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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2010	0653	62
1		5.4 g ; 5.(0) g ;		[2]
		tube 1 0.2 g; tube 2 0.3 g; tube 3 1.0 g; tube 4 0.8 g; (1 mark each, (ecf))		[4]
		apple ; (allow ecf) ein) lost greatest mass ;		[2]
	` '	p (weighed) protein with acid (instead of juice) ; k for loss in / change of mass after <u>10 mins</u> ;		[2]
				[Total: 10]
2	(a) (i)	correct symbols for ammeter and lamp shown in circuit		[2]
	(ii)	t is metallic/metal;		[1]
	(b) any	mention of use of a magnet ;		[1]
	. , . ,	neat the mixture ; diagram or mention of suitable apparatus, e.g. test-tube	or metal container ;	[2]
	(ii)	neat gives energy (so that atoms react) ;		[1]
	(iii)	exothermic ;		[1]
	resu (e.g.	ble property mentioned ; t with iron sulfide ; magnetic + non-magnetic/melting point + high mpt/el conductor)	lectrical conductivity	[2] +
				[Total: 10]

Page 3		}	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version			Syllabus	Paper					
				IGCS	E – Octo	ber/Nov	ember 20	10	065	3	62	
3	(a) (i)	8.6 c	:m (+/-	- 0.1 cm	n);						1	[1]
	(ii)	6.2 c	:m (+/-	- 0.1 cm	ı) ;						I	[1]
	(iii)	8.6/	6.2 =	1.4 (1.3	9) (no pe	enalty for	using moi	re decima	l points) (e	cf) ;		[1]
	(b) (i)	(b) (i) $r_3 = 49 \text{ degrees (+/- 2 degrees)};$ $r_4 = 76 \text{ degrees};$]	[2]		
	(ii)	(ii) sine $r_3 = 0.75$ / sine $r_4 = 0.97$ (ecf) (one or both correct);							I	[1]		
	(iii) both points correct (+/- half square) and straight line drawn through the origin;								[1]			
	(iv)		-	listance 1.5 (ec		arked on	the graph	n ;			1	[2]
	(c) (value (b)(iv) is more accurate) it is derived from several values instead of just one/owtte/very difficult to measure through glass block;							[1] 10]				
4	(a) (i)	still a		1.8 cm 14.7 ci							J	[2]
	(ii)	1.4 c 14.4									ĺ	[2]
	(iii)	(iii) 1.4/4 = 0.35; (ecf) 14.4/4 = 3.6; (ecf)						I	[2]			
	(b) moving air/the wind takes water (vapour) away from leaf; (gradient between inside and outside of leaf maintained) therefore more evaporation occurs / owtte;								[2]			
	(c) (i)	prev	ents a	ir from e	entering s	stem / pre	events air	lock;				[1]
	(ii)	wate	er on le	eaves w	ould bloc	k stomat	a (and pre	event eva _l	ooration) ;		I	[1]
											[Total: 1	10]

Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	-	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0653	62
5 (a)		no change / no reaction / no bubbles / dissolv no change / no reaction / no bubbles / dissolv		[2
(b)		sodium chloride or hydrochloric acid nitric acid or potassium nitrate		[2]
(c)	solution solution	A is nitric acid B is sodium chloride C is potassium nitrate D is hydrochloric acid ;;; rect 3 marks, 3 correct 2 marks, 2 correct 1 mark)		[3]
(d)	test gas litmus tu	um hydroxide solution and aluminium foil and ward evolved using red litmus or by smell; rns blue / ammonia is given off; out flame test;	m ;	

lilac flame seen; (for a max of 2 marks)

[Total: 10]

[3]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0653	62	

(a) any dimensions to give an area of 5 cm² e.g. 5 cm × 1 cm; [1]
(b) 0.75 A, 0.90 A (second decimal point must be shown); [2]
(c) (he increases the resistance so that) the current is decreased / cannot get through the resistor / owtte; [1]
(d) four points plotted +/- half square; straight line drawn; [2]
(e) the hook / pan has a mass / owtte; [1]
(f) soft iron loses its magnetism when the current is switched off; but steel does not / owtte / steel retains its magnetism; [2]

(g) current could leak from the wire (through the iron)/owtte/prevent short circuit/no

shock if touched;

[Total: 10]

[1]