## ACCOUNTING

ACC6

# Unit 6 Published Accounts of Limited Companies and Accounting Standards 

Friday 15 June $2007 \quad 9.00$ am to 10.15 am

For this paper you must have:

- an answer book for Accounting.

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

## Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The Examining Body for this paper is AQA. The Paper Reference is ACC6.
- Answer all questions.
- All workings must be shown and clearly labelled; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Make and state any necessary assumptions.
- Do all rough work in the answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.


## Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 105 .

Five of these marks will be awarded for using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- Question 3 is the synoptic question which assesses your understanding of the relationship between the different aspects of Accounting.

The share capital and reserves sections from the balance sheets of two companies are shown below.

|  | Rites plc <br> $\mathbf{£ 0 0 0}$ | Bonus plc |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Share capital and reserves | 4000 | $\mathbf{£ 0 0 0}$ |
| Issued ordinary shares of 25p each | 5000 | 2000 |
| Share premium account | 3000 | 5000 |
| Revaluation reserve | $\underline{256}$ | 3000 |
| Profit and loss account | $\underline{12256}$ | $\underline{256}$ |
|  | $\underline{10256}$ |  |

Immediately after these balance sheet extracts were prepared, the following occurred.
(1) The directors of Rites plc declared a rights issue of ordinary shares on the basis of one share for every two held at a premium of 10 p per share. The rights issue was fully subscribed.
(2) The directors of Bonus plc restructured the balance sheet by making a bonus issue on the basis of four shares for every one held. The directors maintained the reserves in their most distributable form.

## REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the share capital and reserves section of the balance sheet of Rites plc to show the effect of the rights issue.
(b) Prepare the share capital and reserves section of the balance sheet of Bonus plc to show the effect of the bonus issue.
(10 marks)

## Total for this question:

2

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## REQUIRED

(a) Identify and explain two reasons why public limited companies publish their accounts.
(6 marks)
(b) Explain, with reference to FRS 10, the general accounting treatment of intangible assets and also the specific treatment of the Kronenbourg brand in Extract 1.
(8 marks)
(c) Explain why, in Extract 2, a company can declare a dividend payment despite incurring a loss.
(d) Outline, with reference to FRS 15, the accounting treatment of fixed assets and explain the depreciation policies of UK COAL PLC given in Extract 2.

Harry and Jim are the only shareholders of Ston Ltd. The business is run by the manager, Mr Woodward.

Harry and Jim have just received the final accounts of Ston Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2006. They are concerned about the performance of the business. Despite the company making a profit, and Harry and Jim investing more capital in the business, the balance sheet shows that the company's bank balance has fallen from £16 700 at 31 December 2005 to an overdraft of $£ 20$ at 31 December 2006.

The following information is available.
Liquidity ratios at 31 December 2005
Current ratio 1.57:1
Acid test ratio 1.36:1
Debtors' collection period 45 days
Stock turnover $\quad 7.5$ times

Summarised profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2006

|  | $\mathbf{£}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Turnover | 120000 |
| Cost of sales | 40000 |
| Gross profit | 80000 |
| Operating expenses | $\underline{60482}$ |
| Net profit | $\underline{19518}$ |

The information continues on the next page

## Balance sheets at 31 December at 31 Decen

| Balance sheets | $\begin{gathered} \text { at } 31 \text { December } \\ 2006 \\ £ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { at } 31 \text { Decen } \\ 2005 \\ \mathfrak{£} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed assets | 188250 | 186500 |
| Current assets |  |  |
| Stock | 8760 | 5600 |
| Debtors | 24528 | 18780 |
| Bank |  | 16700 |
|  | 33288 | 41080 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year |  |  |
| Creditors | 13500 | 18080 |
| Proposed dividends | 2000 | 4000 |
| Taxation | 2000 | 4000 |
| Bank | 20 |  |
|  | 17520 | 26080 |
| Net current assets | 15768 | 15000 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 204018 | 201500 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year |  |  |
| Bank loans | 31000 | 69000 |
| Net assets | 173018 | 132500 |
| Share capital and reserves |  |  |
| Ordinary shares of $£ 1$ each fully paid | 120000 | 100000 |
| Share premium | 20000 | 15000 |
| Profit and loss account | 33018 | 17500 |
|  | 173018 | 132500 |

## REQUIRED

(a) Calculate the following ratios for the year ended 31 December 2006. State the formulae used.
(i) Gross profit margin
(ii) Net profit margin
(iii) Return on capital employed
(iv) Current ratio
(v) Acid test ratio
(vi) Debtors' collection period
(vii) Stock turnover.
(b) Calculate the gearing ratios at 31 December 2005 and at 31 December 2006. State the formula used.

## Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2006

| Net cash flow from operating activities | $\mathbf{£}$ | 21780 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Returns on investment and servicing of finance <br> Interest paid | $(3500)$ |  |
| Taxation | $(4000)$ |  |
| Capital expenditure and financial investment <br> Payment to acquire fixed assets | $\underline{(14000)}$ |  |
| Equity dividends paid <br> Cash flow before the use of liquid resources <br> Financing <br> Issue of share capital <br> Repayment of loans | $\underline{(3800)}$ |  |
| Decrease in cash | $\underline{(13000)}$ |  |

## REQUIRED

(c) Write a report to Harry and Jim:
(i) analysing the cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2006; (9 marks)
(ii) assessing the financial performance of the business, using the ratios given and those calculated in (a) and (b).
(20 marks)

## END OF QUESTIONS

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