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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0625 PHYSICS

0625/23

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|-------------------------------|----------|-------|
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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

o.w.t.t.e. means "or words to that effect".

Brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10(J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

OR / or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant figures

Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 significant figure is appropriate.

Units Incorrect units are not penalised, except where specified. More commonly, marks are allocated for specific units.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0.

Ignore indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

Not/NOT indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

| Page 3 | | B | Mark Scheme Syllabus | Paper | | | | |
|--------|--|-------------------|---|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | IGCSE – October/November 2013 0625 | 23 | | | | |
| 1 (a) |) 2.4 and 15.6 used 13.2 (cm) | | | | | | | |
| (b) | R.H. end at {candidate's (a) + 1.0 (cm)} | | | | | | | |
| (c) | c) 4.4 (cm) OR candidate's (a) / 3 correctly evaluated division by 4 1.1 (cm) e.c.f. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | [Total: 6] | | | | |
| 2 (a) | (i) | chen | nical | B1 | | | | |
| | (ii) | GPE | E / gravitational potential energy (allow gravitational / potential / th | nermal) B1 | | | | |
| (b) | (b) all stated quantities are appropriate for calculating power, expect weight/mass and and time | | | | | | | |
| | | | nch error or omission (minimum zero) | B2 | | | | |
| (c) | ath | lete/h | e/she is heavier o.w.t.t.e. | B1 | | | | |
| | | | | [Total: 5] | | | | |
| 3 (a) | (i) | • | statement that indicates that sound travels slower than light und travels slowly", on its own, gets zero) | B1 | | | | |
| | (ii) | | ed = distance/time in any form | C1 | | | | |
| | | 1700 340 | 0/5 | C1 A1 | | | | |
| | | m/s | | B1 | | | | |
| (b) | (i) | 2 nd b | pox ticked/before the girl | B1 | | | | |
| | (ii) bottom box ticked/louder | | | | | | | |
| | | | | [Total: 7] | | | | |

| | Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | | IGCSE – October/November 2013 | 0625 | 23 | | | |
| 4 | (a) thermor | (a) thermometer | | | | | |
| | (b) tempera | B1 | | | | | |
| | (c) mercury | / Hg / alcohol | | B1 | | | |
| | (d) put it in melting | ice | | M1 A1 | | | |
| | (e) <u>liquid/H</u> | g/alcohol expands/moves along tube/gets hotter | | B1 | | | |
| | | | | [Total: 6] | | | |
| 5 | . , . , | ss same distance from mirror, joining cross and object would be perpendicular t | o mirror, | B1 B1 | | | |
| | (ii) refle | ected ray going down to left | | B1 | | | |
| | EIT | HER line of reflected ray, goes through candidate | e's dot | B1 | | | |
| | OR | angles of incidence and reflection are equa | al, by eye | | | | |
| | ` ' | (iii) normal shown correctly drawn,i and r correctly marked | | | | | |
| | virtual same he upright | nirror stance from mirror | ny 2 | B1+B1 | | | |
| | (c) light refl | ected at each surface / both sides | | B1 | | | |
| | | | | [Total: 9] | | | |

| | Pa | ge 5 | | | | Syllabus | | | | | |
|---|-----|---|---|-------------|--------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|------|----|------------|
| | | | <u> </u> | GCSE – | October/No | ovembe | er 20 | 13 | 0625 | | 23 |
| 6 | (a) | (i) further apart at bottom / 2nd box ticked | | | | | | | | | M1 |
| | | (ii) like charges repel / positive charges repel other positive charges | | | | | | | | A1 | |
| | (b) | (i) closer together at bottom / bottom box ticked | | | | | | | | M1 | |
| | | (ii) unlik | (ii) unlike/opposite/different charges/ + and - / attract | | | | | | | A1 | |
| | (c) | moves to | | | towards roo away from | | OR OR | attracted repelled | • | | B1 B1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | [Total: 6] |
| 7 | (a) | conduction | n | | | | | | | | B1 |
| | (b) | convection | 'n | | | | | | | | B1 |
| | (c) | conduction | | | | | | | | | B1 B1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | [Total: 4] |
| 8 | (a) | (radio) infra-red visible ultra-viol X-rays gamma | et | | | | | | | | B2 |
| | | note: all 5 correct gains B2, any 3 consecutive in correct order, even if shifted in list, gains B1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) | between | radio ar | nd infra-re | d | | | | | | В1 |
| | (c) | idea that | microwa | aves can | be hazardo | us | | | | | B1 |
| | (d) | commun GPS/sate satellite | ellite nav V | _ | } | any 1 | | | | | B1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | [Total: 5] |

| | Page 6 | | Syllabus | Paper |
|----|---------|---|----------|----------------|
| | | IGCSE – October/November 2013 | 0625 | 23 |
| 9 | (a) (i) | 0.3 (A) | | B1 |
| | (ii) | 0.3 (A) | | B1 |
| | 0.3 | : <i>V/I</i> in any form OR <i>IR</i> × 10 <i>V</i>) OR 3.0 (V) | | C1 C1 A1 |
| | (c) (i) | variable resistor / variable resistance / rheostat | | B1 |
| | (ii) | zero OR $0(\Omega)$ OR "nothing" stated | | B1 |
| | (iii) | decreases | | B1 |
| | | | | [Total: 8] |
| 10 | (a) (i) | 4th box ticked | | B1 |
| | (ii) | p.d. / 12 V / voltage is shared between two resistors LDR more than half / greater share of 12 V | | B1 B1 |
| | (b) (i) | any 3 from: current in coil coil becomes electromagnet magnetic field (generated) around coil coil attracts / closes switch | | ВЗ |
| | (ii) | lights up o.w.t.t.e. | | B1 |
| | (c) (i) | in darkness | | B1 |
| | (ii) | 1st box ticked | | B1 |
| | | | | [Total: 9] |
| | | | | |

| | Page 7 | | , | | Mark Scher | | | labus | Paper |
|----|--------|-------|--|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|
| | | | | IGCSE - | October/Nov | vember 2013 | 0 | 625 | 23 |
| 11 | (a) | (i) | plas | plastic absorbs alpha / alpha will not penetrate plastic / will not be detected | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | more | e particles reach | detector where | n closer | | | B1 |
| | | (iii) | idea | of short half-life | will cause ina | ccuracy over tin | ne or will nee | d replacing | B1 |
| | (b) | (i) | 88 | | | | | | B1 |
| | | (ii) | | 88 / i.e. candid/ e.c.f. | ate's (b)(i) | | | | C1 A1 |
| | | (iii) | | – 222 = 4 OR article | 88 – 86 = 2 | | | | C1 A1 |
| | | | | | | | | | [Total: 8] |
| 12 | (a) | (i) | iron | | | | | | B1 |
| | | (ii) | copp | per | | | | | B1 |
| | (b) | | rect s | N₁/N₂ in any form substitution | | | | | C1 C1 A1 |
| | (c) | | lamps all in parallel, connected correctly to Fig. 12.1 output terminals orrect symbol for all 3 lamps | | | | B1 B1 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | [Total: 7] |