

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Pa	ige 2		Paper			
		IGCSE – May/June 2011 0653	31			
1 (a)	ref. to digestion/absorption (in dung beetle) ; ref. to respiration (in dung beetle) ; carbon <u>dioxide</u> into air/breathed out; carbon dioxide absorbed by plant ; carbon dioxide used in <u>photosynthesis</u> (in plant) ;					
(b)	nitrates/minerals absorbed by plant roots ; used for making proteins ; proteins used for making new cells ;					
(c)	(i)	to kill/destroy, pests/insects ; which eat/damage, crop/grass for grazing ; increase yields ;	[max 2]			
	(ii)	kill dung beetles ; dung not buried/nitrate (in dung) does not enter soil ;	[2]			
			[Total: 9]			
2 (a)	powder held in a flame/reasonable reference to flame test ; flame colour would enable powder to be identified / potassium (feldspar) – lilac / sodium (feldspar) – yellow ;					
(b)	<b>)</b> 40 + 12 + 16 x 3 (= 100);					
(c)	(i)	CaMg(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> — CaO + MgO + 2CO <sub>2</sub> ; [allow multiples]	[1]			
	(ii)	(thermal) decomposition ; (heating) causes a substance to break down into ones/calcium/magnesium oxide (and carbon dioxide) is (are) substances than dolomite ;	simpler simpler [2]			
(d)	(i)	hydroxide/OH⁻ ;	[1]			
	(ii)	calcium hydroxide + hydrochloric acid $\longrightarrow$ calcium chloride + v (LHS and RHS)	water ;; [2]			
			[Total: 9]			

	Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2011	0653	31
3	<b>(a)</b> ext	ensio	[1]		
	cur	ween ved s	onal ; 0 and 8/8.4N ; ection beyond elastic limit ; 8.4 N permanent deformation ;		[max 3]
	(c) (i)	<u>2.4</u> N	Ν;		[1]
	(ii)	dens	s = 240g ; sity = mass/volume ; me = 240/0.8 = 300 cm <sup>3</sup> ;		[3] [Total: 8]
4	• •	(a) label to cell membrane ; label to cytoplasm ;			[2]
	(b) testis ;				[1]
	(c) (i)	sing	le sperm quantities would be too small to measure ;		[1]
	(ii)	oxyg	piration ; gen combined with sugar to release energy ; rd or correct balanced equation must show energy re	eleased)	[2]
	(iii)	(sub	mula) power = work/time <b>OR</b> power = energy/time ; ostitution) 164/60 × 60 ; swer + unit) 0.046/0.05, W/J s <sup>-1</sup> ;		[3]
	(iv)	redu	ited head/small head/streamlined; uces friction/drag; i that less (forward-acting) force required ;		[max 2]
					<b>FF</b> ( <b>1</b> ( <b>1</b>

[Total: 11]

	Page 4				Scheme: Teachers' version			
				IG	CSE – May/June 2011	0653	31	
5	(a)	(i)	<ul> <li>no fossil fuels used up/no CO<sub>2</sub> released/no global warming effect ; radiation leaks/nuclear waste problems/nuclear accidents ;</li> </ul>					
		(ii) nucleus splits ;				[1]		
		<ul> <li>(iii) "radiation blew across farmland"; wind unable to deviate path of radiation;</li> <li>OR "gamma particles"; gamma is not particulate/owtte;</li> </ul>					[max 2]	
	(b)	(i)						
				radiation	will section A turn black?	will section B turn	black?	
				beta	yes	no		
				gamma	yes	yes		
							[2]	
		(ii)	alph	a is unable to p	penetrate the plastic/front co	ver ;	[1]	
	(c)	(i)	no (e	electric) charge	;		[1]	
		(ii)	correct reference to oppositely charged particles ;				[1]	
6	(a)	(i)	C M M C ;; (	(1 mark for eac	h two correct)		[2]	
		(ii)						
			liquefied air allowed to warm up/heated ; as temperature rises, the components boil off when their b.pt. is attained / owtte ;					
	(b)	coll	nolecules have greater <u>kinetic</u> energy/move faster ; ollide more frequently with one another/with catalyst ; eference to greater energy of collisions;					
	(c)	2 el 8 el	idea that the atoms seek a noble gas configuration/full outer shell ; 2 electrons in full outer shell of H ; 8 electrons in full outer shell of S ; (fully correct dot cross diagram scores both marks)					
							[Total: 8]	

Pa	Page 5		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabu		Paper
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7 (a)	(i)		x (action) ;		[1]
	(ii)	alon corre	<u>lectrical</u> impulse ; g nerves neurones ; ect ref. to sensory/motor, neurone ; ect ref. to central nervous system/brain ;		[max 3]
(b)	<ul> <li>(b) grinding/crushing ; increase surface area of food ; idea of easier access for enzymes ;</li> </ul>				
(c)	<ul> <li>(c) catalyst ;</li> <li>protein ;</li> <li>speeds up/controls (metabolic) reactions ;</li> </ul>				
					[Total: 9]
8 (a)	<ul> <li>(nail rusted in B) air/oxygen and water are present (together)/air and water needed for rusting no water/water vapour in A; no air/oxygen in C;</li> </ul>				
(b)	(i)	Cr <sub>2</sub> C idea	$D_3$ ; of need for charge balance ;		[2]
	(ii)	the a	nas more (negative) electrons than (positive) protor atom gains electrons ; more ;	is ;	[max 2]
(c)	(i)		rence to bromine/bromine solution/potassium pern tant decolourised if hydrocarbon contains double b		[2]
	<ul> <li>does not mix with water/air/oxygen ; sticks to chain/steel ;</li> </ul>			[max 1]	
					[Total: 10]

	Page 6		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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9	(a) (i)	num	ber of waves per second/unit time ;		[1]	
	(ii) less frequency range/high and low frequency sounds missing;				[1]	
	• • •	the f	requency ranges (for <b>B</b> and <b>C</b> / both) include the $f$	numan hearing rar	ige / [1]	
	(b) $1/R_1 + 1/R_2 = 1/R$ ; = $1/8 + 1/8$ ; R = 4 $\Omega$ ;					
					[Total: 6]	