## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

**0654/62** Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0654	62	
1	(a) (i)	) (i) length of holly leaf measured as 68 to 69; magnification = ×1.5;				
	(ii)	holly gras	y leaf has branched veins/grass has parallel veins; y leaf has spikes; ss leaf relatively longer/narrower; ss leaf does not have a stalk;			
		_	other correct <b>visible</b> comparative (not thick/thin);		[max 2]	
	(b) (i)	faste	er diffusion of CO <sub>2</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub> present inside leaf;		[1]	
	(ii)	(mo	re) stomata/pores on lower surface ;		[1]	
	(iii)		er surface less exposed to sun/heat; ess transpiration/evaporation/water loss;		[2]	
	(vi)		ss leaf shows bubbling from both surfaces/ORA ; ause stomata/pores both on upper and lower surfac	ces ;	[2]	
					[Total: 10]	
_	<i>(</i> ) <i>(</i> )	0.5				
2	(a) (i)		legrees ; legrees ;		[2]	
	(ii)	0.57 0.77			[2]	
	(b) (i)	strai	its correctly plotted ± half square (allow 1 error); ight line drawn (line crosses at 100 max 2);		[2]	
			ending to sine $\theta = 1.00$ ;		[3]	
	(ii)	mas	ss = 104 g (or as candidate's graph) ;		[1]	
	(iii)	fricti	ion;		[1]	
	(c) (the res		ults should be the same) because gravity acts equall	y (on all three	[1]	
					[Total: 10]	
3		s <i>ervat</i> s pops	tions: bubbling is seen ; s;			
	сог	conclusion: hydrogen ;				
	<b>(b)</b> red	OR r	red-brown <b>OR</b> brown ; (reject yellow)		[1]	
	(c) (i)	gree	en;		[1]	

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0654	62		
	(ii)		ervation: green ; function: iron( $\underline{II}$ ) hydroxide ;		[2]		
	<b>(d)</b> whi	white precipitate ;					
	<b>(e)</b> ma	e) magnesium, zinc ;					
	<b>(f)</b> Fe0	(f) FeCl <sub>3</sub> ;					
					[Total: 10]		
4	(a) (i)	(dark	c colours) would interfere with ability to see colour c	change/owtte;	[1]		
	(ii)	(ii) flower C because anthers/stigma/are long or hanging outside plant/feathery stigma/pollen easily blown;					
	(b) (i)	filter	I up flower with water ; or decant (to separate extract from flower material) Benedict's solution to extract) heat in hot water bat		[3]		
	(ii)	mass volur	e volume of water ; s (etc) of flowers ; me of Benedicts solution ; e heating ;		[max 2]		
	(iii)	СВ	3 D A;		[1]		
	eitl slia fea imp or slia	slide 2 insect pollinated (no mark)					
		feature sculptured surface; importance helps pollen to attach to insect;					
					[Total: 10]		
5	(a) 30°	° = 13,	42° = 26, 49° = 37 (all 3 for 1 mark);		[1]		
	all		scale chosen, both axes labelled; plotted correctly (half square tolerance); wn;		[3]		

Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – October/November 2012	0654	62
	(c)	(i)	the bubbles will come too quickly for the marks to be made (accurately);			[1]
		(ii)	parti more	[2]		
	(d)	(i)	carbon dioxide (or carbonic acid) + calcium hydroxide $\rightarrow$ calcium carbonate + water ;;			
			(all four correctly named 2 marks; two or three correctly named 1 mark)		named 1 mark)	[max 2]
		(ii)	calci	ium carbonate is insoluble in water ;		[1]
						[Total: 10]
6	(a)	(i)	113.	6g;		[1]
		(ii)	37.8	g;		[1]
	/l=\	/:\	01 0	3 .		[4]
	(b)	(1)	91 cr	m <sup>-</sup> ;		[1]
		(ii)	41 cr	m <sup>3</sup> ;		[1]
	(c)		nsity = mass/volume or 37.8/41; 0.9(2) g/cm <sup>3</sup> (ecf) ;			[2]
	(d)	hex	xane is not as dense as ice ; xane melts at a temperature lower than -5 °C ; xane does not dissolve/react with ice ;			[max 2]
	(e)	(i)		loats on the surface <b>AND</b> the polar bears can walk under the ice/other suitable answer;	on it/so that fish car	n [1]
		(ii)		polar ice may melt <b>AND</b> the habitat of the royed/they may drown/other suitable answer;	polar bear will be	e [1]

[Total: 10]