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## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## 0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/22

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0653	22

1 (a) (i) Q conductor and S insulator;

because iron is a metal;

because sulfur is a non-metal; [3]

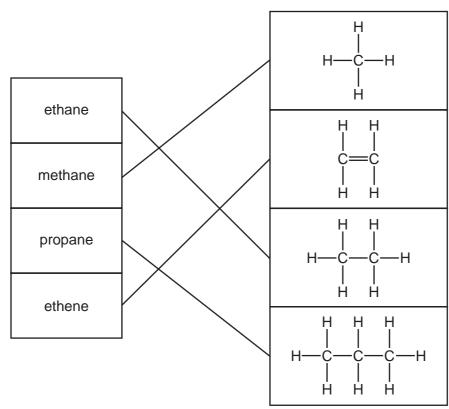
(ii) chlor<u>ine</u>; copper;

[2]

(iii) electrolysis;

[1]

(b)



(all correct 2 marks, 1 correct 1mark);;

[2]

(c) (i) CF<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>; (allow elements in any order)

[1]

(ii) (not hydrocarbon) contains elements other than carbon and hydrogen/owtte;

[1]

[Total: 10]

2	(a) (i)	slow down;	[1]
	(ii)	frequencies;	[1]
	(iii)	frequencies;	[1]
	(iv)	amplitudes ;	[1]
	(b) sou as i	[3] <b>[Total 7]</b>	
3	(a) (i)	label to xylem; label to phloem;	[2]
	(ii)	transport (in either);	
		xylem: transports water; transports, mineral (ions)/named ion; provides support;	
		<pre>phloem: transports nutrients made in the leaves; e.g. sucrose/sugar;</pre>	[max 4]
	(b) (i)	more root hairs ; shorter root hairs ;	[2]
	(ii)	increase in number in both types is the same/0.44 more root per unit area; decrease in length is much greater in B plants;	hairs [2]
	(iii)	reduced surface area; less able to take up water/mineral ions/named ion; reduced water causes reduced photosynthesis; less glucose made; glucose used for energy/respiration/growth;	
		less mineral (ions), less growth ;	[max 3]
			[Total 13]

Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2013

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Syllabus 0653 Paper 22

	Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – October/November 2013	0653	22
4	(a)	<ul> <li>(i) increased; because mixture has become more alkaline/solid has reacted with water;</li> <li>(ii) colour change (blue) to red; effervescence/(gas) bubbles produced;</li> </ul>				
	(b)	(i)	colo	ur change of cobalt chloride paper shows water ;		[2]
		<ul> <li>and cloudy limewater shows carbon dioxide;</li> <li>(ii) paper covered with (layer of) sodium hydrogencarbonate/owtte; provides barrier between paper and air/oxygen;</li> <li>(if paper does burn) sodium hydrogencarbonate decomposes;</li> </ul>				[2]
				arbon dioxide/water which inhibits burning/owtte;	,	[max 2]
						[Total: 8]
5	(a)	(i)	serie	es;		[1]
		(ii)	corre voltr	neter in series ; ect symbol ; neter in parallel ; ect symbol ;		[4]
		(iii)	R = = 15	R1 + R2 ; Ω ;		[2]
	<b>(b)</b> density = mass/volume; = 9000/3000 = 3 g/cm <sup>3</sup> ;					[2]
	(c) water particles turn from liquid to gas; heat (energy) from body evaporates water particles;					[max 1]
						[Total: 10]

	Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	-		IGCSE – October/November 2013	0653	22	
6			duct;		[3]	
		sperm cannot pass through; idea that sperm cannot fertilise an egg;				
	(c) (i)	c) (i) human immunodeficiency virus ;				
	(ii)		nave sexual intercourse/wear a condom; sharing needles/not donating blood;		[max 1]	
7	(a) (i)		d; (both required)		[1]	
	(ii)		ne atom contains more protons, neutrons (and electine atom has more electrons shells than bromine;	rons) than bromine ;	[2]	
	(iii)	with beca iodir	ure becomes brown; one of the following ause iodine is produced; ne is displaced by chlorine; rine is more reactive than iodine;		[max 2]	
	` '	to kill harmful bacteria/microorganisms ; to make water safe (for humans) ;			[2]	
	bec	flask contains a mixture/chlorine and helium atoms have not bonded; because helium is noble gas/inert; (allow refs to filled electron shells in helium)		t bonded ;	[2]	
					[Total: 9]	

Page 6		6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2013	0653	22
8	(a) (i)	drivi	ng force forwards and friction forces backwards;		[1]
	(ii)		esistance/tyres on <u>road</u> /brakes ;		[1]
	(iii) equ		al and opposite ;		[1]
	(iv)	constant speed ;			[1]
	(v)	gravity/weight;			[1]
			ed = distance/time ; 0/25 = 16 m/s ;		[2]
	<b>(ii)</b> ki		tic;		[1]
	(iii)	grav	itational potential ;		[1]
					[Total: 9]
9	(a) (i)	prod	ucer;		[1]
	(ii)	carb	ohydrate/glucose/sugar/starch/other;		[1]
	(iii) energy (flow/t		gy (flow/transfer) ;		[1]
	(b) mo few	re mid er of	[2]		
	(c) carbon dioxide; methane;				[2]
					[Total:7]