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## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## 0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/11

Paper 1 (Core), maximum raw mark 56

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

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## **Abbreviations**

cao correct answer only cso correct solution only

dep dependent

ft follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

www without wrong working

Qu.	Part	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1		121 042	1	
2		250	1	
3		86.7 or 86.74 to 86.75	1	
4	(a)	42 000	1	
	(b)	10 381 cao	1	
5	(a)	2	1	
	(b)	Both lines drawn	1	
6	(a)	(4, 1)	1	
	(b)	Point plotted at (-1, 3)	1	
7		3a – 4b Final Answer	2	<b>B1</b> for answer $3a \pm jb$ or $ka - 4b$ or <b>SC1</b> for answer reached in working then spoilt
8		5.293 cao	2	<b>B1</b> for 5.29 or 5.292 to 5.2927
9		125	2	<b>B1</b> for 55 <b>or</b> 125 in any other correct position on diagram or <b>M1</b> for 180 – 55

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				17.5
10		7.7	2	<b>M1</b> for $44 \times \frac{17.5}{100}$ oe
11	(a)	6561 cao	1	
	(b)	1	1	
12		4.8 oe	2	M1 for $5 + 19 = 3x + 2x$ oe or better or B1 $24 - 2x = 3x$ oe or $5 = 5x - 19$ oe
13		[Other angle could be] 84	2	M1 for 180 – (48 + 48) or SC1 shows that two angles of 66 are needed to make an isosceles triangle
14	(a)	$\frac{2}{6}$ oe	1	
	(b)	200 Final answer	1FT	FT 600 × their (a) providing their (a) is a probability
15		435, 445 cao	2	B1 for one value in correct place or SC1 for both values correct but reversed
16	(a)	4	1	
	(b)	7 nfww	2	M1 for a correctly ordered list of at least 8 numbers
17		944 cao	3	<b>M1</b> for $800 \times 6 \times \frac{3}{100}$ oe
				A1 for 144 A1 FT Dependent on M1 scored for their 144 + 800 evaluated
18	(a)	Ruled perpendicular line through <i>P</i>	1	± 2°
	(b)	Correct ruled line drawn with 2 correct sets of arcs	2	<b>B1</b> for correct line without correct arcs or for 2 sets of correct arcs with no line
19		6.6 cao	3	M1 for $\sin 56 = \frac{h}{8}$ oe or better
				A1 for 6.63 A1 FT Dependent on M1 scored for their answer correctly rounded to 2sf

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20	(a)	$ \begin{pmatrix} 16 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} $ $ \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} $	2	B1 for each correct component
	(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for each correct component
21	(a)	$\frac{9}{12} - \frac{1}{12}$ oe $= \frac{8}{12}$ oe $= \frac{2}{3}$	M1	Must be shown.
		$[=] \frac{8}{12} \text{ oe } [=] \frac{2}{3}$	M1	Both fractions must be shown
	(b)	$\frac{5}{2} \times \frac{4}{25}$ oe	M1	Must be shown
		Cancelling shown or $\frac{20}{50}$ oe [=] $\frac{2}{5}$	M1	<b>Dependent</b> and cancelling shown or a fraction and then $\frac{2}{5}$ must be shown
22	(a)	6b( a – 4c) Final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for answer $6(ab-4bc)$ or $3b(2a-8c)$ or $2b(3a-12c)$ or $b(6a-24c)$
	(b)	n(j+k) or $nj+nk$ oe Final answer	2	M1 for one correct step of a two-step method or SC1 for $[m] = k + jn$ or $[m] = j + kn$
23	(a)	(i) 11	1	
		(ii) subtract 4 oe	1	
	(b)	2, 6, 10 cao	1	
	(c)	3n-4 oe	2	<b>B1</b> for answer $3n \pm k$ , where $k$ is an integer