CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0413 PHYSICAL EDUCATION

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0413/12

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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-		IGCSE – May/June 2013	0413	12
		Section A		
1	All bod	y systems work well;		
		om injuries and illness;		
	 Able to 	carry out every day physical tasks;		[1]
2	Descrir	otion of a skill that has a changing environment	t that causes the skills	to be
	adapte	d, are externally paced. Examples could be a p l, volleyball spike;		
3		t and interest of family members / family traditi	ion / friends / when one	person
		omething another one will follow; you live / location of facilities / particular sports	s in the area that you liv	<i>(</i>) :
		finances;	s in the area that you in	с,
	•	to transport;		[1]
4	 Skull; 			
•	,	etween tibia and fibula / radius and ulna;		[1]
5		ps strong bones;		
		strong muscle contractions;		
		produce haemoglobin to transport oxygen to m mones that control the rate at which you burn		
		epair and grow;		[1]
6	Sports	facilities usually offer a wide range of sports;		
	 Centres etc; 	s are often quite large to make team sports ava	ailable such as basketb	all / netball
	Cost is	maintained at a low level;		
		v centres offer sports on a pay and play basis /	no membership fees /	no need to
	pay; • Sports	at all levels are available / not just for elite per	formers / compete with	a range of
		s / ease of access;		
		nost of the day / most days of the year; / easy to access;		
	•	es made to suit local community needs;		[2]
7	Reduce	es co ordination / liable to drop the ball in crick	et / frequent miss-kickir	ng the ball /
		shaking / slower reaction time;		.g
	 Muscle weight; 	s are unable to work for as long or as hard / re	duced levels of fitness	/ increase
	-	in dehydration;		
		nd kidney damage so unable to perform;		
		on can result in a loss of drive to train and com	ipete;	
		ecision making / concentration;		
		If esteem / public image;		[2]

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8	Do notKeep the	aying and remove the cause of the friction / rest or s burst the blister / leave the blister intact; ne blister clean and dry; with a gauze / blister plaster;	stop;		[2]
9	publicit Often c Can en links wi	oublicity / public more aware of company / increase y; costs are tax deductable; hance the company's reputation / improve image in ith high quality performer raise the profile of the com ate opportunities / use of events to entertain other c	the athlete is suc	ccessful /	[2]
10	CancelEnsureStabilis	ist are muscles that act on moveable joints; out extra movement from the agonist /antagonistic es the force generated works with the desired plane ses movement at a joint; es the amount of movement to prevent fatigue;			[2]
11	 Reduce Mix with Develo Improve 	rages friendship; e stress-related illness; h new people; p / improve communication skills / getting on with ot e co operation skills; e feeling of self worth / raising confidence / self este elves;		pout	[2]
12	 introduce Extra-cc sports / Examinetc; Opporte Schools 	ils take part in sport through the curriculum / gain gr ced to a range of sport / equipment and facilities pro surricular sports give opportunities for greater involve / outdoor adventurous activities / competitive sports nation courses give opportunity to learn about a wide unities for sport scholarships to higher education; s can provide opportunities to play at regional nation s can create links with local sports clubs so students	ovided; ement / more com / extra coaching; er range of sports nal level;	npetitive / anatomy	[3]
	,				
				[Total:	20]

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		Section B1 Factors affecting performance		
(a)		de protection for major organs; s provide movement;		[2]
(b)	(i) •	 Anabolic Steroids – if candidates name a steroid cr 	edit should be giv	ven; [1]
		 Health risks Heart disease and high blood pressure; Weakened ligaments and tendons; Infertility; Cancers; Acne; Aggressive behaviour; Changes in sexual characteristics / baldness in fem 	nales:	
		 Diseases that result from injecting the drug; 	10103,	[2]
(c)	•	 Heart will be larger and stronger; More blood will be pumped around the body in eac Greater amounts of oxygen can be delivered to mu The heart does not have to work as hard so it can verequired rate to maintain performance; When exercising heart rate does not increase as me back to normal / recover quicker; 	iscles; work for longer at	
		 The working heart rate will decrease as the perform The increase in resting heart rate to working heart A lower resting heart rate indicates higher levels of The heart rate will return to normal at a faster rate; The performer will be able to work longer with hear Credit can be given to examples of tests that could 	rate will be smalle fitness; t rate at a higher	
(d)	•	 Muscles cannot receive enough oxygen; Carbohydrates are converted into glycogen as a for Glycogen can only be used for a short period of time Lactic acid is produced as a result of the lack of oxy Lactic Acid is the results from intensive exercise / a ATP is stored in the muscle and when used Lactic and the lack of a stored in the muscle and when used Lactic and the lack of a stored in the muscle and when used Lactic and the lack of a stored in the muscle and when used Lactic a stored in the muscle and when used the stored in the stored	e without oxygen ygen; inaerobic activity;	
	(ii) •	 Increase the amount of exercise undertaken / high for longer at a lower level of intensity / short high in muscular endurance; Ensure that muscles do not ache after each session ensure a good warm down after exercise; Increase aerobic capacity / anaerobic capacity; 	tensity training / i	s / work out mprove

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(e) 1 mark awarded for naming a component.

Candidates should name at least two features of a test for 1 mark.

Agility

Test – Illinois agility run cones set out to mark the course / candidates lie on their front / on the command of go get up and run / runs around the course as quickly without hitting a cone. (If a candidate draws a diagram credit should be given.);

• Balance

Test – Stork test candidate stand on one leg with the foot against the knee of the standing leg / candidate is blindfolded / the time is taken until the candidate becomes unsteady / repeat using the opposite leg;

Co ordination

Test – Alternate hand wall toss-line is drawn approx. 2 metres from a wall / candidates thrown the ball underarm against the wall / ball is caught with the other hand / repeat for 30 seconds and count the number of times the ball is caught;

• Speed of reaction

Test – ruler drop test / the candidate tries to catch a rules between thumb and index finger / the ruler is suspended between the candidate's finger / it is dropped without warning / the candidate catches the ruler and the distance is measured from where the fingers catch the ruler;

[6]

- Poor preparation immediately prior to participation / lack of sleep / poor diet no carboloading etc / poor levels of hydration/ poor mental preparation / too tired;
 - Lack of interest in the game / event;
 - Performers may be too extrinsically motivated / too little intrinsic motivation;
 - Crowds may intimidate the performer / Performer may find the noise from a crowd distracting;
 - Set-backs cause performers to become emotionally stressed / lack of self-belief;
 - Bright lights / poor performing conditions e.g. rain, wind, bad pitch;
 - Media intrusion for top performers;
 - Goal setting provides either too little or too great expectations;
 - Pressure placed by coach / family / media too great / more pressure in competitive situations / lack of support;
 - Over confident due to success in training;
 - Opposition too good / level that expected to perform at too high / opposition weak so little effort made;
 - When in competition the performer may freeze / training may not be able to replicate the competitive element;
 - Lack of experience / novice performer / not knowing the rules;

[Total: 25]

	l ugo o	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0413	12
		Section B2 Health, Safety and Training		
(a)	focus;	cope better with the stress of an event / adapt to ntrol emotions when situations go against them;	the situation /allow	/s better
		ositive about the outcome of a game / event / con	fident / enjoy the sp	port; [2
(b)	Food sourc • Fish / e	e eggs / meat - other examples of food high in prote	ein can be given;	
	Benefits			
		muscle tissue / strength; s muscle tissues / helps recover;		
	Reduce	es the level of fat in the diet;		
	 Energy 	levels are more consistent;		[3
(c)	 Ensure All equi Ground Make s Ensure Teacher oversee 	that the class are wearing correct clothing, footw that all safety equipment is used / worn / jewelle ipment is in a state of good repair/ correct equipm d is even and safe to play on / no litter etc. / weath sure students are aware of the rules of the game / that students are in appropriate groups gender for ers should have understanding of the sports being eing activity;	ry taken off / nails k nent; her conditions appr / safety requiremen / weight / ability/ siz g taught / providing	opriate; ts; ze; supervision/
	 Ensure 	correct skills are used / techniques are taught to	avoid injury / warm	י up; [4
(d)	 Increase Oxyger Waste Carbon Oxyger In the se The muture Lactic ae Less er 	irst part of the race the body uses aerobic respirate is in the breathing rate as the race progresses; in supplies energy to the muscles / more oxygen is products can be removed from the muscles quice in Dioxide is breathed out at a greater rate; in combines with glucose to produce energy; sprint the body uses anaerobic respiration; uscles cannot receive enough oxygen / fast enough acid builds up in the muscle quickly; hergy is produced but at a faster rate; is can only work for a short period of time during a	d defused into the b ker; gh;	
(e)	 Replac Essenti Eat pro tissue / Stretch Rest – preventi Active resting 	own – helps remove Lactic Acid and prevent mus- ing Fluids – Water is part of every metabolic func- ial particularly for endurance athletes / need to re- perly – depleted food stores need to be replaced complex carbohydrates replace energy / rehydra- ing – avoids muscle stiffness ; Allows the body to naturally recover and repairs to ts stress related injury; recovery – easy gentle movements helps improve ts and waste product transport;	tion and essential t hydrate; / protein help to bu ate; to tissue can take p	uild and repair

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

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- Massage aid circulations and promotes general well- being;
- Ice baths / alternate hot and cold treatment reduces muscle soreness / helps flush out waste products;
- Sleep during sleep the body produces growth hormone which aids recovery and tissue growth;
- Avoid overtraining which can cause stress, stress related injury / prevents recovery. [6]

[Total: 20]

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Section B3

Reasons and opportunities for participation in physical activity

(a) Examples could include:

New Zealand – rugby Kenya – long distance running USA – Basketball Jamaica – sprint events in athletics

- Geographical near to water / mountains etc. / altitude (Kenya);
- Climate skiing due snow, cricket due to warmer/ drier weather;
- Financial some countries provide a high level of financial support / opportunities through sponsorship etc. / some sports are cheap to play / better provision of facilities / coaches;
- Tradition Some countries play one particular sport and have done so for a considerable length of time / only country to play the sport i.e. Sumo Wrestling in Japan / teach children a sport from a young age / played everywhere/ high numbers of people participating;
- Cultural -Some sports are based on religions;
- Education some countries only play certain sports in school i.e. Russia only plays Olympic sports in school, some countries provide scholarship;
- Political support for sport;
- (b) Provide reduced fees / subsidise costs;
 - Encourage minority groups to take part in sports;
 - Run campaigns to increase community sports activities / ensure schools teach a range of sports through the curriculum;
 - Relax certain rules to accommodate religious / cultural differences;
 - Legislate to ensure access for participants with disabilities / ramps etc.;
 - Legislate to ensure equal access for men and women;
 - Ensure facilities are built in areas of high need;
- (c) Lack of media attention reduces sponsorship opportunities / less income for the sport;
 - Lack of media attention reduces the level of interest / participation / Facilities become difficult to find;
 - It becomes difficult for stars / role models to become established;
 - General public has little understanding of the sport / lack of education;
 - Minority sports are often not taught in schools due to lack of interest;
 - Some sports may be presented as dangerous / uninteresting;
 - Some sports may not be media friendly;
 - Some minority sports may be regionally based so media would have little interest so unlikely to spread;
 - Lack of interest prevents the development of a sport nationally and internationally; [4]

[2]

[3]

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- (d) Population whether there are enough people close to the centre to be able to use it;
 - Use of the natural environment e.g. use of a lake for a sailing centre / geographical features needed;
 - Suitability of the land / terrain / pollution / size of plot;
 - Cost land in certain areas can be highly expensive and may prevent the project;
 - Access needs to be close to public transport / road networks;
 - Planning permission there maybe objections to the planning locally;
 - Where the new centre is being built in relation to existing facilities;
 - If the facility caters for one sport will the demand make it worthwhile;
 - Community based factors that could include the regeneration of an area of high deprivation;

[6]

[Total: 15]