

9778 Pre-U Mandarin Chinese: Minimum Core Vocabulary

CORE VOCABULARY for past Principal Subject topic areas

The vocabulary for past topics is provided as a reference point for teachers.

The past topics are:

Tourism (last examination in 2013)

Urban & Rural Life (last examination in 2014)

The environment (last examination in 2018)

The Environment (环境) : PAST TOPIC FOR REFERENCE

安静	ān jìng	quiet
超额	chāo é	above quota
吵	chǎo	to argue; noisy
慈善机构	cí shàn jī gòu	charity
储存	chǔ cún	to store up, to keep in reserve
处理	chǔ lǐ	to dispose of, to handle, to deal with
地震	dì zhèn	earthquake
地球	dì qiú	the Earth; globe
废物	fèi wù	waste material, trash
分类	fēn lèi	to classify
干净	gān jìng	clean (adj.)
干燥	gān zào	dry (adj.)
刮风	guā fēng	windy
河	hé	river
和平	hé píng	peace
呼吸	hū xī	to breathe; breath
湖	hú	lake
环保	huán bǎo	environmental protection
环境	huán jìng	environment; surroundings
回收	huí shōu	to retrieve, to recover, to reclaim; to recycle
节约	jié yuē	frugal; mindful of; to save
救援	jiù yuán	to rescue
空气	kōng qì	air
垃圾	lā jī	rubbish; garbage

联合国	lián hé guó	United Nations
绿化	lǜ huà	to make (a place) green by planting trees, flowers, etc.
能源	néng yuán	energy resources
暖化	nuǎn huà	warming
排污	pái wū	to get rid of waste water
气候	qì hòu	climate; weather
气温	qì wēn	air temperature; atmospheric temperature
缺乏	quē fá	to lack, to be short of
森林	sēn lín	forest
山	shān	hill
生态	shēng tài	ecology
收集	shōu jí	to collect, to gather
树	shù	tree
树林	shù lín	woods
塑料	sù liào	plastic
损失	sǔn shī	to lose
危机	wēi jī	crisis
雾	wù	fog
污染	wū rǎn	to pollute; pollution
污水	wū shuǐ	waste water
下雪	xià xuě	to snow
下雨	xià yǔ	to rain
阴	yīn	(of the weather) overcast, cloudy
阴天	yīn tiān	overcast
云	yún	cloud
运输	yùn shū	(v./n.) transport
灾害	zāi hài	disaster, calamity
噪音	zào yīn	noise
综合	zōng hé	to synthesise
作用	zuò yòng	effect

Tourism (旅游): PAST TOPIC FOR REFERENCE

保险	bǎo xiǎn	insurance
场所	chǎng suǒ	place, arena
长途	cháng tú	long-distance
出境	chū jìng	leave a country
传说	chuán shuō	legend
古迹	gǔ jì	historic site, place of historic interest
观光	guān guāng	go sightseeing, visit, tour
航线	háng xiàn	air or shipping line, route, course
接待	jiē dài	receive, admit
门票	mén piào	entrance ticket
民俗	mín sú	folk custom
入境	rù jìng	enter a country
山地	shān dì	mountainous region, hilly area
事故	shì gù	accident
特色	tè sè	characteristic, distinguishing feature
天然	tiān rán	natural
文明	wén míng	civilization
吸引	xī yǐng	attract
吸引力	xī yǐng lì	attraction
消费	xiāo fèi	consume
休闲	xīu xiān	leisure
意外	yì wài	(adj.) unexpected; (n.) accident
游客	yóu kè	tourist, sightseer, visitor

Urban & Rural Life (城乡生活) : PAST TOPIC FOR REFERENCE

处境	chù jìng	unfavorable situation, plight
措施	cuò shī	measure, step

繁华	fán huá	flourishing, bustling, busy
繁荣	fán róng	prosperous, booming
范围	fàn wéi	scope, limits, range
公民	gōng mín	citizen
和睦	hé mù	harmony, in amity with
和谐	hé xié	harmony, concord
获得	huò dé	gain, obtain, achieve
经营	jīng yín	manage, run
贫穷	pín kùn	poor, needy, impoverished
贫困	pín qióng	poor, impoverished, in straitened circumstances
品位	pǐn wèi	grade
权利	quán lì	right
权力	quán lì	power, authority
人类	rén lèi	mankind, humanity
生存	shēng cún	live, exist
时代	shí dài	times, age, era; a period in one's life
市民	shì mín	residents of a city, townspeople
时期	shí qī	period
收获	shōu huò	harvest, gains
推进	tuī jìn	carry forward, push on
外资	wài zī	foreign capital
现实	xiàn shí	reality, actuality
乡镇	xiāng zhèn	small town
小城镇	xiǎo chéng zhèn	small town
医疗	yī liáo	medical treatment
优惠	yōu huì	preferential, favorable
政策	zhèng cè	policy
质量	zhì liàng	quality
住房	zhù fáng	housing
自来水	zì lái shuǐ	tap water