## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

**0654/31** Paper 3

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 100

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Page 2			2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
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1	(a)	(i)	arro	w going from right to left ;		[1]		
		(ii)	cent		[1]			
		(iii)	<ul> <li>(A) carries/transmits, impulses/electrical signals/action potentials; (very) long; idea of connecting central nervous system with distant part of body; myelin speeds up (impulse/transmission);</li> </ul>					
			( <b>B</b> ) conr e.g. pass idea		[max 2]			
	(b)	(i)		es/contains, information/instructions;				
				naking proteins ; of hereditary material ;		[max 2]		
		(ii)	twice	e as much (in motor neurone) ;		[1]		
						[Total: 9]		
2	(a)	(i)	0.5 v	waves per second/0.5Hz ;		[1]		
		(ii)	•	itudinal – wave motion is in same direction as distur sverse – wave motion at right angles to disturbance	-	[2]		
	(b)			2 mv <sup>2</sup> ; ) × 12 × 12 = 3600 J ;		[2]		
	(c)	(i)		weight is determined by gravitational attraction of e at both points ;	a mass/gravity is the			
			yes	<ul> <li>weight is determined by gravitational attraction ends on height/distance between mass and centre</li> </ul>		[max 1]		
		(ii)		will be greater because, more potential energy con accelerating for longer/his speed is greater ;	onverted into KE/has	[max 1]		
	(d)	= 5	0 0 00	e mass × shc × <u>change in</u> temperature ; ) × 4 200 × 5 ;				
	= 1 050 000 000 J ;					[3]		
						[Total: 10]		

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3	( <b>a) (i)</b> spe	eds up reactions/provides lower activation energy ro	oute ;	[1]
	SO	ction (to make gases) is reversible ; reactants can never be fully used up/some prod ctants/some gases pass through without reacting ;	uct changes bac	k to [2]
	(iii) 2 S	$O_2 + O_2 \implies 2 SO_3$ ; (or correct multiple)		[1]
	(iv) sulf	ur dioxide ;		[1]
	three bo	shown in correct atoms ; nd pairs around central atom ; r correctly shown and no others ;		[3]
		culate M <sub>r</sub> of ammonium nitrate = (14 × 2) + (1 × 4) + ( culate mass of 0.1 moles = 0.1 × 80 = 8g ;	(16 × 3)/80 ;	[2]
	(ii) NO <sub>3</sub> refe	$_3^-$ ; rence to charge balance given 1:1 ratio of ions ;		[2] [Total: 12]
4	radiation	<u>ion</u> from filament to filament support/gas ; <u>n</u> from filament (to the materials of the lamp) ; <u>on</u> of the (noble) gas ;		[3]
	(b) (60 − 54 = 10 % ;	•		[2]
		reases ; onstant (minimum) value ;		[2]
	<b>(ii)</b> 0.2(	0)A;		[1]
	• • •	ver = voltage × current ; × 0.20 = 46 W ;		[2]
	(d) 1/R = 1/ = 1/1000	R1 + 1/R2 ; ) + 1/2000 ;		
		$0/3 = 666.7 \Omega;$		[3]
				[Total: 13]

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5 (a) (i)		nents contain one type of <u>atom</u> /carbon is listed in the pounds contain more than one, type of atom/elem					
(ii)	<ul> <li>(ii) (both have a) giant structure/or good attempt to describe ; so large numbers of bonds to break (which needs energy) ; (all these) bonds are strong ;</li> </ul>						
(iii)	diam	nond is hard <u>er</u> /has stron <u>ger</u> bonds, than sapphires	/rubies ;	[1]			
(b) (i)	the i	dea of attraction between opposite charges ;		[1]			
(ii)	(ii) $Al^{3+}$ gain and $O^{2-}$ lose electrons; $Al^{3+}$ gains three and $O^{2-}$ loses two electrons ; some relevant maths ; (e.g. so if six electrons then number of $Al$ atoms is $6 \div 3 = 2$ )						
				[Total: 10]			

6 (a)

enzyme	one site of production	substrate	product
amylase	salivary glands	starch	maltose
protease/trypsin /pepsin	stomach/pancreas (see note below)	proteins	amino acids
lipase	pancreas	fats/lipids	fatty acids and glycerol

	note	: if protease given, allow <b>either</b> stomach or pancreas if trypsin, <b>must</b> be pancreas if pepsin, <b>must</b> be stomach mark for any two correct ;;;;	[4]
(b)	incr goo	long/coiled ; eased surface area ; d blood supply/good capillary system ; thin wall ;	[max 2]
(c)	(i)	hepatic portal vein ;	[1]
	(ii)	urea ;	[1]
	(iii)	kidneys ;	[1]

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	(d)	(i)	-	ucose, cells would take up water by osmosis ; burst ;		[2]
		(ii)	resp gluc	nergy ; iration ; ose oxidised/glucose combined with oxygen ;		
			for n	novement/other named use of energy ;		[max 3]
						[Total: 14]
7	(a)	(1/2	× 5 ×	may be shown on graph/idea of area under graph ; 8) + (15 × 8) + ( $\frac{1}{2}$ × 5 × 8) ;		
		= 1	60 m	;		[3]
	(b)			nass × acceleration ; .5 = 105N ;		[2]
	(c)		•	ower × time ; 5 = 3000 J ;		[2]
	(d)	(wa ref.	iter) c attra	nsferred into (water) particles (from surroundings) ; changes from liquid to gas ; ction between particles in the liquid ; noving/more energetic, particles escape ;		
		(escape) at surface/ref. to process happening at temperature below boiling point; average energy of rest of particles reduced/heat removed from liquid;				
			-			[Total: 10]
8	(a)	( <b>C</b> )	high	density and (high) electrical conductivity ;		[1]
	(b)	(i)	delo	calised electrons/sea of electrons/the outer shell el	ectrons ;	[1]
		<ul> <li>(ii) diagram shows atoms of two different sizes ; words or diagram imply layer structure disrupted ; atoms of different size prevent layers of the other atoms from sliding ; the idea that more force needed to move layers/atoms ;</li> </ul>				[max 3]
	(c)	the	idea	dea that cell voltage is related to relative metal react that the greater the difference in reactivity the greater difference between Cu and Zn is greater than betw	eater the voltage/the	e [2]

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	(d) (i)	<ul> <li>(d) (i) 2CO + 2NO → 2CO<sub>2</sub> + N<sub>2</sub> (formulae + balanced) ;; (allow one mark for CO + NO → CO<sub>2</sub> + N)</li> <li>(ii) reference to increased rate of reaction ;</li> <li>(iii) greenhouse effect/global warming/climate change ; much carbon dioxide (in exhausts)/carbon dioxide not reduced by converters/carbon dioxide made in converter ;</li> </ul>							[2]
	(ii)								[1]
	(iii)								[2]
		COIIV	enters/car			II COnverte	<b>;</b> ,		[2]
									[Total: 12]
9	(a) (i)			(all	bamboo r golden lion ta trees / nectal ow if in separa connections o	marins r / fruit ate boxes)			vino
		corre	-		-	boxes ar	d with con	nections to tama	arins [3]
	<i>/</i> ···		-	-					[0]
	(11)	ref. to	o one way	/ in wh	the food chair hich energy is s energy for, t	lost ;	ors/at end o	of food chain ;	[2]
	(b) (i)	furthe	est distand	ce froi	from tree/v.v m tree is 400 r 31% of faeces	n ;	d within 50 n	n of tree ;	[max 2]
	(ii)	less exan	less competition (for seedlings) away from parent tree ; example of factor competed for (e.g. light, water, soil nutrients) ;						
		neih			aitas ,				[max 3]
									[Total: 10]