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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2008 question paper

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 100

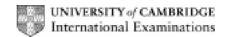
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2008 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



| 1 | (a) | | rnea, lens; nore pupil, humours) | [1] |
|---|-----|------|--|------------|
| | (b) | (i) | focuses/adjusts light/image; onto the retina; lens changes shape; ref to refraction/bending light; | [max 2] |
| | | (ii) | contains receptor/light sensitive cells; converts light energy to impulse in nerve (fibre); impulse sent to brain; | [max 2] |
| | (c) | (i) | abnormal choroid/blindness; | [1] |
| | | (ii) | gametes A and a; offspring AA and Aa; all normal/none have disease; (allow ecf) | [3] |
| | | | | [Total: 9] |
| 2 | (a) | | nsity = mass/volume; -0 / 35 = 1.14 g / cm ³ ; | [2] |
| | (b) | = 0 | mentum = mass x velocity; 0.04 x 40 .6 kg m/s; | [2] |
| | (c) | (i) | 60 N; | [1] |
| | | (ii) | work = force x distance; = 60 x 0.5 = 30 J; (allow ecf) | [2] |

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[Total: 7]

| 3 | (a) | (a) A/igneous; | | [1] |
|----------------------------|-----|----------------|--|------------|
| | (b) | (i) | sedimentary; | [1] |
| | | (ii) | (biological) roots; abrade rock surface; animals; abrade rock surface; | |
| | | | (physical) description of freeze/thaw; reference to ice expansion; description of thermal variation; expansion/contraction cause surface damage; particles carried by wind; abrade rock surface; | |
| | | | (chemical) (acidic) rain; | |
| | | | reacts with rock/dissolves rock; | [max 2] |
| | | (iii) | correct underlined from (ii) | [1] |
| | (c) | (i) | colloid; | [1] |
| | | (ii) | (incorrect) should be called a sol; emulsion is liquid in liquid / sol is name for solid in liquid; | [2] |
| | | (iii) | water contains (dissolved) sulphate (ions); | [1] |
| | | | | [Total: 9] |
| 4 | (a) | (i) | <pre>A = palisade (layer); B = (lower) epidermis;</pre> | [2] |
| | | (ii) | it has a cell wall; it has chloroplasts/chlorophyll; it has a vacuole/cell sap; it can photosynthesise; | [max 2] |
| | | (iii) | arrow drawn entering stoma; | [1] |
| | (h) | car | ries water (to the leaf); | |
| carries minerals; support; | | | [max 2] | |
| | | σuμ | γοιτ, | [Total: 7] |
| | | | | [10tai. 7] |

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Paper 02

Syllabus

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| | | J | IGCSE – May/June 2008 | 0654 | 02 |
|---|-----|-------|---|------------------|-------------|
| 5 | (a) | (i) | S on a horizontal portion; | | [1] |
| | | (ii) | goes faster/accelerates/accelerating; | | [1] |
| | (b) | (i) | number of waves (produced) per second; | | [1] |
| | | (ii) | dolphin; | | [1] |
| | | (iii) | dolphin; | | [1] |
| | (c) | = 1 | tance = speed x time; 500 x 0.2 = 300m; tance = 150m; | | [3] |
| | (d) | ber | aight lines with arrows; nding at surface; tering eye; | | [3] |
| | | | | | [Total: 11] |
| 6 | (a) | (i) | e.g. lithium is less dense; has higher melting point; is less malleable; is less reactive; | | [max 2] |
| | | (ii) | electron configuration 2,8 shown; | | [1] |
| | | (iii) | ions form by losing one electron/ions have one more protor | n than electron; | [1] |
| | (b) | (i) | magnesium sulphate; both soluble and ionic/electrolyte is a solution containing ion | ns; | [2] |
| | | (ii) | use different metals/materials for one or both of the electroduse different electrolyte; | des; | [max 1] |
| | | | | | [Total: 7] |
| 7 | (a) | (i) | May; | | [1] |
| | | (ii) | idea that it was lower (except in July) in 2003; idea that it peaked at different times; | | [2] |
| | (b) | (i) | plants use nitrate to make proteins; plants grow, larger/better/faster; higher yield/bigger crop; | | [max 2] |
| | | (ii) | add (nitrogen-containing) fertiliser; | | [1] |

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

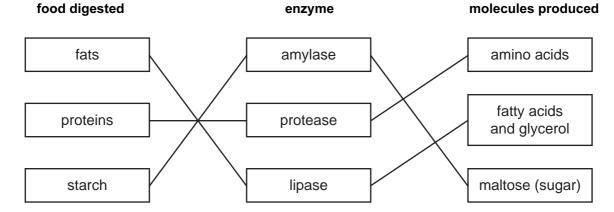
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| | | | | IGCSE – May/June 2008 | 0654 | 02 |
| | (c) | (i) | maiz | ze → cattle → people; | | [1] |
| | | (ii) | ener | rgy (flow); | | [1] |
| | (d) | dec | ompo | osers/named decomposer; | | |
| | (-) | rot t | the ro | oots/break them down/decomposes; on (by composers) releases carbon dioxide; | | [max 2] |
| | | 100 | on and | on (by compositio) releases calbert displace, | | [Total: 10] |
| | | | | | | [Total. To] |
| 8 | (a) | (i) | | nal bodywork attracted; I hole not attracted; | | [2] |
| | | (ii) | | tic filler is not magnetic | | [1] |
| | | ('' <i>)</i> (iii) | • | aluminium is not magnetic; | | |
| | | ` ' | | • | a danaa. | [1] |
| | , | (iv) | alum | ninium doesn't corrode/corrodes less than steel/less | s derise, | [1] |
| | (b) | | In a | SOLID . the particles are closer together | than in a <u>GAS</u> | |
| | | | The | forces of attraction between particles are stronger | in a SOLID tha | n in a GAS . |
| | | | Whe | en a SOLID is heated it will eventually tur | n into a liquid. | |
| | | | In a | SOLID , the particles can only vibrate and n | ot move. | |
| | | | Hea | at energy will travel through a <u>SOLID</u> by con | duction. | |
| | | | Hea | at energy will not travel through a SOLID by | convection. | |
| | | Any | ' two | correct 1 mark | | [4] |
| | | | | | | [Total: 9] |
| | | | | | | |
| 9 | (a) | mad | de fro | om once living material/millions of years to form; | | [1] |
| | (b) | carl | oon d | lioxide produced; | | |
| | | | | e to (excessive) global warming/enhanced greenho e to negative consequences of climate change; | use effect; | [max 2] |
| | | | | | | |
| | (c) | (i) | | water; s cloudy; | | [2] |
| | | (ii) | _ | er % of methane/more methane; | | |
| | | | meth | nane burns/other gases do not burn/contribute to he | eat output; | [2] |
| 10 | (a) | | | up reaction; | | [Total: 7] |
| | | with | out b | peing used up; | | [2] |

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(b)



1 mark for each correct enzyme;

[3]

(c) (i) passes through alimentary canal/named part of alimentary canal; egested;

as faeces;

through anus;

[max 2]

- (ii) prevents constipation/helps egestion/stimulates peristalsis/lower risk of bowel cancer; [1]
- (iii) fruit/named fruit/vegetables/named vegetable/breakfast cereal/grain/seeds/<u>brown</u> bread/ <u>brown</u> rice; [1]

[Total: 9]

11 (a) (i) C H O; (all three required)

- [1]
- (ii) covalent; [1]
- (b) (i) changing (the element) nitrogen in the air into nitrogen compounds/named nitrogen compound;
 extra detail, e.g. one way it occurs/reference to inert nitrogen being converted into useful compounds/nitrifying bacteria/Haber process/lightning;
 [2]
 - (ii) ammonia; [1]
 - (iii) sum of protons + neutrons = 14; reference to the nucleus; [2]
- (c) drugs/medicines;

dyes;

[2]

(accept named compounds)

[Total: 9]

12 (a) (i) ammeter;

[1]

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(ii)
$$M_2 = 1A$$
; [1]

(iii)
$$(R = R1 + R2)$$

= 3Ω ; [1]

(iv) power = voltage x current =
$$3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ W}$$
; [1]

[Total: 6]