



# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS**

0607/23

Paper 2 (Extended)

May/June 2012

45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper

Additional Materials:

Geometrical Instruments

### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

### CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER.

All answers should be given in their simplest form.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 40.

For Examiner's Use

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



## Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A=2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

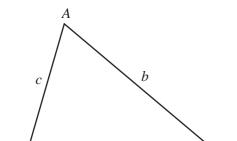
$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$



а

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Area = 
$$\frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

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Answer	all	the	questions
AllSWCI	an	uic	questions

1 (a) Find the value of  $49^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ .

Answer(a) [1]

**(b)** When  $x^{-2} = 4$  write down the values of x.

Answer(b) x = or x = [2]

2 (a) Factorise

$$6x^2 - x - 2$$
.

Answer(a) [2]

**(b)** Solve the equation

$$6x^2 - x - 2 = 0$$
.

$$Answer(b) \quad x = \qquad \qquad \text{or } x = \qquad \qquad [1]$$

$$3 p = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} q = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find

(a) 
$$2p - 3q$$
,

Answer(a) [2]

**(b)** |**p**|.

*Answer(b)* [2]

4 Find the next two terms in this sequence.

2,

- 1,
- 6,
- 15,
- 31, .....

Answer \_\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

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5 Factorise completely.

(a)	pq-	py+	xy –	qx

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Answer(a) [2]

**(b)**  $32c^2 - 50d^2$ 

Answer(b) [2]

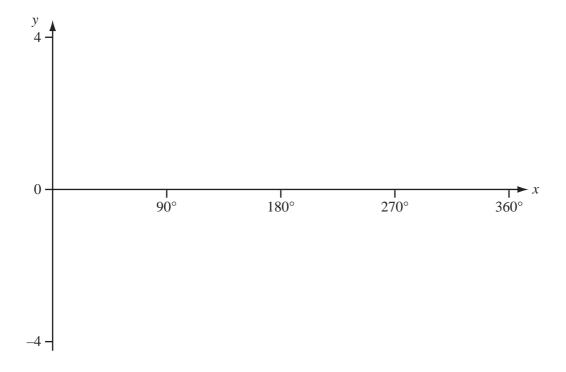
- 6 (a) For the function  $y = 3 \sin 2x$  write down
  - (i) the amplitude,

Answer(a)(i) [1]

(ii) the period.

*Answer(a)*(ii) [1]

**(b)** Sketch the graph of  $y = 3\sin 2x$  on the axes below for  $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$ .



[2]

7	Solve the simultaneous	equations.
---	------------------------	------------

$$3p + 4q = 7$$
$$5p + 6q = 10$$

American	n —	
Answer	$\rho$ –	

$$q =$$
 [4]

8 y varies directly as  $x^2$ , where x is a positive integer. When x = 3, y = 108.

Calculate the value of x when y = 300.

$$Answer x = [3]$$

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[3]

			7		
9	Joe is training for	a triathlon.			
	• cycles 2	ng session he km in 15 minutes, 0 km at a speed of 20 km/ speed of 8 km/h for 45 m			
		erage speed for the trainir in kilometres per hour.	ng session.		
			Answer	 km/h	[3]
10	Solve the equation	$\frac{x+3}{7} - \frac{3(x-1)}{14} = 1$			

Questions 11 and 12 are on the next page.

 $Answer \, x =$ 

Examiner's Use

11	(a)	Write as a single logarithm.		
		$\log 3 + \log 4 - \log 2$		
			Answer(a)	[1]
	<b>(b)</b>	Make x the subject of $y = \log_3 x$ .		
			Answer(b) x =	[1]
	(c)	Simplify completely.		
		$\frac{\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{3}}$		
		VS		
				F13
			Answer(c)	[1]
12		co-ordinates of three points are $A(-2, 6)$ ,	B(6, 2) and $C(-2, -2)$ .	
	(a)	Find the gradient of AB.		
			Answer(a)	[1]
	(b)	D is the midpoint of $AB$ .		L-J
	(~)	By using gradients show that the straight	lines AB and CD are not perpendicular	
		by using gradients show that the straight	inico 115 una C5 ure not perpendicular.	
				[3]

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