## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0625	62			
1	Normal corr	idence at 30° (± 2°)		[1] [1] [1] [1]			
		f lines (answer must refer to pencil lines, not light ray reading protractor to better than 2°	/s)	[1] [Total: 5]			
2	(a) $\theta_{R} = 23$			[1] [1]			
	(b) (i) $\theta_A$	= 63 and (ii) $\theta_{H}$ = 14 (unit not required) ecf $\theta_{R}$ from 2(	(a)	[1]			
	(c) (i) $\theta_{\rm B}$	= 36 and (ii) $\theta_{\rm W}$ = 15 (unit not required) ecf $\theta_{\rm R}$ from 2(	(a)	[1]			
	Expect	Ratios calculated 4.5 and 2.4 ecf <b>2(b)</b> and <b>2(c)</b> [1] Expect NO and ratios too different/not close enough (owtte), matching statement ecf wrong values from <b>2(b)</b> and <b>2(c)</b> [1]					
	(e) Any two from: Room temperature/draughts/humidity/air conditioning (i.e. environmental factor) Initial (water) temperature (cold or hot) Amount of stirring Time interval						
	Mass/volume/amount of water/water level Size/surface area/material of beaker			[2]			
		[Total: 8]					
3	(a) Voltmet	er symbol and position correct		[1]			
	(b) Pointer	[1]					
	Uni	0.84 A, $I_2$ = 0.33 A, $I_3$ = 0.50 A, all correct no significated at least once and not contradicted	ant figures penalty	[1]			
	(ii) No	mark awarded					
		nsible comment about experimental inaccuracy . difficulty in reading meter/scale or meter has a zero	error	[1]			

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	(d)	Circuit: correct symbol for variable resistor (not potential divider)  Variable resistor in a correct position				
	(e)	) Workable solution, e.g. short circuit each in turn/exchange of lamp from other circuit branch/put lamps in parallel and check/use voltmeter to check pd across bulbs plus wh is observed				
					[Total: 7]	
4	(a)	Table: <i>u</i> cm <sup>2</sup> and	v values 894, 990, 1090, 1155, 1194. Accept 3 or 4 sig I cm	nificant figures.	[1] [1]	
	(b)	(100 cm <sup>2</sup> All plots Good lin	rrectly labelled and scales suitable $^2$ = 2 cm on $y$ -axis and 5 cm = 2 cm on $x$ -axis) correct to $\frac{1}{2}$ small square ne judgement intinuous line (penalise 'blobs')		[1] [1] [1]	
	(c)	Usin $f = f$	angle method used and shown ng at least half of line  14 – 16 (accept numbers rounding to 14/16)		[1] [1]	
		2 or	<sup>-</sup> 3 significant figures <u>and</u> unit		[1]	
					[Total: 10]	
5	(a)	<i>l</i> value 1	10.5 (cm) / 105 (mm)		[1]	
	(b)	l value 52.5/525 (ecf) Both in cm/mm with unit stated at least once		[1] [1]		
	(c)		cks/protractor/set square; move ruler close to bob/lower ore the mark from a well-drawn diagram)	r bob	[1]	
	(d)		s 1.45, 1.47, 1.43, 1.44, 1.46 s consistent 2 or 3 significant figures m, s, s		[1] [1] [1]	
	(e)		tion: little or no effect (owtte) allow ecf from <b>5(d)</b> stion: <i>T</i> values very similar (owtte)		[1] [1]	

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## (f) Any one from:

Reduces human reaction error Gives a more accurate <u>value of T</u> T is too small/oscillations are too quick Gives an <u>average</u> value (of T)

[1]

[Total: 10]