



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

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ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

8291/02

Paper 2 Hydrosphere and Biosphere

May/June 2009

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs, tables or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Section A

Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

Section B

Answer **one** question from this section.

Answer the question on the separate answer paper provided.

At the end of the examination,

1. fasten all separate answer paper securely to the question paper;
2. enter the question number from Section B in the grid opposite.

For Examiner's Use	
Section A	/
1	/
2	/
Section B	/
Total	

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.

Section A

Answer **all** questions in this section.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

- 1 (a)** Fig. 1.1 shows how water enters the groundwater store within a drainage basin.

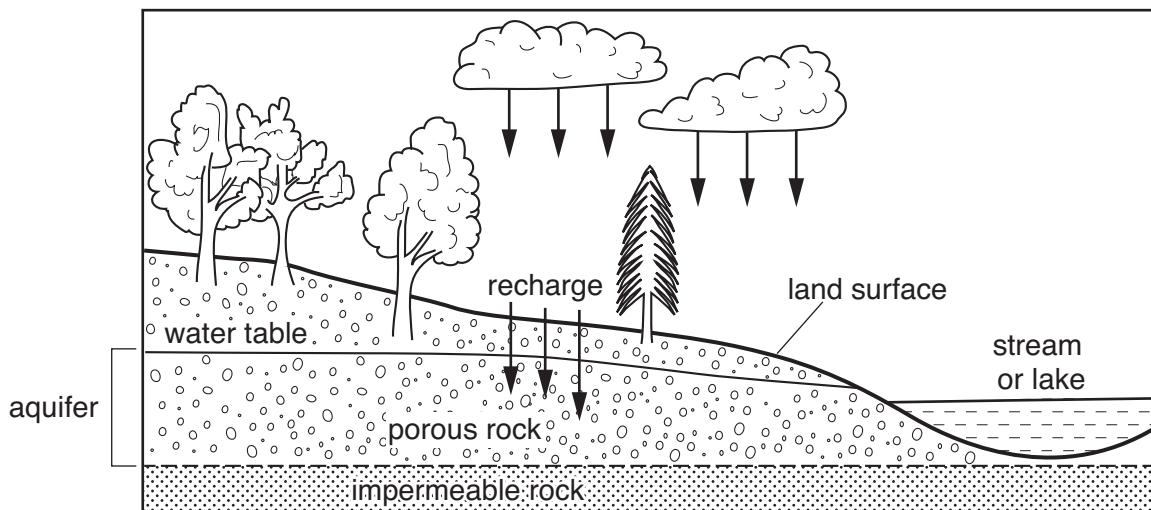


Fig. 1.1

- (i)** What is the meaning of the terms *water table* and *aquifer*?

water table

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aquifer

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[2]

- (ii)** Explain why water can pass through a porous rock but not through an impermeable rock.

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[2]

- (iii) Explain why the location of the water table is variable.

.....

 [2]

- (b) Fig. 1.2 contains some characteristic features of an artesian basin.

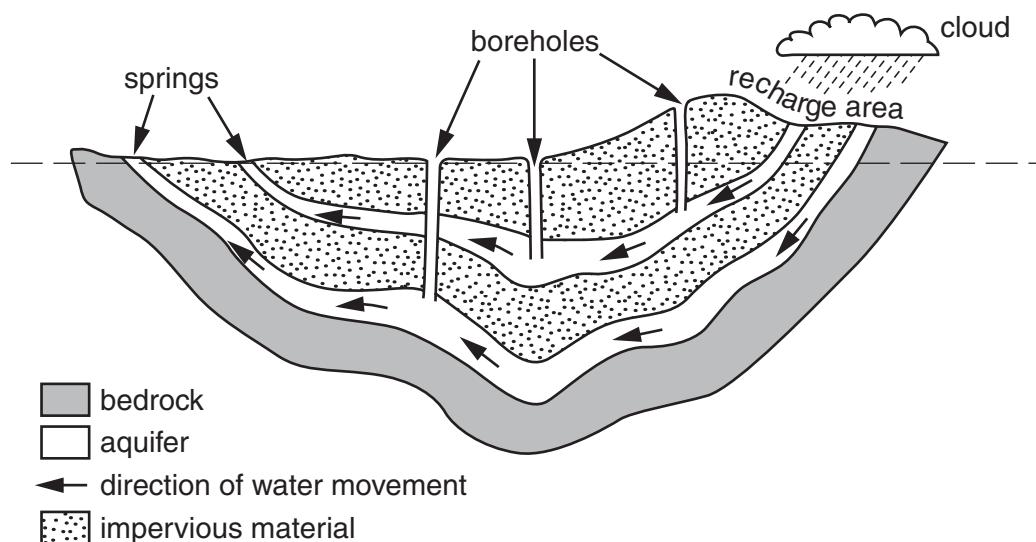


Fig. 1.2

- (i) Describe the geological conditions that have enabled the development of the artesian basin shown in Fig. 1.2.

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 [2]

- (ii) Why do springs occur at the locations labelled?

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 [2]

- (iii) Suggest **two** reasons why rainfall in the recharge area may not increase the pressure of water seeping from the springs.

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[2]

- (iv) Give **two** reasons for the construction of the boreholes shown in Fig. 1.2.

1

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[2]

- (c) (i) Name **one** pollutant derived from industrial activity, and **one** pollutant derived from agriculture, that might contaminate groundwater.

industry

agriculture

[2]

- (ii) What is meant by the term *eutrophication*?

Explain how agricultural activity can cause eutrophication in a river.

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[4]

[Total: 20]

- 2 (a) What is meant by the term *ecosystem*?

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 [2]

- (b) Fig. 2.1 shows how energy and materials move through an ecosystem

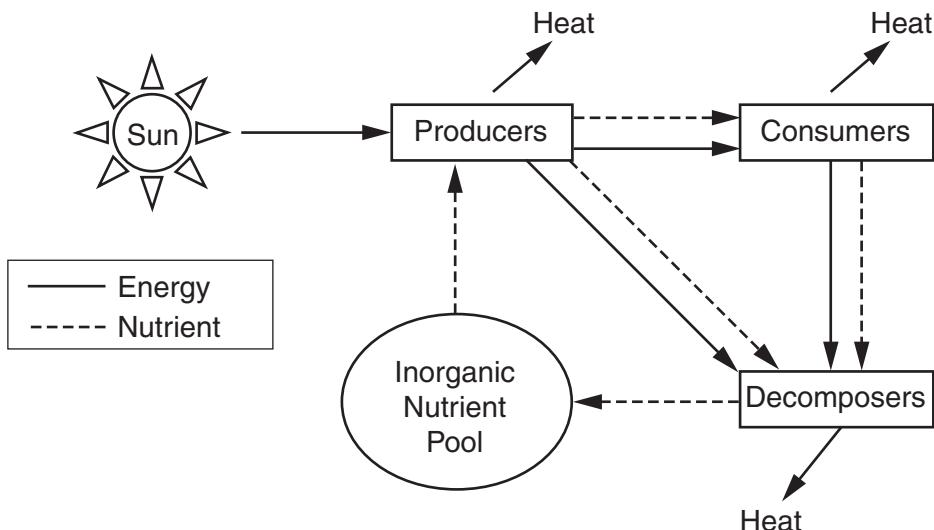


Fig. 2.1

- (i) State the primary source of energy for most ecosystems.

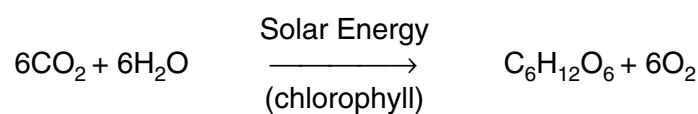
..... [1]

- (ii) Describe the flow of energy and materials shown in Fig. 2.1.

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 [3]

- (c) Explain how the equation below describes the process of photosynthesis.



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[4]

- (d) Fig. 2.2 shows an energy pyramid for a North American deciduous forest.

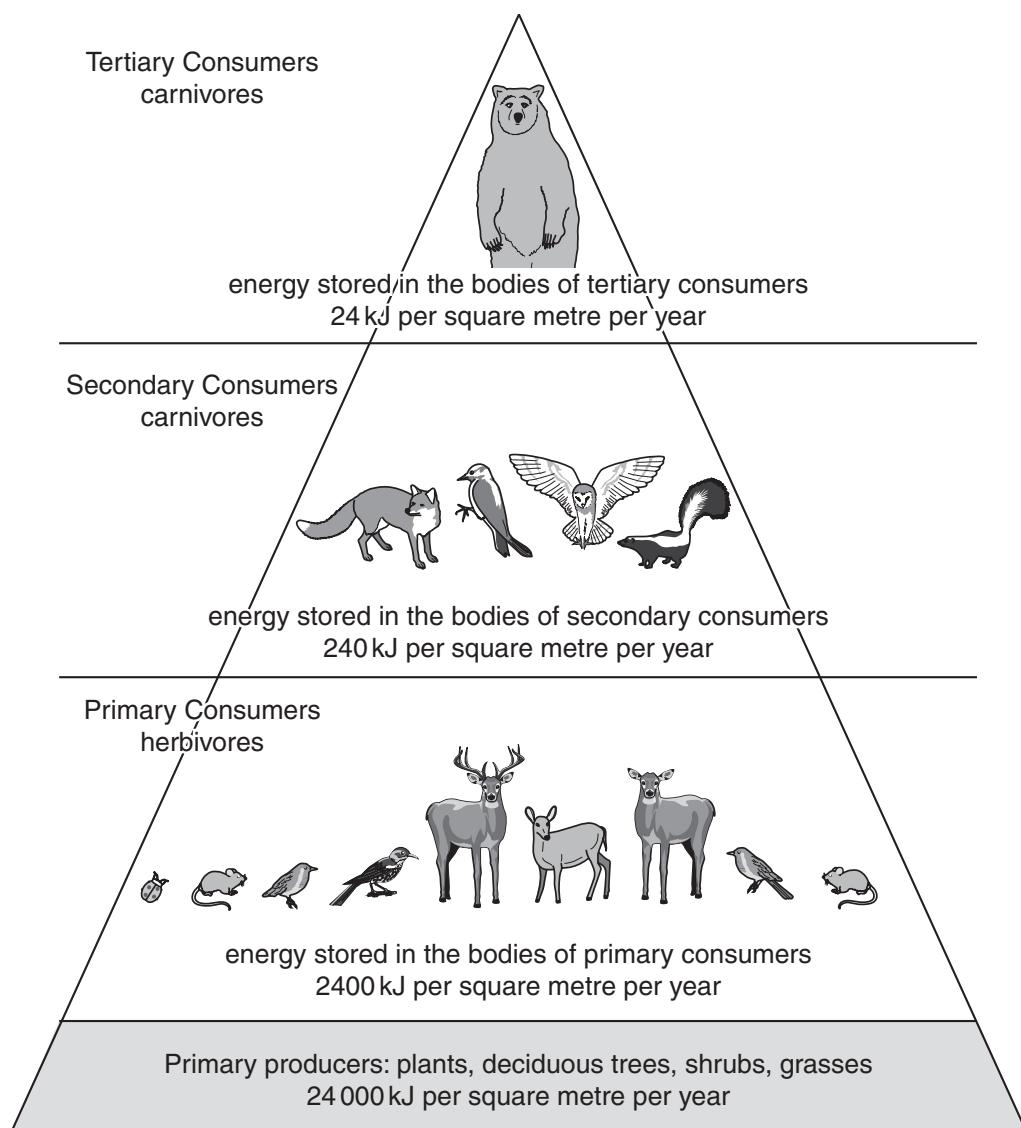


Fig. 2.2

- (i) With reference to Fig. 2.2 explain what is meant by the term *trophic level*.
-

 [2]

- (ii) By what percentage does the stored energy decrease from one trophic level to the next in Fig. 2.2?
- [1]

- (iii) Use Fig. 2.2 to explain the relationship between the number of species and the amount of energy transferred from the primary consumer to the tertiary consumer stage.

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[3]

- (iv) Describe and explain the effect that a warming and drying of the North American deciduous forest region might have upon the energy pyramid shown in Fig. 2.2.

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[4]

[Total: 20]

Section B

Answer **one** question from this section.

- 3 (a)** Using examples from Fig. 3.1, describe how urban and agricultural activities can be both point and non-point sources of pollution. [10]

*non-point pollution is experienced at some distance from its actual source
point source pollution occurs at the place of emission*

sources of river pollution	
agricultural processes	urban processes
farm fields livestock manure and trampling	residential runoff industrial & commercial runoff construction runoff

Fig. 3.1

(b)

“Managing our water better has great benefits for wildlife, for fish and for jobs - we can no longer afford to misuse such a priceless resource.”
(environmentalist)

With reference to examples with which you are familiar, describe and assess the success of measures that aim to reduce river pollution. [30]

[Total: 40]

- 4 (a) Describe how deforestation in a Tropical Rain Forest would affect the stores and flows of nutrients shown in Fig. 4.1. [10]

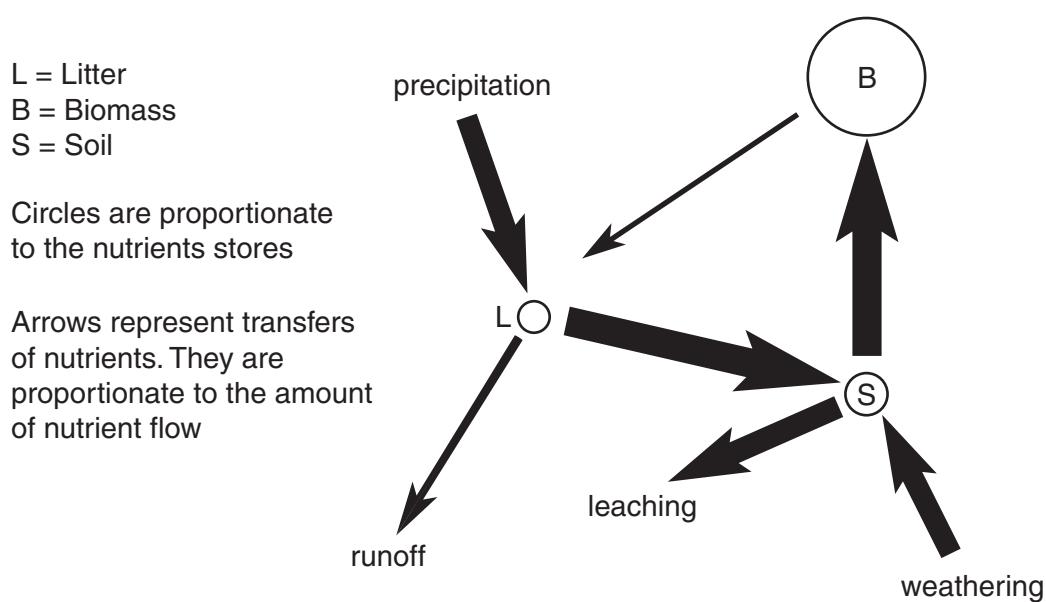


Fig. 4.1

- (b) Describe how human activity can have a destructive effect upon an ecosystem or biome you have studied. Assess the measures that have been or might be adopted to limit these effects. [30]

[Total: 40]

- 5 (a) Using examples, explain how the stages shown in Fig. 5.1 provide an optimistic view of population growth and economic development for a country or region. [10]

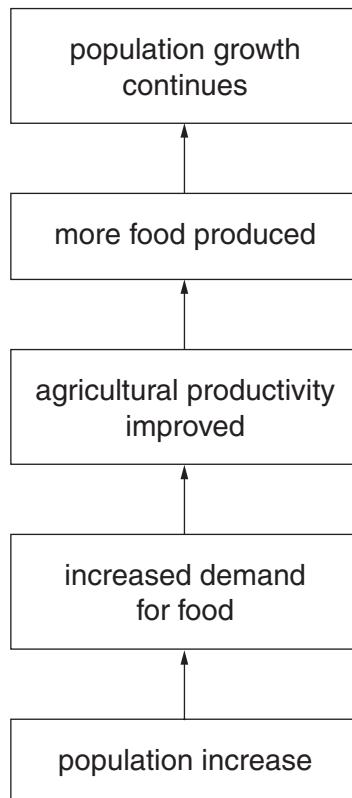


Fig. 5.1

- (b) For **either** a developing country (LEDC) **or** developed country (MEDC) of your choice, describe the pressures that population growth is placing upon **either** its water resources **or** its biological resources. Assess the measures that are aimed at reducing these pressures.

[30]

[Total: 40]

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