UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/04

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 120

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	Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' v	n Syllabus Paper			
		IGCSE – October/Novemb	er 2011	1 0607 04		
1	(a) (i) (ii) (iii)	12 22 1.95 oe 574 (574.3 to 574.4)	1 1 2 FT	M1 for 1120 ÷ <i>their</i> (a)(ii) FT <i>their</i> (a)(ii)		
(b)		7 h 30 min	3 FT	 M1 for dividing <i>their</i> (a)(ii) by 0.26 oe in minutes by 0.26 M1 (dependent) on correct conversion of <i>their</i> time, if seen, into hours and minute, but number of minutes remaining not zero FT <i>their</i> (a)(ii) but could recover and be a correct time. 		
2	(a)	CBX oe	1	Allow <i>CBA</i> and <i>B</i>		
	(b)	10.5	2	M1 for $\frac{XC}{6} = \frac{7}{4}$ oe (<i>XC</i> can be a denominator)		
	(c)	10.7 (10.67 – 10.68)	2	M1 for $\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^2$ or $\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2$ oe seen		
3	(a)	65.73	4	M2 for 480×1.026^5 oe M1 for 480×1.026^n oe $n > 1$ M1 for their amount – 480 (dependent on at least M1 already) Allow B4 also for 65.7 or 65.73 Allow 66 but only if 546 seen for amount		
	(b)	$480 \times 1.026^{x} = 800$ oe	M1	May be implied by next M		
		Any correct way of solving this e.g. $x = \frac{\log(800/480)}{\log 1.026}$	M1	(19.90 implies M2 but with working). Allow clear and organised trial and improvement for M 's		
		or graph sketched 20	A1	www 3 but only allow SC2 for correct answer without any working		

Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version			Syllabus	Paper	
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4	(a)	8.95 (8.951 to 8.952)	www 3 3		$(BC =) \frac{12\sin 48}{\sin 95} \text{ oe}$ $\frac{\sin 48}{BC} = \frac{\sin 95}{12} \text{ oe}$		
	(b)	$(\cos D) = \frac{11^2 + 7^2 - 12}{2.11.7}$ 80.3 (80.28)	$\frac{2^2}{2}$ $2^$		correct full implicit	statement	
5	(a)	- 0.69, 2.19	M	e.g. corr answers e.g. full substitue If A0 , w 0.7 or – 2.186 or	explicit formula wi	th values ting, SC1 for – and 2.2 or	
	(b)	30	3	SC2 for correct SC2 for If B0 , S in f(<i>x</i>)	both answers corre	et SC1 for one atting $2x - 3$ for x	
6	(a)	$\frac{260}{360} \times \pi \times 4.7^{2}$ Angle at centre for trian $0.5 \times 4.7 \times 4.7 \times \sin(th)$ 61(.0) (60.97 to 61.00	neir 100°) M	Could b Only all this area	a fraction $\times \pi \times 4.7^2$ e on diagram ow if use acute/obtu i is + ve (10.87)		
	(b)	146 000 (146 300 to 14	46 500) 2 1		• (a) × 2400 their (a) × figs 24 (i	implied by figs	
	(c)	220 000	31	M1 (b) 2238 o or 2240. B1 (inder rounding		et 2sf	

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7	(a)	150, 100	2	
	(b)	70.9 (70.86 to 70.87)	2 FT	M1 for mid-values seen, at least 2 correct FT <i>their</i> table in (a)
8	(a) (i) and (b) (i)		2	Only penalise rounding not to 4 sf once, but must be at least 2 sf. B1 for correct curve but poor quality, ignoring axes
	(ii)	(-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0)	2	B1 for 2 correct
	(iii)	x = 0	1	
	(iv)	(-0.7071, -0.25), (0.7071, -0.25),	2	
	(v)	$(\mathbf{f}(x)) \geq -0.25$	1 FT	FT <i>their</i> min point, if both y's the same. Condone $x \ge -0.25$. Also condone strict inequality
	(b) (i)	Correct sketch	2	B1 for correct curve but poor quality, ignoring axes
	(ii)	0.6781	1	
	(c) (i)	0.4988, 1.221	2	
	(ii)	0.4988 < <i>x</i> < 1.221	1 FT	Condone \leq or in words FT <i>their</i> (i)
9	(a)	548	2	M1 for 2 $(12 \times 10 + 12 \times 7 + 10 \times 7)$
	(b)	35(.0) (34.98 to 34.99)	2	M1 for $\tan = 7/10$ oe
	(c)	17.1 (17.11 to 17.12)	3	M2 for $\sqrt{12^2 + 10^2 + 7^2}$ oe or M1 for Pythag oe in one face

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10 (a) (i)	96		1			
(ii)	154	l.	2	M1 for	using angles of pe	ntagon total 540°
(b)	61		2	SC1 for diagram	t angle $DBC = 35$ (n)	may be on
(c) (i)	par	allelogram	1			
(ii)	84		1			
(d) (i)	26		1			
(ii)	For	example, angle $DXB \neq$ angle DYB	1	Reasonable evidence of contradiction of a circle property		
11 (a)			4	asked fo	values on axes sind or of one if 2 or mor	
(b) (i)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} -2\\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ oe		2		er words allowed worded description	in place of
(ii)	Stretch x-axis invariant oe factor 2 oe		3		/ N 2	r B1 dependent
(iii)	Ref	flection, <i>x</i> -axis oe	2	for 180°	ment then B1 for (

Page 6		Mark Scheme: Teachers'	Syllabus	Paper			
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12 (a)	foll Ind 0.1	e diagram drawn one pair branches owed by two pairs of branches ication of raining and bike rides 5 and 0.85, 0.3 and 0.7, and 0.9 and correctly placed	B1 B3	B1 each pair in correct place			
(b) (i)	0.7	65 oe ft	2 FT	M1 for <i>their</i> 0.85×0.9 ft <i>their</i> diagram if labelled			
(ii)	0.8	1 oe cao	2	M1 for (i) + 0.15 × 0.3 or correct re-start			
(c)	12	ft	1 FT	FT <i>thei</i> or 12.2	FT <i>their</i> (b)(ii) × 15. Allow 12.15 or 12.1 or 12.2		
13 (a)	<i>y</i> =	3 oe	1				
(b)	<i>x</i> +	y = 4 oe	2	M1 for gradient of -1 or equation of line with gradient of -1			
(c)	<i>y</i> =	=2x-4 oe	2	Must be full equation then B1 for $2x$ and B1 for -4			
(d)	(22)	/ ₃ , 1/ ₃)	2	Allow correct values of x and y if not in co-ordinate form Allow 2.6 rec or 2.66 to 2.67, 1.3 rec or 1.33 SC1 for 2.6 and 1.3 or 2.7 and 1.3			
(e)	<i>y</i> ≤	$3 x+y \ge 4 y \le 2x-4$	2 FT	T SC1 for 2 correct FT <i>their</i> lines if reasonable. Co inequalities.		e. Condone strict	
14 (a)	(10	, 11), (20, 20), (17, 15), (9, 8) plotted	2	P1 for 3	3 correct		
(b)	Pos	itive	1				
(c) (i)	13.	2	1				
(ii)	0.8	79x + 1.07	2	Allow 0.8792 to 0.8793 and 1.065 to 1.066 SC1 for 0.88 <i>x</i> + 1.1			
(iii)		ed line through (13.8, 13.2) or (20, 65 to 18.7) and (0, 0.5 to 1.5)	2	Must be ruled with positive gradient then B1 through each point. Point on <i>y</i> -axis need not be indicated but other one must be			
(iv)	17	cao	1	Integer	answer only		

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<u>г </u>		1	
15 (a) (i)	$\frac{360}{n}$	1	
(ii)	$\frac{360}{n+3}$	1	
(b)	$\frac{360}{n} - \frac{360}{n+3} = 4$ oe	B1 FT	ft <i>their</i> (i) – <i>their</i> (ii)
		B1	lhs = $\frac{360(n+3) - 360n}{n(n+3)}$ oe implied by next line
		M1	360(n+3) - 360n = 4n(n+3) (could still be all over $n(n+3)$) and, if first A1 line not seen, give A2
	15 cao www 5	A1 A1	$4n^2 + 12n - 1080 = 0$ or better e.g. $(n + 18)(n - 15) = 0$ Use of GDC – allow B2 for a correct graph or two correct graphs M1 (dependent) for finding zeros or <i>x</i> - coordinates of points of intersection then A1 for 15 Correct but no working SC2
		B1	Only FT case as follows: $\frac{360}{n+3} - \frac{360}{n} = 4$ which is B0 but then $lhs = \frac{360n - 360(n+3)}{n(n+3)}$ oe implied by next line
		M1 A1	360n - 360(n+3) = 4n(n+3) (could still be all over $n(n+3)$) and, if first A1 line not seen, give A2 $4n^2 + 12n + 1080 = 0$ then A0