	anic ma	e – accept p tter; vels fall / no	_	W;	[3]
	` ´ Ś	o) detergent substitutes; sewage treatment; regulation; education; regulate fertiliser addition;									
		reduction of acid rain causing gases;						[4]			
	•	eithe	er fou	ır ideas s	tated	or any d	eveloped	d for anothe	r mark in	each case	
	1	reject answer which just talk about not doing things like use fertiliser, pesticides, far rivers reject just prevent without a how						ticides, farm near			

3	(a)	(i) (ii)	numbers / variety of species / types of plants, animals, living things eq; variety of ecosystems / habitats; genetic variety; wild strains of cultivated species contain genes;	[2]					
			which might give drought resistance; could be bred into cultivated ones; genetically engineered into cultivated ones; call internationally for strains already available;	[2]					
	(b)	(i)	any two from: physical destruction by building / roads; (increased) pollution (must be qualified); trampling owtte; possible degradation of habitats / wildlife for tourist entertainment;	[2]					
		(ii)	environment: fees charged for conservation / eq; (possibility / existence of ecotourism encouraged) habitat conservation; local people: money from tourists to locals; money to local amenities e.g. hospitals;						
			provides jobs for locals;	[2]					
	(c)	alw sele	y two from: vays replant after felling; lective logging; vs / checks on loggers;						
4	(a)	(i)	soil: water, minerals; atmosphere: carbon dioxide;	[2]					
			ignore water in atmosphere box (i.e. still award carbon dioxide mark if water is the As N goes up, growth goes up / they are directly proportional / eq; then levels off / reaches optimum / peak; manipulation of figures – reject just quoting figures;						
		(ii)							
	(b)	(i)	overcultivation E natural hazards B more people A desertification F deforestation D overgrazing C ½ each, round down	[3]					
		(ii)	terracing; developed; contour ploughing; developed; wind breaks / shelter belts; developed; afforestation; developed; add manure / mulch / organic material; leave fallow / give time to recover;						
			allow any three ideas for 3 or any development of any of the points for up to 3	[3]					

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2010

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Syllabus 0680 Paper 12

Pa	age 4	1	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2010	0680	12
(a)	(i)	coas (nea	stal; rly all) N Hemisphere;		[2
	(ii)	plen so p (bec	low; plenty of light; ty of nutrients; lenty phyto- / zooplankton / food (for fish); cause of winter) sea stirring / mixing; ct upwelling		[2
	(iii)		elling / convection currents; gs plenty of nutrients;		[2
	(iv)	El N (so) wate less less fish	·		
(b)	der	fish	e / plankton grow less well; starve; exceeds supply / hunger / greed / AVP / any mode	rn technology poin	[2
(15)			exceeds supply / hanger / greed / / vvi / any mode.	m tearmology poin	[2
(a)	car pro	bon ovides	% as fact); ing / natural gree		
			eded for plant food making / photosynthesis / forms rovides protection from UV / harmful rays from sun;		lvp, [4
(b)	(i)	2. 3.	burning fossil fuels, in any sensible context / defore afforestation / deforestation / recycling / CFC destrusing fridges, air conditioning, aerosols / growing r gas producing activity;	oying ozone;	•
	(ii)	carb	on dioxide		[1
(c)		s con	ause more wind / eq; troversy because less intrusive, thus fewer comp	laints / out of sigh	nt out of mind [2