

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper
for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/06

Paper 6 (Extended), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

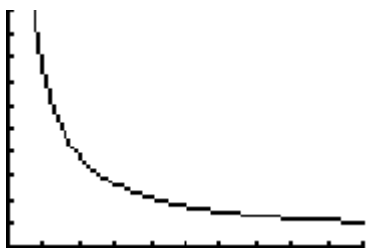
Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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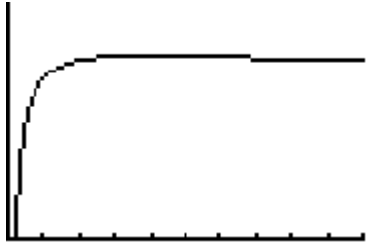
Question	Answer	Mark	Notes	Comments														
A1 (a)	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><i>A</i></td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>p</i></td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> <td>8</td> <td>10</td> <td>12</td> <td>14</td> </tr> </table>	<i>A</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	<i>p</i>	4	6	8	10	12	14	3	B1 for entries 2, 3 and 8 B2 for other entries	deduct 1 per error or omission
<i>A</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6												
<i>p</i>	4	6	8	10	12	14												
(b)	$(p =) 2A + 2$ or $(p =) 2(A + 1)$ oe	2	B1 for $2A$															
(c)	$(A =) \frac{1}{2}p - 1$ or $(A =) \frac{p-2}{2}$ or $(A =) \frac{1}{2}(p-2)$	2	B1 for their $\frac{1}{2}p$	ft from (b) if linear with two terms and coefficient of A more than 1														
(d)	$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 - 1$ oe $= 2$ $A = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 2$	3	M1ft A1 cao C1	Assume M1 for $p = 6$ SC1 for 2 if C1 not awarded evidence of working out areas														
2 (a)	2, 3, 4	1	B1															
(b)	increase in $A =$ increase in i oe	1	B1	$A = i$ is not accepted														
(c)	$p > 2$ or $p \geq 3$ oe	1	B1	There must be no upper bound other than 4 Communication for implying p is an integer														
3	$p = 12$ $i = 10$ $\frac{1}{2}p + i - 1 = 15$ $A = 10 + \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 2$ or similar	4	A1 M1 for substitution using Pick's equation M1 for use of areas seen in calculations or diagrams. A1 (using area method) cao	SC1 for 15														
4	$3\frac{1}{2} + 4 - 1$ s.o.i. $A = 6\frac{1}{2}$	2	M1 A1 OR B2	Communication														

5	(a)	$p = 10 \quad i = 0$ $p = 8 \quad i = 1$ $p = 4 \quad i = 3$	2		+2 for each correct pair except $p = 6, i = 2$ -2 for each wrong pair and round up.
	(b)		3	B1 for each quadrilateral	Communication mark for $\frac{1}{2}p + i - 1 = 4$ oe corresponding to their correct p and i Ignore extra shapes. (Further quadrilaterals are possible).
			1	Communication mark	Awarded in questions 2(c), 4 or 5(a)
[Total: 25]					Scaled to 20

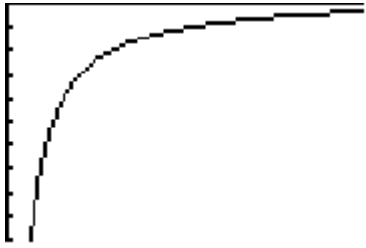
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B1	(a) (i)	$1 + 5\%$ (oe) = 1.05 multiply by 1.05 each year	2	R1 R1	may be seen in formula
	(ii)	\$1630 or better	1	A1	Ignore extra decimal places.
	(b)	1000×1.05^y	1	B1	
	(c) (i)	$1000 \times 1.05^y = 2000$ OR To double 1000 multiply 1000 by 2	1	B1	
	(ii)	$y = \frac{\log 2}{\log 1.05}$ or $y = \log_{1.05} 2$ between 14.20 and 14.21	1 1	B1 A1	Communication mark for $\log_{1.05} 2 = \log 2$ or $y \log 1.05 = \log 2$ or $\log_{1.05} 2 = \log 2 / \log 1.05$ SC1 $14.2 \log 1.05 = 0.301 = \log 2$
	(d) (i)	$\frac{x}{100} = x\%$	1	R1	$1 + \frac{x}{100}$ replaces 1.05 in calculations
(ii)		2	G1 shape G1 not touching either axis	generous benefit of doubt	
2	(a)	B or $(y =) \frac{k}{x}$	1	B1	Accept reciprocal or inverse variation
	(b)	$y = \frac{70}{x}$	1	B1ft	Accept $k = 70$ Condone 71 If wrong model then 2 figures or better (truncated or rounded) for k from: A 2.84 C 0.584 D 14.25 (degrees) or 50.059 (radians) E 19.2

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3	35 (years)	1	B1ft	<p>If $k = 71$ in 2(b), then 35.5 or 36</p> <p>If wrong model then 2 figures (truncated or rounded) or better from</p> <p>A 5.68 C 2.27 D 14.245 or -20.8 E 17.2</p>
4	<p>(a) (i) 10.2 (years) or better, seen</p> <p>(ii) 10 (years)</p> <p>(b) 0.2 (years)</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>B1 their $70 \div 7$</p> <p>B1ft</p>	<p>If $k = 71$ 10.1 or better, seen</p> <p>their credited 4(a)(i) – their credited 4(a)(ii)</p> <p>If wrong model (ignoring negatives) then 2 figures or better truncated or rounded from</p> <p>A 19.88 C 27.832 D 14.148 or 37.74 E 12.2</p>
5	<p>(a) </p> <p>(b) 0.31 years</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>G1</p> <p>B1ft</p>	<p>Communication mark only for roughly correct shape with a sensible vertical scale with max > 1 cm from x-axis</p> <p>Does not touch vertical axis. Accept horizontal after the maximum</p> <p>Accept 0.3 Do not follow through wrong model Follow-through from $k = 71$ giving 0.29</p>

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6	The model is accurate for $1 \leq x \leq 100$	[1]	B1 with reasonable lower limit	Lower limit between 0.5 and 3 Communication mark for: (a) It is accurate to within 0.31 years or (b) The difference between the models becomes extremely large as x approaches 0. 
	Model is not accurate with x close to 0.	[1]	B1	
		[2]	C1 for one communication mark C2 for two	Communication marks possible in 1(c)(ii) , 5(a) and 6
[Total: 22]				Scaled to 20