

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/63

Paper 63 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Page 2			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version				Syllabus	Paper
1	(a)	Ler	IGCSE – May/June 2010 0653						63
	()		f No	Length	Leaf no	Length			
		1	-	39	11	45			
		2		48	12	42			
		3		55	13	49			
		4		43	14	50			
		5		36	15	34			
		6		47	16	32			
		7		39	17	44			
		8		51	28	35			
		9		53	29	34			
		10		35	20	39	,,		[2]
	 (b) correct method of working (e.g. 856/20 =) ; correct answer inside range 40.8 – 44.8 ; 							[2]	
	(c) (i) correct numbers entered e.g. 3, 6, 3, 4, 2, 2 ; numbers add to 20 ;						[2]		
	 (ii) suitable scale and label on vertical axis ; ranges labelled on bars of equal width ; correct heights of bars ; 							[3]	
	(d)) any suitable factor, e.g. variation in light intensity / carbon dioxide concentration water minerals / temperature ;					centration	/ [1]	
									[Total: 10]
2	(a)	(i)	no co	lour ;					[1]
		(ii)	calciu	ım chloride ;					[1]
	4.	<i>(</i> 1)							[4]
	(b)		methe						[1]
		(ii)	method B because ammonia is lighter (less dense) than air ;						
	or method C because ammonia is soluble in (reacts with) water ;					[max 1]			
	(c)	(i)	zinc (Zn) ;					[1]
		(ii)) blue colour ; (deep) blue (botł	n essential) ;				[2]
		(iii)	(red t	o) blue ;					[1]

	Page 3	3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus		Paper			
			IGCSE – May/June 2010	0653	63			
	• •	 (d) ammonia gas reacts with hydrogen chloride gas ; (solid) ammonium chloride (NH₄C<i>l</i>) is formed ; 						
		equation given with all state symbols ;						
3	(a) (i)	21.9	g and 23.1 g (exact) ;;		[2]			
	(ii)	23.1	– 21.9 = 1.2 g (ecf) ;		[1]			
	(b) (i)	proc	cess A = evaporation / evaporating ;		[1]			
	(ii)	proc	cess \mathbf{B} = condensation / condensing ;		[1]			
	(c) (i)	1.2 (cm³ (ecf) ;		[1]			
	(ii)	volu	me of steam from 1 cm ³ water = $\frac{2000 \times 1}{1.2}$ (ecf);					
			667 cm ³ (1670) ;		[2]			
) steam has a much greater volume than the water/water expands when it becomes						
	exp	steam ; expansion causes a force / the particles of steam have a large kinetic energy , OWTTE ;						
					[Total: 10]			
4	dis	gas jar filled with water ; displace water by blowing into jar ; blow through tube into a gas-jar ; (gas-jar must not be stoppered) (award 1 only)						
	(b) (i)		led air 7.5 s ; aled air 5.5 s ;		[2]			
	(ii)	7.0 s 5.0 s	s ; s ; (award 1 mark for '7' and '5')		[1] [1]			
	(c) (i)	0000	s milky / cloudy ;		[1]			
	(c) (i) (ii)	-						
		-	viration;		[1]			
	. ,	(iii) before exercise 8.4 s and after exercise 3.2 s ;			[1]			
	(iv)	INCLE	eased respiration rate (during exercise) ;		[1]			
					[Total: 10]			

	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2010	0653	63
5	(a)	62 cm	³ , 45 cm ³ , 6 cm ³ (no tolerance) ;;;		[3]
	(b)		ntration = 1.2, 0.8, 0.4 (no tolerance) all 3 correct ; tly recorded in Table 5.1 ;		[1]
	(c)	all poi	st one axis correctly labelled and suitable scales chosents correctly plotted, (± 1 cm ³ and 0.05 mol / dm ³) ; le straight line drawn ;	en ;	[3]
	(d)	• •	ame mass of magnesium (NOT same amount) ; ame surface area of magnesium ;		[2]
			olume of hydrogen given off is proportional to the cor f the hydrochloric acid. (Words in heavy type must be		[1]
					[Total: 10]
6	(a)	$t_2 = 70$ $t_3 = 60$	of can = 29 g (no tolerance) ;) °C (no tolerance) ; 5 °C (no tolerance) ; e of water = 42 cm ³ (no tolerance) ;		[4]
	(b)	(i) (t	₃ – 25 =) 66 – 25 = 41 °C ;		[1]
		(ii) 7	0 − 66 = 4 °C ;		[1]
			pecific heat = $\frac{4 \times 42 \times 4.2}{41 \times 29}$; 0.59 (accept 0.6);		[2]
	(c)	time ir (the o (Allow	nt in amps ; n seconds or minutes ; rder of the answers is not important) r 'power (energy used) in watts' instead of current in a e in seconds or minutes' must be one of the answers fo		[2] awarded.)

[Total: 10]