

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

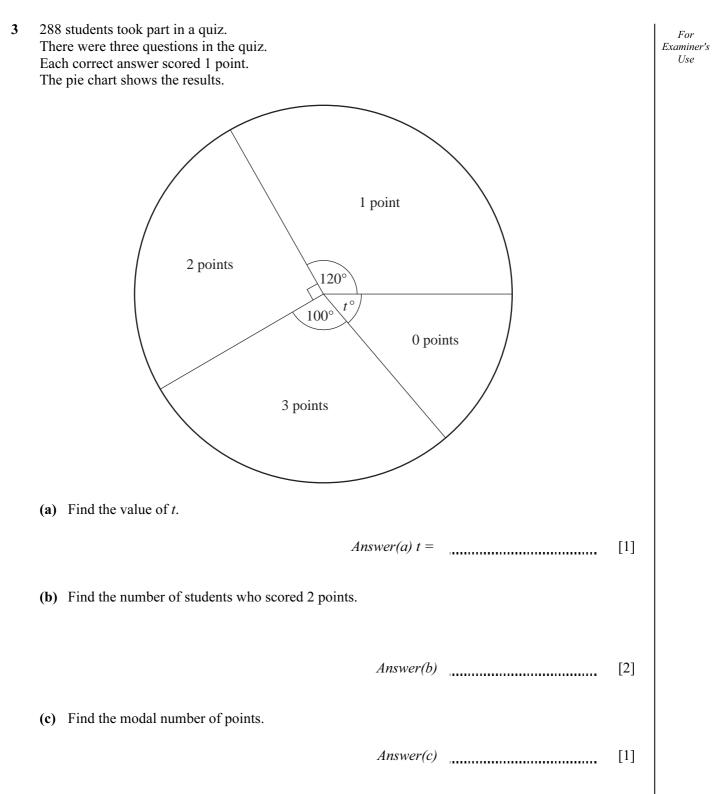
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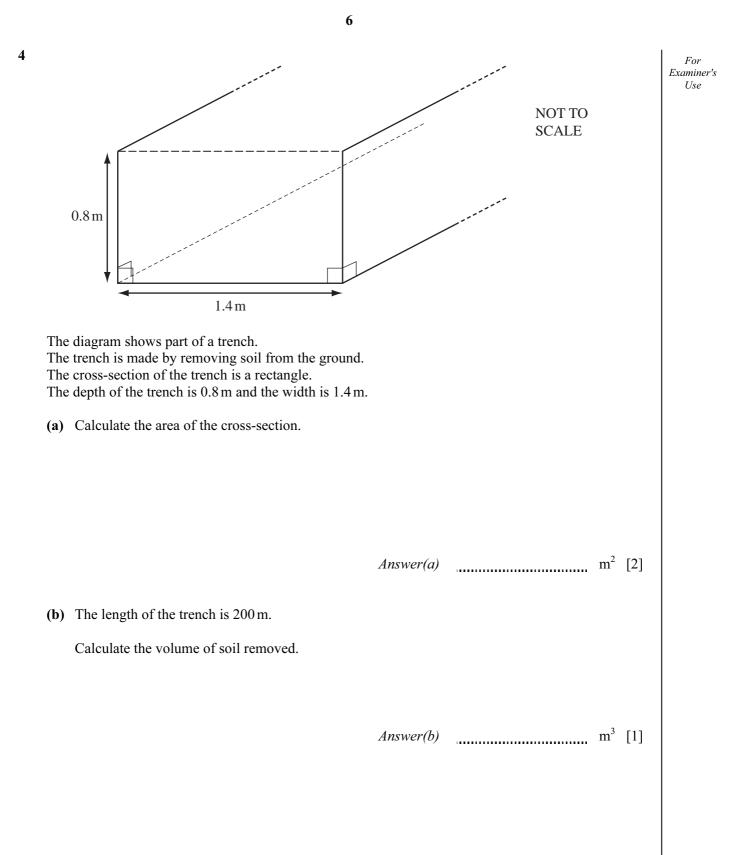
		2	
1	At a	a theatre, adult tickets cost \$5 each and child tickets cost \$3 each.	For
	(a)	Find the total cost of 110 adult tickets and 85 child tickets.	Examiner's Use
	(b)	Answer(a) \$ [2] The total cost of some tickets is \$750. There are 120 adult tickets.	
		Work out the number of child tickets.	
	(c)	<i>Answer(b)</i> [2] The ratio of the number of adults to the number of children during one performance is	
	(0)	adults : children = $3 : 2$.	
		(i) The total number of adults and children in the theatre is 150.	
		Find the number of adults in the theatre.	
		<i>Answer(c)</i>(i) [2](ii) For this performance, find the ratio total cost of adult tickets : total cost of child tickets. Give your answer in its simplest form.	
	(d)	Answer(c)(ii) :	
		<i>Answer(d)</i> \$ [2]	
	(e)	The cost of a child ticket is reduced from \$3 to \$2.70.	
		Calculate the percentage decrease in the cost of a child ticket.	
		Answer(e) % [3]	

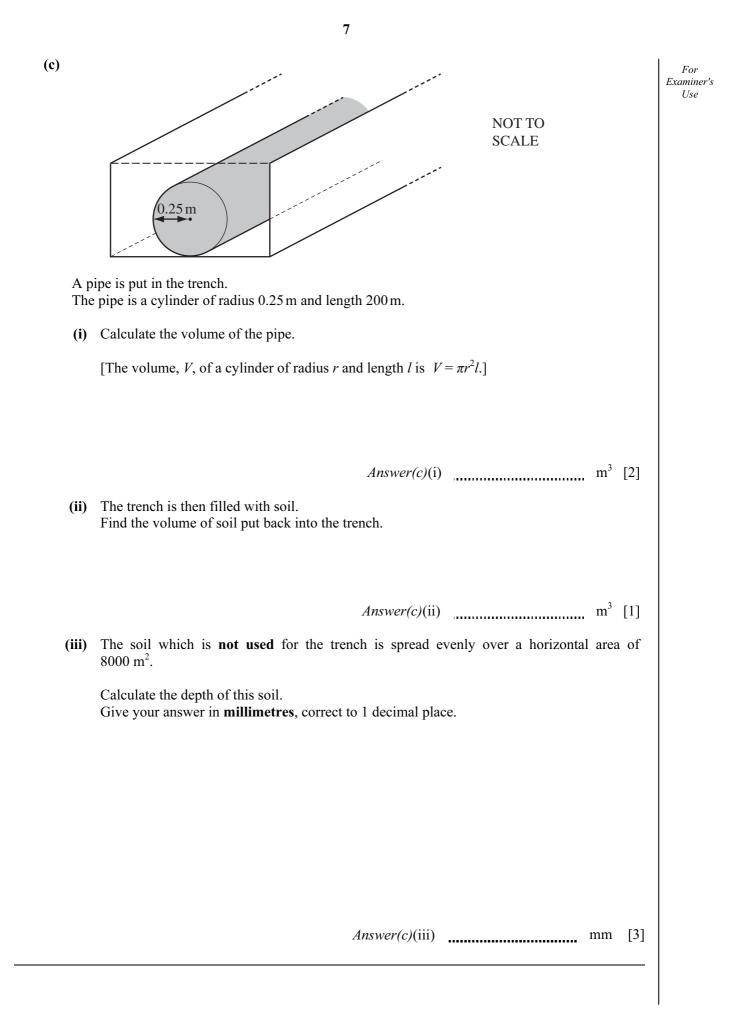
	PQ	
(a)]	In the space above, construct triangle PQR with $QR = 9$ cm and $PR = 7$ cm.	
]	Leave in your construction arcs. The line PQ is already drawn.	[2]
(b)	Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct	
	(i) the perpendicular bisector of PR ,	[2]
((ii) the bisector of angle QPR .	[2]
(c)	Shade the region inside the triangle PQR which is	
	nearer to P than to R and nearer to PQ than to PR .	[1]
(d) ′	Triangle PQR is a scale drawing with a scale 1 : 50 000.	
	Find the actual distance <i>QR</i> . Give your answer in kilometres.	
	Answer(d)	km [2]

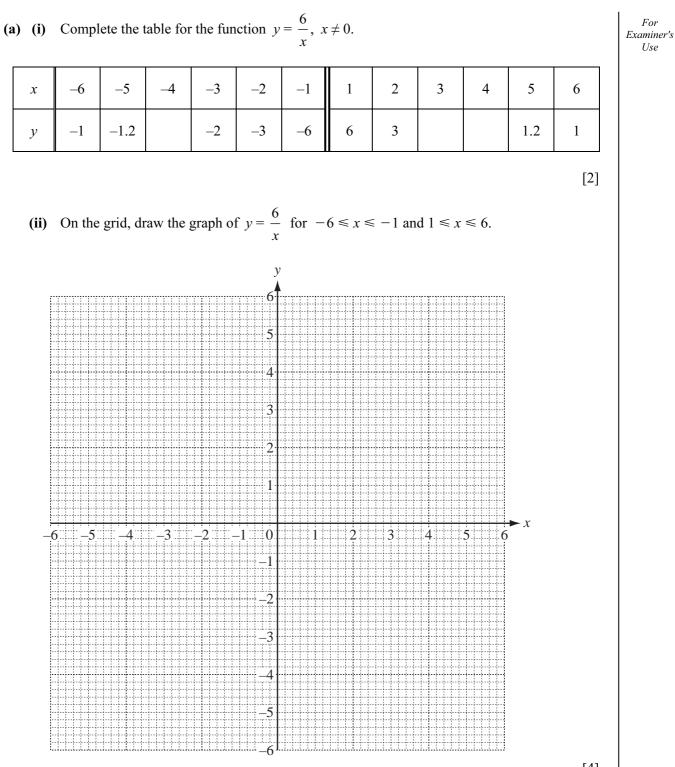
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(d) (i) Use	e the information in the pie	e chart to co	mplete the free	uency tabl	e for the 288 st		For xaminer
	Number of points	0	1	2	3		Use
	Number of students						
(ii) Cal	culate the mean number o	f points.				[2]	
			Answer(d)(ii)		[3]	
(e) One stud	dent is chosen at random.						
Find the	probability that this stude	ent scored					
(i) 3 p	oints,						
(**) -+ 1	and 1 maint		Answer(e)()		[1]	
(ii) at l	east 1 point,						
			Answer(e)(i)		[2]	
(iii) mo	re than 3 points.						
			Answer(e)(i	ii)		[1]	
(f) 1440 stu	idents took part in the sam	e quiz.					
How ma	any students would be exp	ected to scor	re 3 points?				
			Answer	ſ)		[1]	





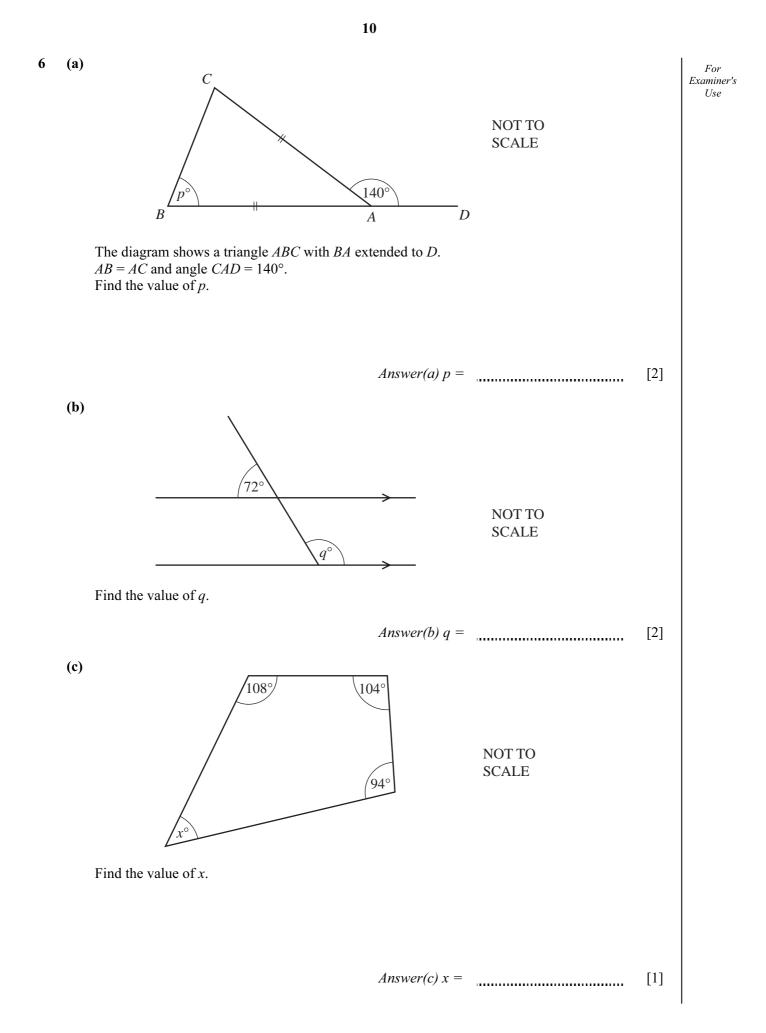


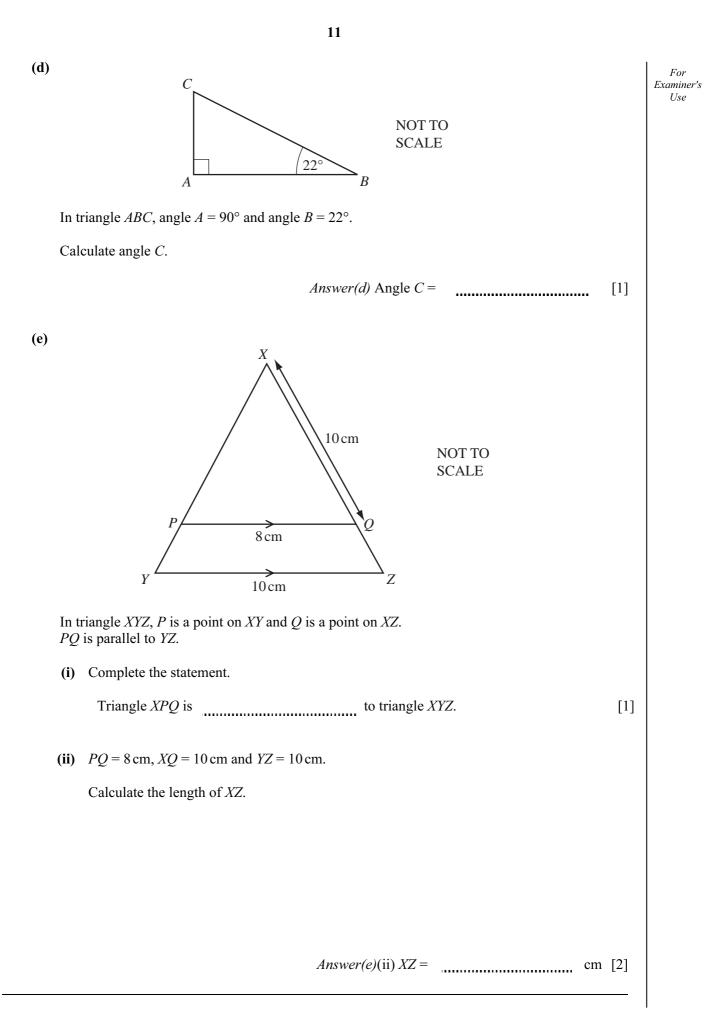
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[4]

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(b) (i)	Complet	te the tab	ole for th	e functio	on $y = \frac{x}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$ -2.						For Examiner's Use
	x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4		
	У	6	2.5			-2			2.5	6		
											[2]	
(ii)	On the g	rid oppo	osite, dra	w the gra	aph of <i>y</i>	$r = \frac{x^2}{2}$ -	-2 for -	$-4 \leq x \leq$	≨ 4.		[4]	
	1 4	1	1.	6.4	• • • • •		6.1					
(c) Writ	e down t	he co-or	dinates c	of the poi	int of int	ersection	n of the t	wo grapi	ns.			
							Answer((c)(·	.)[2]	

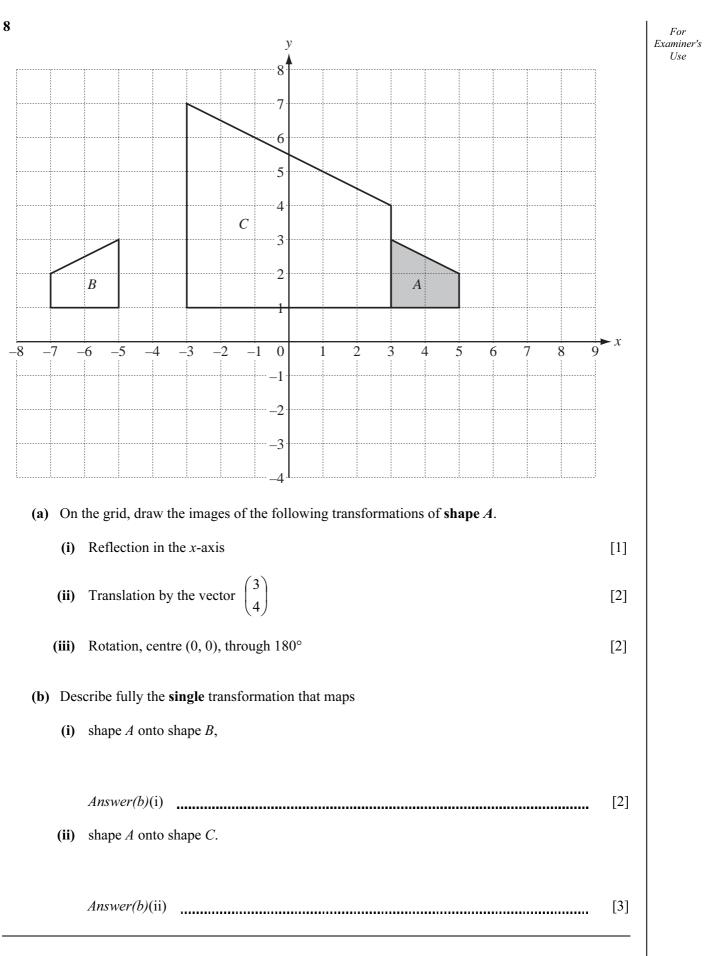


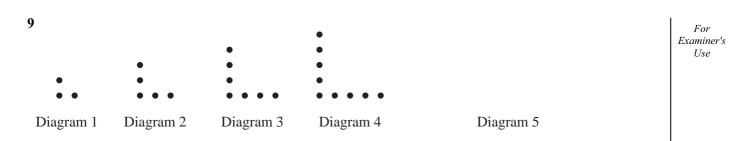


7 (a) Solve the equations.
(b)
$$2x + 3 = 15 - x$$

(c) $2x + 3 = 15 - x$
(d) $\frac{2y - 1}{3} = 7$
(e) $\frac{2y - 1}{3} = 7$
(f) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(i) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(ii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(iii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(iii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(iii) $2 = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(i) $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{u - 1}$
(j) $\frac{1}{u - 1}$
(j) \frac

(b)	Write down equations to show the following.(i) p is equal to r plus two times q.	For Examiner's Use
	Answer(b)(i) [1] (ii) k is equal to the square of the sum of l and m .	
	<i>Answer(b)</i> (ii) [2]	
(c)	Pierre walks for 2 hours at w km/h and then for another 3 hours at $(w-1)$ km/h.	
	The total distance of Pierre's journey is 11.5 km.	
	Find the value of <i>w</i> .	
	Answer(c) w = [4]	





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The Diagrams above form a pattern.

- (a) Draw Diagram 5 in the space provided.
- (b) The table shows the numbers of dots in some of the diagrams. Complete the table.

Diagram	1	2	3	4	5	10	п
Number of dots	3	5					

(c) What is the value of *n* when the number of dots is 737?

Answer(c) [2]

(d) Complete the table which shows the total number of dots in consecutive pairs of diagrams.

For example, the **total** number of dots in Diagram 2 and Diagram 3 is 12.

Diagrams	1 and 2	2 and 3	3 and 4	4 and 5	10 and 11	n and $n + 1$
Total number of dots	8	12	16			

[3]

[1]

[5]

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