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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

0653 and 0654 COMBINED SCIENCE AND CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0653/06 and 0654/06 Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



	Page 2				Mark Scheme	<u> </u>	Syllabus	Paper
					IGCSE - OCT/NOV	2006	0653 and 0654	06
1	(a)	67, 44 +/- 0.5°			[2]			
	(b)	(i)	poi	nts plotted o	chosen and axes labelle correctly (2) (allow 1 mis drawn (not joined by st	take in each curve)		[4]
		(ii)	air		nd A (1) cotton wool is a ore heat is lost (faster) (eat (1)	[3]
	(c)	identical test-tubes/same volume of water/same temperature /thermometers read at same times/same surroundings for the tubes (any three points)			[3]			
	(d)	oil is removed so water wets fur (1) AND therefore heat is lost (1) OR (air not trapped) no insulation (1)			[2]			
								[Total: 14]
2	(a)	12 mı	m, 6	33 mm:	17 mm, 60 mm (+/- 1	mm)		[4]
	(b)	(i)			nd labelled (1) points plo nwn cutting <i>y</i> -axis (1)	otted (+/- 1 mm) (1)		[3]
	(ii)	72 mm +/- 2 mm (or answer checked with candidate's graph) (allow answer derived from any line cutting <i>y</i> -axis on graph) no marks for answers in cm			[1]			
	(iii)	line c	orre	ectly drawn	(ecf) and point M labe	lled		[1]
	(c)	N is r	ot t	he centre of				
		one s	ide	of the card i	s heavier than the othe	r OWTTE		[1]
								[Total: 10]

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3 (a)

4

	sodium carbonate	ammonium chloride	aqueous ammonia
acid	V		\checkmark
base		V	
salt	V		√

		4 or 5 correct (2) 2 or 3 correct (1) 1 or 0 correct (0) (score is decreased by excess of ticks greater than 5)		
	(b)	solid B is an acid/carbon dioxide is given off by reaction with B /solid C contains a metal/ A is not an acid/other suitable conclusion		
	(c)	(i)	litmus (Universal Indicator)(paper) (1) is turned from red to blue(purple) (1) other suitable test for ammonia	[2]
		(ii)	solid A is a base (alkali)	[1]
	(d)	(i)	neutralisation/ammonia is neutralised/exothermic	[1]
		(ii)	(zinc or aluminium)(metal) hydroxide (essential) (metal need not be named for the mark)	[1]
	(e)	(i)	add barium chloride (nitrate) (or lead nitrate)	[1]
		(ii)	white solid/white precipitate seen	[1]
			[То	tal: 10]
Ļ	(a)	Clear outline of shapes and internal structure (1) seeds clearly shown (1)		
	(b)	(i)	eaten by animals (1) not digested/pass through gut and deposited in faeces (1) (accept other descriptions)	[2]
		(ii)	animals are attracted (1) by juicy(fleshy) fruit (NOT colour) (allow 1 mark for mention of large number of seeds) (mark parts (b)(i) and (ii) together)	[2]
			[T	otal: 6]

5	(a)	73, 97° C, (2) 67, 73 cm³ (2) no tolerance	[4]
	(b)	sensible scale chosen and axes labelled (1) points plotted (1) (+/- 1°C and 1 cm) straight line drawn (1)	[3]
	(c)	when heated molecules have more energy (1) molecules collide with walls (with each other) OWTTE with greater force (1) (reject "vibrate") pressure (volume) is raised (1) any 2 points (do not accept "molecules move faster therefore occupy more space")	[2]
	(d)	gas becomes liquid/gas condenses/sublimation/solid formed/change of state/phase change	
		(do not accept "molecules are frozen")	[1]
			[Total: 10]
6	(a)	52.5, 48.8, 47.3, 50.0 (must say 50.0) no tolerance	[4]
	(b)	B and C (1), D, A (in correct order) (1)	[2]
	(c)	C, B (in correct order) ecf from part (a)	[1]
	(d)	hydrocarbon will burn in air with a yellow(smoky) flame alcohol burns with a blue flame alcohol will react with conc. sulphuric acid alcohol will form an ester	
		other suitable suggestion (any 1)	[1]
	(e)	add silver nitrate solution (1), gives a white precipitate (1) OR yellow (orange) (1) flame test (1)	[2]
			[Total: 10]

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