



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2012

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

* 7 4 6 5 5 7 1 3 4 6 *

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

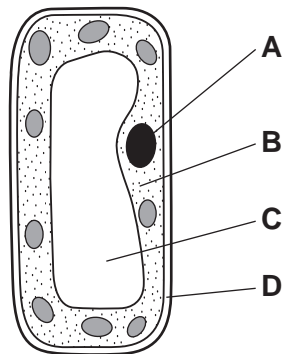
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

This document consists of **18** printed pages and **2** blank pages.



1 The diagram shows a cell from the mesophyll of a leaf.

Which part contains DNA?

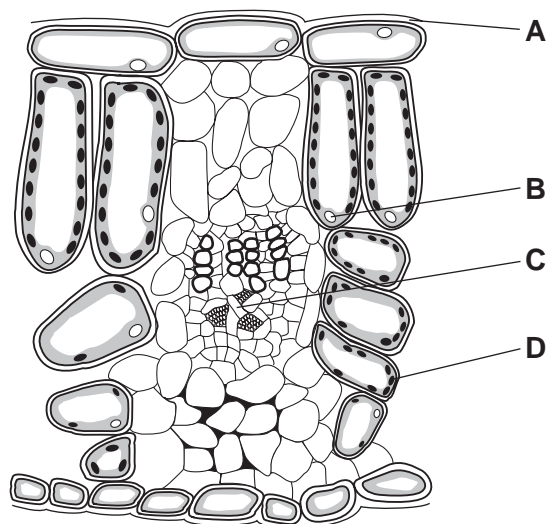


2 Which of these structures does an animal cell have?

	cell surface membrane	cell wall
A	✓	✓
B	✓	x
C	x	✓
D	x	x

3 The diagram shows part of a cross-section of a leaf.

Where is light energy used?



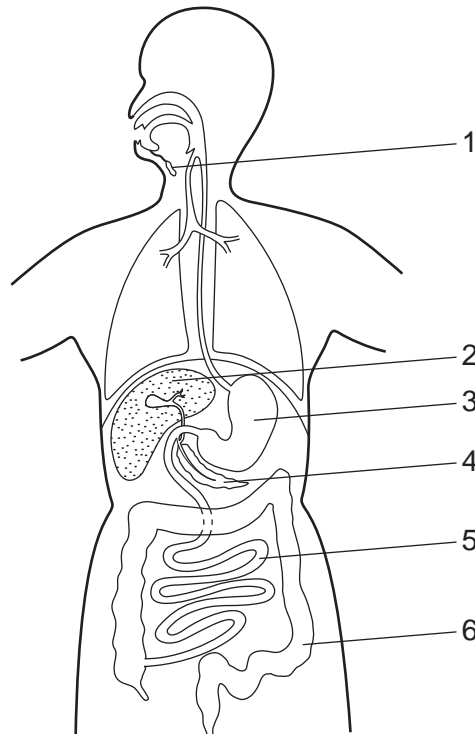
4 The statements are about enzymes.

- 1 act as catalysts
- 2 can be denatured by heat
- 3 composed of complex carbohydrates
- 4 not affected by pH
- 5 produced by cells

Which statements are correct?

- A** 1, 2 and 5 **B** 1, 4 and 5 **C** 2, 3 and 4 **D** 3 and 5 only

5 The diagram shows the human alimentary canal.



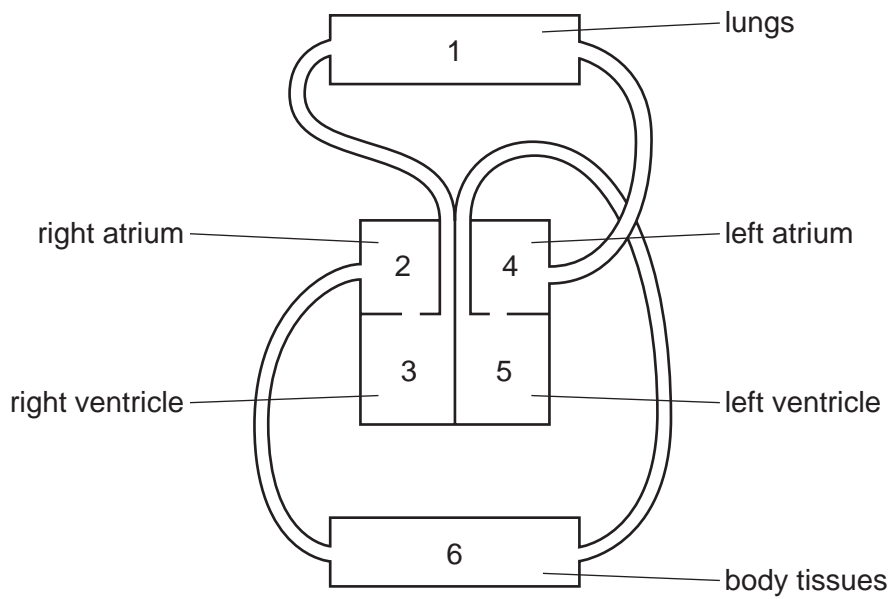
Which numbered structures secrete chemicals that are involved in fat digestion?

- A** 1 and 3 **B** 2 and 4 **C** 3 and 5 **D** 5 and 6

6 In which organisms does respiration take place?

- A** animals and plants, in both the dark and light
- B** animals in both the dark and light, but never in plants
- C** animals in the dark and light, plants only in the dark
- D** animals in the dark and light, plants only in the light

7 Which sequence of numbers represents the path taken by a deoxygenated red blood cell?



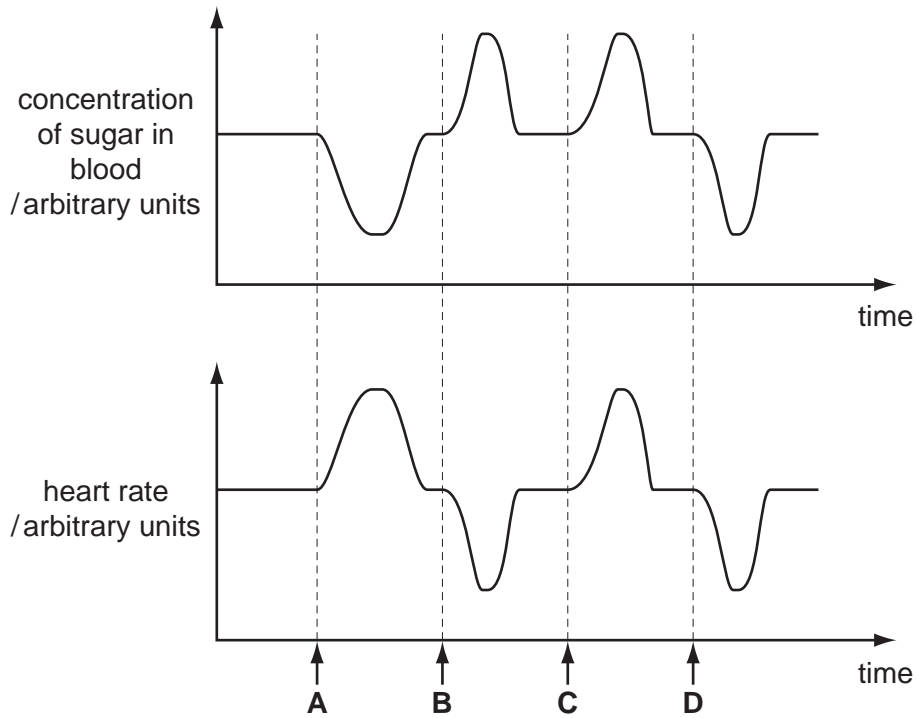
- A 1 → 3 → 2 → 6
- B 1 → 4 → 5 → 6
- C 6 → 2 → 3 → 1
- D 6 → 5 → 4 → 1

8 In which state does water enter and which state does water leave a plant?

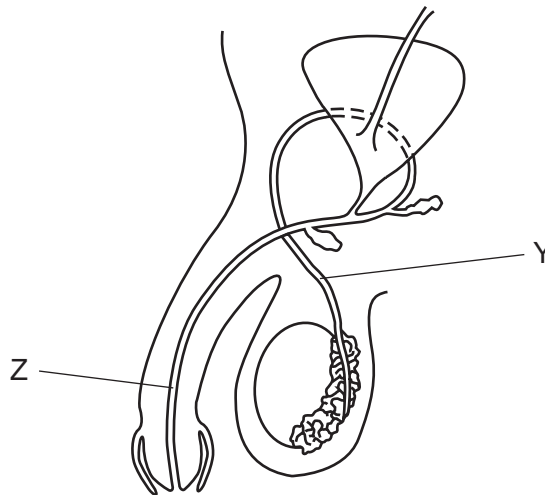
	enters	leaves
A	liquid	liquid
B	liquid	vapour
C	vapour	liquid
D	vapour	vapour

- 9 The graphs show changes in the rate of heartbeat and in the concentration of sugar in the blood over the same period of time.

When was adrenaline secreted?



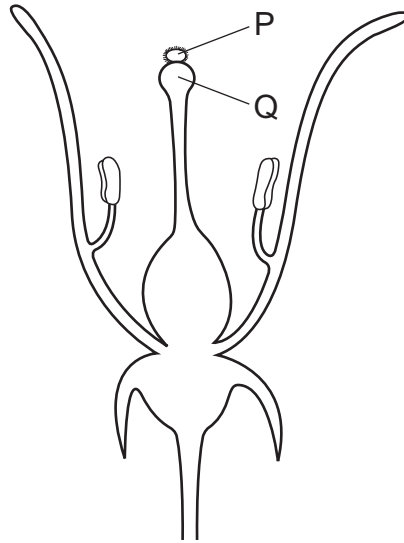
- 10 The diagram shows the male reproductive system.



What are Y and Z?

	Y	Z
A	prostate gland	urethra
B	urethra	prostate gland
C	sperm duct	prostate gland
D	sperm duct	urethra

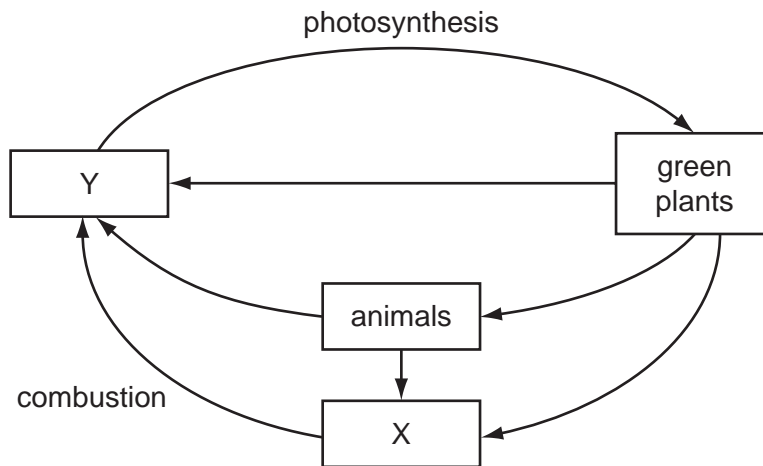
11 The diagram shows a section through a flower immediately after pollination.



Which row identifies structures P and Q?

	P	Q
A	pollen grain	anther
B	pollen grain	stigma
C	zygote	anther
D	zygote	stigma

12 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



What are X and Y?

	X	Y
A	carbon dioxide	oxygen
B	fossil fuel	carbon dioxide
C	fossil fuel	oxygen
D	oxygen	carbon dioxide

13 Which are possible harmful effects of deforestation?

	global warming	species extinction
A	✓	✓
B	✓	x
C	x	✓
D	x	x

14 The melting points of three substances are given in the table.

	melting point / °C
W	-219
X	0
Z	3500

What could the substances be?

	W	X	Z
A	oxygen	graphite	water
B	oxygen	water	graphite
C	graphite	water	oxygen
D	water	graphite	oxygen

15 Which statement correctly describes the bonding in compounds?

- A** An ionic compound contains two metallic elements.
- B** In a compound formed between a metal and a non-metal, the metal has a negative charge.
- C** When a metal combines with a non-metal, electrons are shared between the elements.
- D** When two non-metals combine, molecules are formed.

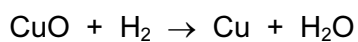
16 Four minerals containing calcium are listed.

mineral	chemical formula
calcite	CaCO_3
dolomite	$\text{CaCO}_3 \cdot \text{MgCO}_3$
fluorite	CaF_2
gypsum	CaSO_4

What is the **total** number of different elements contained in these minerals?

- A** 4
- B** 5
- C** 6
- D** 7

17 Copper(II) oxide reacts as shown.



Which statement about the reaction is correct?

- A Both oxidation and reduction take place.
 - B Copper(II) oxide is a reducing agent.
 - C Copper(II) oxide is oxidised to copper.
 - D Hydrogen is reduced to water.
- 18 Which change does **not** alter the rate of reaction between zinc and dilute sulfuric acid?
- A addition of a catalyst
 - B change in concentration of the acid
 - C change in atmospheric pressure
 - D change in temperature
- 19 Barium oxide is a metallic oxide.

A solution of barium oxide is1..... with a pH2..... than seven.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
A	acidic	greater
B	acidic	less
C	alkaline	greater
D	alkaline	less

20 Acid X reacts with metal Y.

A colourless gas is given off and a pale green solution is produced.

Two tests are carried out on the solution.

test	reagent(s) added	result
1	aqueous silver nitrate and nitric acid	white precipitate
2	aqueous sodium hydroxide	green precipitate

What are acid X and metal Y?

	acid	metal
A	hydrochloric	iron
B	hydrochloric	zinc
C	sulfuric	iron
D	sulfuric	zinc

21 The properties of the elements in Groups I and VII of the Periodic Table change down the group.

Which row shows how the melting points change down these groups?

	Group I	Group VII
A	decrease	decrease
B	decrease	increase
C	increase	decrease
D	increase	increase

22 The diagram shows elements in part of the Periodic Table.

The letters are **not** the actual symbols of the elements.

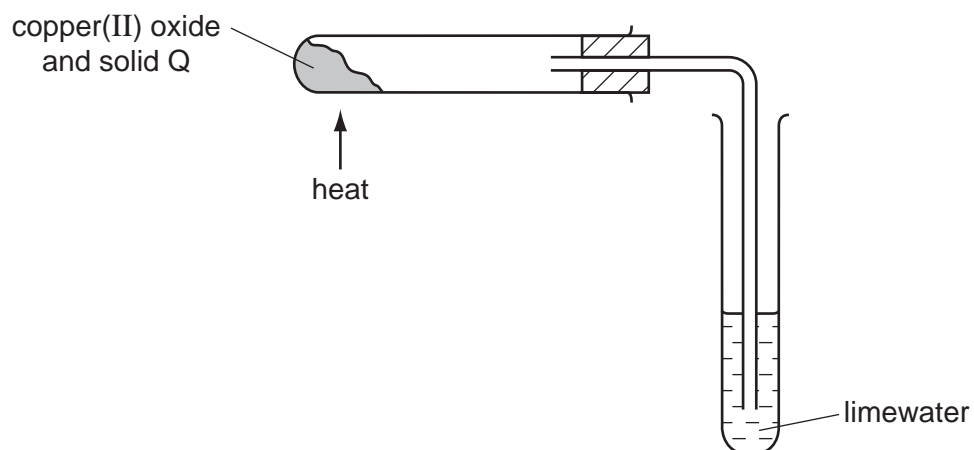
I		II												III	IV	V	VI	VII	0
	P																S	T	
	Q																	U	
			R																

Which statement about the elements shown is correct?

- A P and S are in the same group of the Periodic Table.
 - B P is more reactive than Q.
 - C R is likely to form coloured compounds.
 - D T and U are halogens.
- 23 Which property of a metal determines the method used to extract the metal from its ore?
- A the melting point of the metal
 - B the position of the metal in the Periodic Table
 - C the reactivity of the metal
 - D the relative atomic mass, A_r , of the metal

24 Copper(II) oxide is mixed with a solid Q.

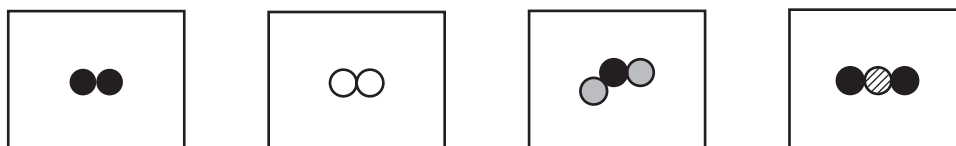
On heating the mixture, a reaction occurs and the limewater turns milky.



What is solid Q?

- A carbon
- B iron
- C sulfur
- D zinc

25 The diagrams show molecules of four gases present in clean air. Different circles represent atoms of different elements.



Which elements are shown as ● and ○?

	●	○
A	hydrogen	nitrogen
B	hydrogen	oxygen
C	oxygen	hydrogen
D	oxygen	nitrogen

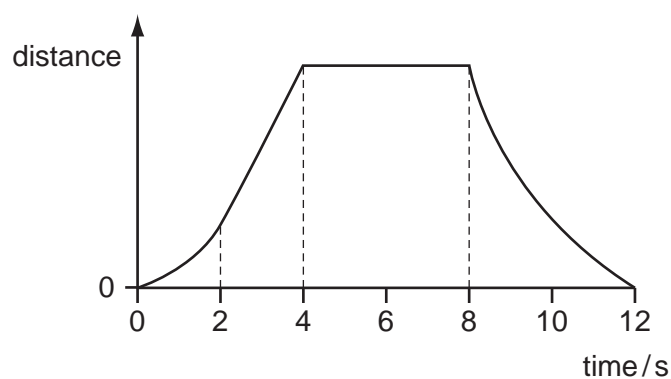
26 Which property of the compounds in petroleum is used to separate it into useful fractions?

- A boiling point
- B density
- C melting point
- D solubility

27 Which equation shows the complete combustion of a hydrocarbon?

- A $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4 + 2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CO} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- B $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4 + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- C $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O} + 2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CO} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- D $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O} + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CO}_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$

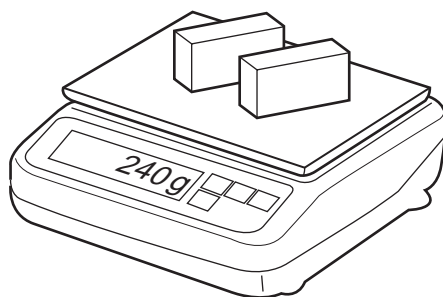
28 The graph shows how the distance of an object changes with time.



Between which two times is the object moving with a non-zero constant speed?

- A between 0 s and 2 s
- B between 2 s and 4 s
- C between 4 s and 8 s
- D between 8 s and 12 s

- 29 A shop-keeper places two identical blocks of cheese on a set of scales and notices that their combined mass is 240g. Each block measures 2.0 cm × 5.0cm × 10.0 cm.



What is the density of the cheese?

- A 0.42g/cm³ B 0.83g/cm³ C 1.2g/cm³ D 2.4g/cm³
- 30 Which row shows the unit of energy, the unit of power and the unit of work?

	unit of energy	unit of power	unit of work
A	joule	joule	watt
B	joule	watt	joule
C	watt	joule	watt
D	watt	watt	joule

- 31 Warm water in a bowl evaporates.

Which row shows where the evaporation occurs and what effect the evaporation has on the temperature of the remaining water?

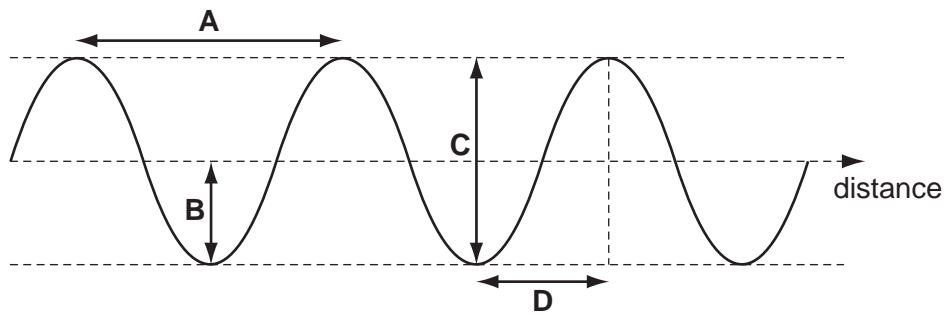
	where evaporation occurs	effect on water temperature
A	only on the surface	decreases
B	only on the surface	no change
C	throughout the water	decreases
D	throughout the water	no change

- 32 In which state(s) of matter can convection occur?

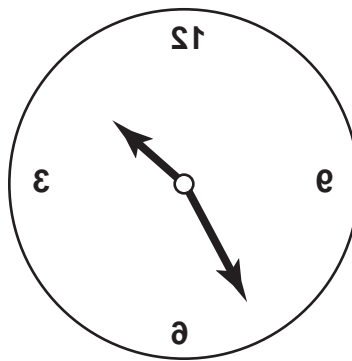
	in a solid	in a liquid	in a gas
A	no	no	yes
B	no	yes	yes
C	yes	no	no
D	yes	yes	no

33 The diagram represents a wave.

Which arrow represents the amplitude of the wave?



34 The image of a clock face as seen in a plane mirror is shown.

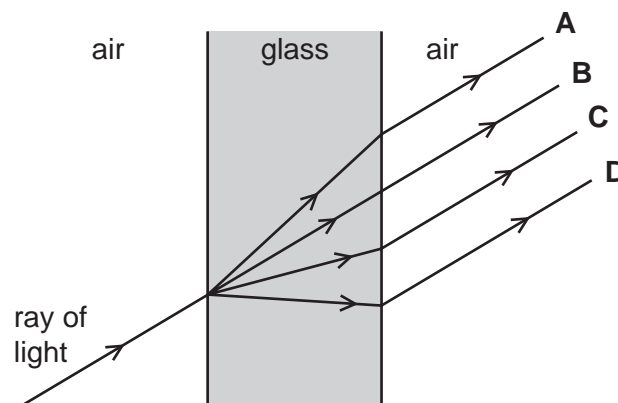


What is the time on the clock?

- A** 1.25 **B** 1.35 **C** 10.25 **D** 10.35

35 A ray of light passes through a glass window.

Which path does it take?



36 Which statement about the electromagnetic spectrum is correct?

- A Gamma rays have the highest frequency.
- B Microwaves have the smallest wavelength.
- C Ultraviolet waves have the largest wavelength.
- D Visible light waves have the lowest frequency.

37 A climber stands on a ledge on one side of a valley. He claps his hands and hears an echo from the opposite side of the valley 1.6 s later.

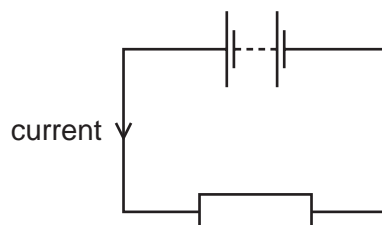


The speed of sound is 330 m/s.

How wide is the valley, to the nearest metre?

- A 103 m
- B 206 m
- C 264 m
- D 528 m

38 A battery is connected to a resistor.

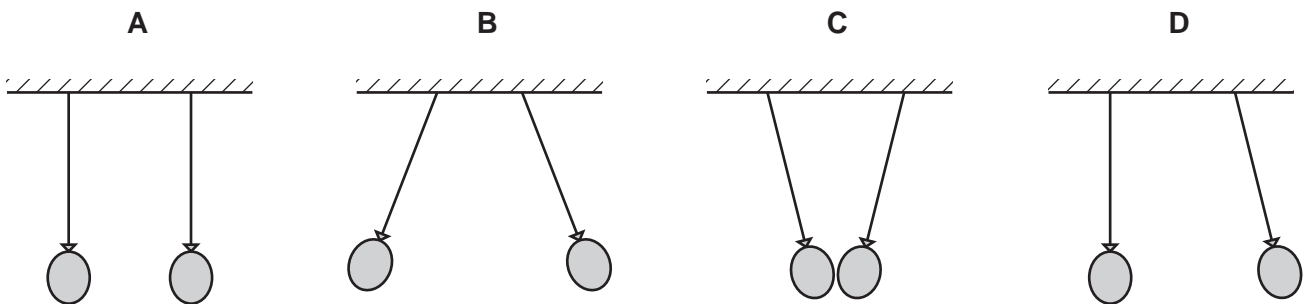


Which changes to potential difference across the resistor, and to the resistance of the resistor, will produce the smallest current?

	potential difference	resistance
A	decrease	decrease
B	decrease	increase
C	increase	decrease
D	increase	increase

- 39 Two balloons hang near each other on insulating threads. One balloon is positively charged and the other is negatively charged.

Which diagram shows how they hang?



- 40 How are lamps usually connected in a lighting circuit, and what is one advantage of this?

	how lamps are connected	advantage
A	in parallel	they each receive the full supply voltage
B	in parallel	they share the supply voltage equally
C	in series	they each receive the full supply voltage
D	in series	they share the supply voltage equally

DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

		Group																																																																																																																																											
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X																																																																																																																																		
		1 H Hydrogen 1																																																																																																																																											
7	9	Li Lithium 3	Be Beryllium 4																																																																																																																																										
23	24	Na Sodium 11	Mg Magnesium 12																																																																																																																																										
39	40	K Potassium 19	Ca Calcium 20	45 Sc Scandium 21	48 Ti Titanium 22	51 V Vanadium 23	52 Cr Chromium 24	55 Mn Manganese 25	56 Fe Iron 26	59 Co Cobalt 27	59 Ni Nickel 28	64 Cu Copper 29	65 Zn Zinc 30	70 Ga Gallium 31	73 Ge Germanium 32	75 As Arsenic 33	79 Se Selenium 34	80 Br Bromine 35	84 Kr Krypton 36																																																																																																																										
85	88	Rb Rubidium 37	Sr Strontium 38	89 Y Yttrium 39	91 Zr Zirconium 40	93 Nb Niobium 41	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	101 Ru Ruthenium 44	101 Rh Rhodium 45	103 Rh Rhodium 45	106 Pd Palladium 46	108 Ag Silver 47	112 Cd Cadmium 48	115 In Indium 49	119 Sn Tin 50	122 Sb Antimony 51	128 Te Tellurium 52	127 I Iodine 53	131 Xe Xenon 54																																																																																																																										
133	137	Cs Caesium 55	Ba Barium 56	139 La Lanthanum 57	178 Hf Hafnium 72	181 Ta Tantalum 73	184 W Tungsten 74	190 Os Osmium 76	192 Ir Iridium 77	195 Pt Platinum 78	197 Au Gold 79	201 Hg Mercury 80	204 Tl Thallium 81	207 Pb Lead 82	209 Bi Bismuth 83	210 Po Polonium 84	210 At Astatine 85	210 Rn Radon 86																																																																																																																											
	226	Fr Francium 87	Ra Radium 88	227 Ac Actinium 89																																																																																																																																									
		*58-71 Lanthanoid series										†90-103 Actinoid series																																																																																																																																	
		140 Ce Cerium 58										141 Pr Praseodymium 59										144 Nd Neodymium 60										150 Sm Samarium 62										152 Eu Europium 63										157 Gd Gadolinium 64										162 Dy Dysprosium 66										165 Ho Holmium 67										167 Er Erbium 68										169 Tm Thulium 69										173 Yb Ytterbium 70										175 Lu Lutetium 71																													
		232 Th Thorium 90										238 U Uranium 92										238 Pa Protactinium 91										238 Np Neptunium 93										238 Pu Plutonium 94										238 Am Americium 95										238 Cm Curium 96										238 Bk Berkelium 97										238 Cf Californium 98										238 Es Einsteinium 99										238 Fm Fermium 100										238 Md Mendelevium 101										238 No Nobelium 102										238 Lr Lawrencium 103									

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

	a	a = relative atomic mass
Key	X	X = atomic symbol
b	b	b = proton (atomic) number

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