UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/03

Paper 3 (Extended), maximum raw mark 80

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All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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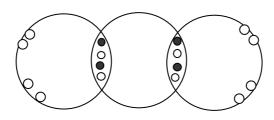
	Page 2		Mark Scheme Syllabus		Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2008 0652			03
1	(a) (i)	use c = 2.0	of weight = mass x <i>g</i> ;) N ;	1 1	2
	(ii)	2.0 N	l OR same as (i) ;	1	1
	(b) arro	ow ver	tically upwards ; (allow without label if clear)	1	1
	(c) mar	rked c	learly between 5.0 & 5.5 N ;	1	1
	(d) (i)	1.9 ±	: 0.1N ;	1	1
	(ii)		of force = mass x acceleration ; 5 m/s² ;	1 1	2
					[Total: 8]
2	(a) (i)	coati	ng with zinc ;	1	1
	(ii)	wher	is more reactive than iron ; n both exposed to water and oxygen zinc corrodes/ ecting the iron/sacrificial corrosion ;	reacts ; 1 1	3
	(iii)	paint	ing ;	1	1
	(iv)	OR f	aint/oil/grease etc: no, if scratched the iron rusts/ or stainless steel: yes, because protection is throug alloy not just on the surface	ghout the 1	1
			n has an oxide layer ; events contact between the metal and oxygen/air/w	1 vater ; 1	2
	(c) (i)	make	es it stronger ;	1	1
	(ii)	(is of second metal get between aluminium metals in of the two metals are of a different size ; ng it more difficult for layers of atoms to slide ;	n lattice/atoms 1 1	2

[Total: 11]

	Page 3		5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – October/November 2008	0652	03
3	(a)	the liquid moves up the capillary tube ; because it expands ;				2
	(b)	(i)	iron,	copper, constantan ANY TWO	1 +	1 2
		(ii)		berature = 100 × 4.8/7.2 ; 57°C ;	1 1	2
		(ii)	can	k acting OR measure higher temperatures OR be remote ;	1	
			meta	thermal capacity or can follow changing temps OR als used have Higher melting points than glass OR s can be as long as required ;	1	2
						[Total: 8]
4	(a)	 2,8,8,1 ; 2,8,8 ; 2,5 ; number of electrons in outer shell ; same as Group number 		1 1 1	3	
	(b)			1 1	2	
	(c)	(i)	CaI ₂	;	1	1
		(ii)	blac	k (accept dark grey/blue) ;	1	1
	(d)	(i)		ng point increases ; increase in proton number/down Group ;	1 1	2
		(ii)	argo	im is less dense than air so will float/carry balloon up n and krypton are more dense than air so will not flo n only slightly less dense than air, will not give enoug	at/will sink ; 1	
				not make balloon rise ;	1	3
						[Total: 12]

	Pa	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – October/November 2008	0652	03
5	(a)	waves refracted on entering shallow water ; refraction correct ; wavelength in deep water constant AND in shallow water ; (if only 3 wavefronts drawn max. 2, 2 drawn max 1)			1 1 1	3
	(b)	(i)	not r wave	circles centred gap ; reaching barrier ; elength constant throughout ; nly 3 wavefronts drawn max. 2, 2 drawn max 1)	1 1 1	3
		(ii)	diffra	action ;	1	1
						[Total: 7]
6	(a)	(i)	dam	ses acid rain/causes smog ; ages buildings/trees/makes breathing difficult ; answers must match, otherwise max 1)	1 1 any two 1 + 1	2
		(ii)		eds up reduction of nitrogen oxide ; orm nitrogen ;	1 1	2
	(b)	C₃⊦	I ₈ = (≎	3×12 + (8 × 1) = 44 and CO ₂ = 12 + (2 × 16) = 44 ;	1	
			• •	opane produces 3 × 44 = 132kg carbon dioxide ; opane produces 132/44 = 3.0kg carbon dioxide ;	1 1	
				oon dioxide has volume 24 dm ³ ; Irbon dioxide has volume 1000 × 3.0 × 24/44 = 1636 c	1 1m³; 1	5

(c)



one mark each for:		
a shared pair of electrons ;	1	
four shared pairs of electrons, two for each oxygen;	1	
four other electrons on each oxygen ;	1	3

[Total: 12]

	Page 5			Paper	
		IGCSE – October/November 2008	0652	03	
7	(a) cracking of an alk	; ane/oil/petroleum ;	1 1	2	
		$H_2O \rightarrow C_2H_5OH$;; k for each side	2	2	
	(c) a catalys	t/named catalyst ;	1	1 [Total: 5]	
8	(a) Use of p I = 200 0 = 3 600	000 000/55 000	1 1 1	3	
		energy loss (in cables) ; ne power transmitted) at lower current ;	1 1	2	
	(ii) trans	sformer ;	1	1	
	(iii) use	of $n_1/n_2 = V_1/V_2$; = 220 : 1;	1 1	2	
	(d) energy ir	nput = energy output ;	1	1 [Total: 9]	
9	(a) electron fast/ener	; getic/from the nucleus ;	1 1	2	
		eon numbers correct:131 0 ; on numbers correct: 54 –1 ;	1 1	2	
	(ii) xend nobl	on ; e gas ;	1 1	2	
	long	tish half life OR Xe unreactive enough to do tests etc. but not too long to harm pati correct sort of penetration ANY TWO	ient 1 +	1 2 [Total: 8]	