

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

0625 PHYSICS

0625/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0625	02

NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets. e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.
- underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- un.pen. means "unit penalty". An otherwise correct answer will have one mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing units are condoned.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

a)		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0625	02	
a)					
a)				GRADE	MARK
	seconds minutes l	hand at 35 s hand at or just to R of 60 (up to $\frac{1}{2}$ division)		F C	B1 B1
b)	seconds minutes	hand at 55 s hand between 4 and 5		F C	B1 B1
c) ·	4 minute	s 20 s		F	B1
		[lotal: 5]			
a)	speed = 400 (s)	distance/time in any form OR 4800/12		F F	C1 A1
b)	straight li horizonta straight li	ine up to 12 m/s, 20s $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square al line for 400 s (e.c.f. for start point and from (a)) ine down to 0 m/s at 500 s		F F F	B1 B1 B1
c)	distance OR accel. dis decel. dis NOTE: N total dista	 ½ base x height area under graph OR equation of motion stance = 120 m stance = 480 m IO MARKS for using (d) and then going back to (c) ance = 120 + 4800 + 480 stated 		F C C	C1 A1 A1 A1
d)	average OR 10.8 (m/s	speed = total distance/total time 5400/500 OR 5400/920 s) OR 11 (m/s) c.a.o.		F F [Total	C1 A1 : 11]
a)	(i) indic upwa	ation of force at A ard vertical force OR upward force at rt. angles to	card	F C	M1 A1
	(ii) large	est distance from hinge		F	B1
b) '	when C o when ver	of M lies outside base (idea of) tical through C of M lies outside base (idea of)		F C	C1 A1
c)	(i) less	than		F	B1
	(ii) idea NOT	of C of M of box raised OR matchbox less stable matchbox is taller		C	B1
	a) () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	 a) seconds minutes i minute	 a) seconds hand at 35 s minutes hand at or just to R of 60 (up to ½ division) b) seconds hand at 55 s minutes hand between 4 and 5 c) 4 minutes 20 s a) speed = distance/time in any form OR 4800/12 400 (s) b) straight line up to 12 m/s, 20s ± ½ small square horizontal line for 400 s (e.c.f. for start point and from (a)) straight line down to 0 m/s at 500 s c) distance = ½ base x height OR equation of motion accel. distance = 120 m decel. distance = 120 m decel. distance = 120 + 4800 + 480 stated c) average speed = total distance/total time OR 5400/500 OR 5400/920 10.8 (m/s) OR 11 (m/s) c.a.o. average statistance from hinge b) when C of M lies outside base (idea of) when vertical through C of M lies outside base (idea of) c) (i) less than (ii) idea of C of M of box raised OR matchbox less stable NOT matchbox is taller 	 a) seconds hand at 35 s minutes hand at or just to R of 60 (up to ½ division) b) seconds hand at 55 s minutes hand between 4 and 5 c) 4 minutes 20 s a) speed = distance/time in any form OR 4800/12 400 (s) b) straight line up to 12 m/s, 20s ± ½ small square horizontal line for 400 s (e.c.f. for start point and from (a)) straight line down to 0 m/s at 500 s c) distance = ½ base x height OR area under graph OR equation of motion accel. distance = 120 m decel. distance = 120 m decel. distance = 120 m decel. distance = 120 + 4800 + 480 stated d) average speed = total distance/total time OR 5400/500 OR 5400/920 10.8 (m/s) OR 11 (m/s) c.a.o. c) (i) indication of force at A upward force at rt. angles to card (ii) largest distance from hinge c) when C of M lies outside base (idea of) when vertical through C of M lies outside base (idea of) c) (i) less than (ii) idea of C of M of box raised OR matchbox less stable NOT matchbox is taller 	a) seconds hand at 35 s F minutes hand at or just to R of 60 (up to ½ division) C b) seconds hand at 55 s F minutes hand between 4 and 5 C c) 4 minutes 20 s F (Total) F at minutes 20 s F (Total) Speed = distance/time in any form OR 4800/12 at minutes 20 s F (Total) Speed = distance/time in any form OR 4800/12 at minutes 20 s F (Total) Speed = distance/time in any form OR 4800/12 b) speed = distance/time in any form OR 4800/12 F at the provide of the form of the form of the form (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c

	Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper				
				IGCSE – May/June 2007	0625		02			
4	(a)	(i)	large	e (bird)		F	M1			
		(ii) 🤉		F	A1					
	(b)	grea the s		F F	B1 B1					
	(c)	smal	small (bird)							
	(d)	lost/t as he		F C	M1 A1					
						[Total: 7]			
5	(a)	solid gas:	:	2, 3 and 6 ticked -1 each error (use $\checkmark + x = 0$ for 1, 4 and 5 ticked -1 each error (use $\checkmark + x = 0$ for	extras) extras)	F, C F, C	B2 B2			
	(b)	mole ment	cule	es breaking free (of surface) NOT turns into a gas of higher energy/faster/mols near surface		F C	M1 A1			
						[Total: 6]			
6	(a)	Imor	ا من							
0	(a)	temp volur		F F	B1 B1					
	(b)	(i) I		F	M1					
		 (ii) idea of raised temp increases <u>pressure</u>, therefore move piston out to decrease <u>pressure</u> 					A1			
						[Total: 4]			
7	(a)	(i)	(goo	d) conductor OR equiv. NOT conductor of elect	ricity	F	B1			
		(ii)	poor OF	conductor OR (good) insulator (allow electrical) R to stop your hand getting burned/prevent shock		F	B1			
	(b)	(i)	conc	luction		F	B1			
		(ii) a	any∶ (-1	2 of conduction, convection, radiation ticked if evaporation ticked)		F, C	B1+B1			
	(c)	equa	al to -	40W		С	B1			

	Page 5			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – May/June 2007	0625	02	
8	(a)	50				F	B1
	(b)	his (a 200	a) x ⁄ (Hz)	4 e.c.f.		F F	C1 A1
	(c)	Yes,	Hz	С	B1		
				[](otal: 4]		
9	(a)	(i) :	serie	es OR potential divider		F	B1
		(ii)	12 (2)		F	B1
		(iii)	I = V	//R in any form		F	C1
			0.5	e.c.f.		F	A1
			A C	DR amp(s) OR ampere(s) OR a		F	B1
		(iv)	his (i 5 (V)	iii) x 10) e.c.f.		F F	C1 A1
		(v)	his (i	iv)		С	B1
	(b)	(i)	1. 6 2. 0	(V) (V)		C C	B1 B1
		(ii)	C or the	clear mark positioned below A but not lower than b e word contact"	ottom of	С	B1
			allo	ow e.c.f. only if 6 and 0 in (i) are reversed		[To	tal: 12]
10	(a)	conn	nect v (any	wire across/to millivoltmeter mention of connecting to electricity/battery gets B0	here)	F	B1
		move	e wir	re across magnetic field OR move magnet past w	vire		
			OR (con	dip magnet into coil made of the wire done connect to battery/electricity here)		F	B1
	(b)	milliv	/oltm	neter deflects		F	B1
	(c)	gene OR	erato	r OR transformer OR induction coil			
		NOT	rela	y/motor/power station etc		F	B1

	Page 6		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
			02				
11	(a)	dot to ri dot to le dot by te	ght of S: ft of N: op LH corner:	horiz. line from end/pole, to right (n horiz. line from end/pole, to left (mu smooth curve from end/pole, above	nust not curve) ust not curve) e magnet,	F F	B1 B1
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	to equivalent point at south end		F	B1
		dot belo	w magnet:	smooth curve between N and S	anot not ondo	F	M1
	(b)	arrow cle	early indicating	N to S	.g,	F	B1
						[To	otal: 6]
12	(a)	(i) 2, 2,	, 0 (accept bla	nk for 0)		F	B1
		(ii) 0, 0,	, 1 (accept bla	nk for 0)		F	B1
	(b)	protons: neutrons electrons	11 s: 13 s: same as his p	protons		F C F	B1 B1 B1
	(c)	(i) 0				С	B1
		(ii) -1				С	B1
		(iii) β C	OR electron C	DR e OR B OR beta		С	B1
		[Total				otal: 8]	