## MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 question paper

## 0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

## 0652/06

Paper 6
maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published Report on the Examination.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

- CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

| Page 1 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IGCSE - November 2005 | 0652 | 6 |

1
(a) floats, moves around, dissolves, fizzing, rise in temperature (any 2)
(b) turns purple/mauve (NOT blue)
(c) (i) sodium hydroxide or NaOH
(ii) sodium chloride or NaCl
(iii) silver chloride or AgCl
(d) ammonium chloride
(e) (i) shows filter funnel with paper (1) and precipitate in the paper (1)
(ii) turns dark/black-blue
(ii) any one switch any two switches (columns 2 and 3 may be reversed)
(iii) $\quad \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{I}, 3 / 0.6=5$ ohms (OR $3.0 / 2 \times 1.2, \mathrm{OR} 3.0 / 1.8 \times 3$ )
(b) all three lamps in series (1) with other components (1)
(c) (i) greater resistance (of whole circuit) OWTTE but resistance must be mentioned
(ii) lamp in the parallel circuit is brighter OWTTE

Total 10 marks
$3 \quad$ (a) (i) $\quad 102.7$
(ii) 98.4
(iii) 4.3 (ecf) (no tolerance)
(b) (i) bubbling or effervescence or fizzing
(ii) bubbling stops
(iii) pink or brown or red
(c) (i) 101.5
(no tolerance)
(ii) $101.5-98.4=3.1$ (ecf)
(d) $3.1 \times 100 / 4.3$ (1) $=72 \%(e c f)(1)$

Total 10 marks
4
(a) $20^{\circ}, 30^{\circ} .+/-1^{\circ}$
(b) $0.18,0.39,0.69,1.03$
$0.25,0.56,1.00$ (accept 1.0 but not " 1 "), 1.56 m
all $+/-0.02$ m
7 or 8 correct (4), 5 or 6 correct (3)
3 or 4 correct (2), 2 or 1 correct (1)
(c) Any use of the data to show a greater distance in the same time interval.
(d) The ball, has a greater force acting on it in the direction of the slope OR there is a greater acceleration OWTTE

REJECT the force of gravity is increased
(e) Change in friction
(a) (ii) acid gas (1)
(iii) turned cloudy/milky (1)
(b) (i) water (of crystallisation) given off (1)
(iii) no oxygen (1)
(iv) turned red (1)
(c) test-tube with solid, red litmus in mouth of tube (essential)
(d) light splint and blow out, hold in gas at mouth of tube
(e) dissolve in water and add (aqueous) sodium hydroxide (1) green ppt (turning brown) = iron(II) (1) brown ppt $=\operatorname{iron}(\mathrm{III})(1)$
(ii) $1.9,1.8 \mathrm{~s}$ (both correct)
(b) axes correctly labelled and suitable scale chosen (1)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { all points plotted accurately (1) } \\
& \text { straight line drawn, best fit, not joining points (1) }
\end{aligned}
$$ (-1 mark if axes reversed)

(c) no effect OWTTE
(d) length of pendulum (string) increased change in gravitational acceleration (e.g. on the moon)

